This Is the Only Sunday Paper Published in Colorado Springs. If You Don't Read It You Miss Today's News.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE WEATHER
Thunderstorms and cooler Sunday, Monday fair.

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NEITHER SIDE CAN CONQUER

THOUGHTFUL CUBANS BELIEVE TROUBLE WILL CONTINUE INDEFINITELY.

INSURRECTION GROWING CONSTANTLY UNPREJUDICED LOOK TO UNITED STATES FOR RELIEF.

HAVANA, Sept. 1.—"Neither side can whip the other" is the concise statement now heard everywhere in Havana and it may also be fairly construed to be the growing conviction of thoughtful persons throughout the island. In Havana, at least, this conviction has led among all unprejudiced persons to expressions of an ardent hope that the prerogative of the Platt amendment will soon be utilized by the United States for the purpose of effectually putting an end to a condition that everybody believes is otherwise bound to grow more and more intolerable.

Nobody appears to believe that the insurgents will take Havana, although this is not regarded as impossible, especially when it is considered that co-operation in such a movement assuredly would come from within. Everybody concedes that the government troops can continue their record of victories in almost all open fights with the insurgents, but how the government, with the forces now at its command, and in view of the small number of enlistements, ever can prevail against its enemies who fight in the same old guerrilla way, is a conundrum which nobody pretends to solve.

That the insurrection is growing constantly is undeniably evidenced every day, and the decree of pardon recently extended by the government has brought no appreciable change in the situation.

One of the few Americans who joined the insurgent ranks came into Havana tonight. He has been a farmer in Cuba for several years past and, presumably is a reliable source of information. He informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that the 15,000 insurgents now south of Artemisa in scattered parties shortly will concentrate with others from the vicinity of Guanajay with the intention of capturing both Artemisa and Guanajay, and holding the entire width of eastern Pinar Del Rio province. They will thus control the [illegible] far [illegible], than did the [illegible] in the [illegible] of the famous [illegible], and at [illegible] the same point. The insurgents already have [illegible] Cabanas and [illegible] Honda on the north coast of Pinar Del Rio province, and according to conservative statements they have 75 per cent of the people of that district with them.

Vice President Mendez Capote, who is reported to be at odds with President Palma concerning the conduct of the war, and who is also alleged to favor a compromise with the rebels by giving them a share in the patronage and participation in the cabinet, said tonight:

"I have been maliciously charged with various crimes during the last fortnight, including conspiracy. You may emphatically deny all such falsehoods. I am with the president in everything he undertakes and intend to co-operate with him in crushing this disturbance. My relations with him have always been cordial, and the reported quarrel is absolutely untrue.

"I was at the [illegible] shore, 24 hours outside the reach of the news, when the rebellion broke out. Immediately upon receiving word I notified President Palma that I would return and arrived in Havana one day later. The vice president has no active executive functions when the senate is in recess, and my activity [illegible] limited to placing myself under the president's orders.

"I believe the United States will be only too pleased to see us solve our difficulties," added Senor Mendez Capote. "I do not believe that country is anxious for a pretext for occupation. I have perfect confidence in a fair interpretation of the Platt amendment by President Roosevelt."

The situation in eastern Cuba is better than reported Friday night.

Matanzas is comparatively quiet. Large bands of insurgents continue to roam in Havana province.

Pino Guerrera's forces in Pinar Del Rio have divided into small parties and are eluding the troops with the utmost ease, while constantly watching their movements. Guerrera himself camped today near Cayucos.

Business throughout the island is practically dead, and no persons more earnestly hope for American intervention than the Spanish merchants. Many Cubans have a similar desire, but this is tempered with pride.

A few leaders of both political parties suggested this evening as a solution of the trouble that the senators and representatives sign an agreement that a special session of congress shall pass acts granting amnesty to the rebels, providing for municipal elections within 60 days and a new general election providing minority representation in all branches of the national and municipal governments.

ENGINEER G. R. FREY IS KILLED IN WRECK ON THE BURLINGTON

WRAY, Colo., Sept. 1.—A wreck occurred today on the Burlington passenger train No. 2 at Schramm, 24 miles west of here. Engineer G. R. Frey was killed, but none of the passengers were injured.

The cause of the wreck is not certainly known, but it is believed that a portion of a freight train broke away from the main train on a switch, and rolled onto the main track just before the [illegible] train arrived and a collision [illegible].

JUSTICE WILL BE METED OUT

DISTRICT ATTORNEY BELL EXPECTED TO CAUSE ARREST OF WRECKERS.

DIRECTORS, OFFICIALS AND CLERKS OF FAILED TRUST COMPANY CALLED BEFORE RECEIVER.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.—Justice is to be meted out to the men responsible, with Frank K. Hipple, the suicide president of the Real Estate Trust company, for the collapse of that institution. Announcement was made tonight that the evidence so far unearthed by Receiver Earle had been turned over to District Attorney Bell, who is expected to cause the arrest of the wreckers. The names of the men under suspicion were not made public.

Since his appointment, Receiver Earle has maintained that it could not have been possible for President Hipple to entangle the trust company's affairs without the knowledge of others connected with the institution. Acting on this impression, he has been persistent in his efforts to discover evidence of collusion. Directors, officials and clerks of the company were called before Mr. Earle today. It was after 6 o'clock when he concluded this part of his investigation, and then for two hours District Attorney Bell was in Mr. Earle's office.

The announcement that the evidence had been placed in the district attorney's hands followed.

This development came after Mr. Earle had engaged John G. Johnson as counsel, to render an opinion as to the responsibility for the failure of the company.

Among the men who appeared before the receiver were four directors, who are said to have heard of Hipple's heavy loans to Adolph Segal at least several weeks ago. Treasurer North, who was supposed to approve all the loans by the trust company and Theodore Prosser, the company's real estate officer, who was supposed to approve the mortgages offered by Segal as security for his loans, were also examined.

"The deeper I get into the thing the worse it looks," said Receiver Earle. "The trust funds, which I had thought intact, have been tampered with and [illegible] taken. But the [illegible] is distributed through [illegible] the bank had in [illegible], and the loss will not be heavy on any individual."

Mr. Hipple's desk was opened, and in it was found a statement by Horace Hill, the company's auditor, which Mr. Earle says is materially different from the statement Mr. Hill gave him.

FIRE ON BOARD SHIP.

ST. VINCENT, Cape Verde, Sept. 1—The British ship, W[illegible] Castle, in charge of Captain Owen, from Liverpool August 17 for San Francisco, put in here today with fire in her cargo. The fire was extinguished. The damage done is not known.

PRESENT GERMAN EMPEROR MEDALS

AMERICANS ATTEND SEDAN CELEBRATION AND PRESENT AWARDS OF ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

BERLIN, Sept. 1.—The annual parade of troops, in celebration of Sedan day, took place today before Emperor William, on Tempelhof field, in splendid weather. Many Americans attending, including General Thomas H. Barry and the party of American officers were invited by the emperor to be present at the annual maneuvers.

Ambassador Tower took General Barry to the parade ground in his carriage. Among the other non-resident Americans present were Herman Ridder of New York; Charles R. F[illegible] of New York; Major John H. H[illegible], U. S. A., retired, and Mrs. [illegible] of Santa Barbara, Cal.

General Barry and his aide, Lieutenant Commander William L. Howard, the naval attache of the American embassy, and several other Americans attended the annual military banquet this evening on invitation of Emperor William. Mr. Haldane, British war secretary, was also present.

There was a gala performance at the theater after the dinner. Mr. Francis, at the request of the emperor, arrived at the palace 20 minutes before dinner time in order to present the medals and diplomas awarded to the emperor in recognition of his services for the St. Louis exposition.

His majesty expressed his great admiration for the medal and diplomas and praised the design and the execution of the work. He said he would treasure them in the family archives. He also expressed the hope that Germany's participation in the exposition not only would increase trade between the two countries, but promote good feeling between the peoples.

The emperor said he was gratified to learn that the people of the United States took so much interest in him, and regretted that it was impossible for him to visit America. The gold medal presented to the emperor is a massive affair, designed by Weinman, and struck at the Philadelphia mint. The other medal is bronze and was presented to the empress in recognition of her charity work.

After the dinner Emperor William engaged General Barry and General Duvall in a long conversation.

Mr. Francis will leave here tomorrow for Vienna. He [illegible] an audience with Emperor Francis Josef between [illegible] September 5 and [illegible]

DRYDEN TROPHY IS WON BY N. J.

REVOLVER TEAM MATCH WON WITH EASE BY SQUADRON A, OF NEW YORK

SEAGIRT, Sept. 1.—In the [illegible] shooting [illegible] the principal event was the Dryden trophy match, which was won by New Jersey. The District of Columbia led through the first two stages, but New Jersey did better work at the long range 1,000 yards and captured the trophy. The revolver team match was won with ease by Squadron A, of New York. In the other competition, the press match, Lieutenant Warren H. Smith of the Cleveland Leader proved the victor.

Twenty-three teams competed in the Dryden match. Each team consisted of eight men who fired ten shots at each range of 800, 600 and 1000 yards. The rules of the national match were followed. New Jersey will hold the trophy, presented by Senator Dryden and valued at $4,000, for one year, and receives a cash prize of $150. The District of Columbia takes second prize, $100, and the third prize, $50, was taken by the cavalrymen of the United States army.

The totals of the leading teams follow: New Jersey, 991; District of Columbia, 959; United States cavalry, 946. Other scores included: Washington, first team, 915; Washington, second team, 889; Montana, 881; California, 836.

In the revolver championship match, open to teams of five, each man fired fifteen shots, deliberate fire, in a time limit of one shot per minute and fifteen shots in three strings of five shots each, fired in the time limit of ten seconds for each string. First prize included a trophy, medals for the team members and $25; second prize, $20, and third prize, $10.

Squadron A, of New York, scored as follows: Deliberate fire, 603; rapid fire 307; total, 910. Second prize was won by Battery A, New Jersey, total 782, and third prize by a team from the Kansas National guard, total 604. In the individual revolver match, in which there were twenty-seven entries, the first prize winner was J. A. Dietz, New York.

PANAMA IS ON FRIENDLY TERMS WITH NEIGHBORS

PANAMA ASSEMBLY CONVENES IN PRESENCE OF DIPLOMATIC CORPS [illegible] ARIAS [illegible].

PANAMA, Sept. 1.—In the presence of the diplomatic corps, including United States Minister Magoon and foreign consular officers, the Panama assembly was convened today. Tomas Arias was elected president of the assembly.

In his message, President Amador said cordial relations exist between Panama and all countries except Colombia, which has not yet recognized the republic. The president said Panama's relations with the canal zone governments are harmonious, due to the tact of Governor Magoon.

The message recommended the creation of two special diplomatic missions to visit Europe, and the Latin-American countries to make friends for Panama, and to arrange commercial treaties. The message gave an account of the development in public works instruction, telegraph, etc., and said the sanitary conditions in Panama were superior to those in many cities of the continent. It praised the sanitation work by the American government. The message also recommended special laws to stimulate immigration of agriculturists.

In announcing President Roosevelt's intended visit to the canal zone, President Amador [illegible] to Roosevelt, that indefatiguable struggler for humanity's progress and welfare, who has initiated a new era of fraternity and union between the American republics."

VILLAGE OF MANUAL, MEXICO, IS FLOODED

GUANAJUATO, Mexico, Sept. 1.—It is reported here that the village of Manual Doblato has almost been wiped out by floods resulting from the torrential rains. More than 20 houses have collapsed. One old man is reported dead. Communication with the district is interrupted.

THINKS "SHERIDAN" CAN BE SAVED

HONOLULU, Sept. 1.—The effort to float the transport Sheridan at high tide today resulted in failure. A discouraging report comes from the wreck. The steamer is reported to be leaking. The ultimate saving of the vessel is dependent upon weather. The Sheridan is lying in such a position that a southerly storm would quickly smash her on the sharp rocks. According to the statements of passengers who have arrived here, there was much alarm when the Sheridan's steam pipe burst after the vessel stranded. All state rooms were immediately filled with steam and thinking the vessel was afire, the passengers rushed out in their night dresses in great confusion.

Captain Peabody thinks that the vessel was carried out of her course by a phenomenal current, as her course was set for more than four miles off land. He is confident that the V[illegible] will be [illegible]

BOTH FACTIONS CLAIM VICTORY

INCOMPLETE RETURNS FROM DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES WARMLY CONTESTED.

DOYLE SAYS "REGULARS" ALREADY CAN COUNT ON 67 VOTES, WHILE BURNS CLAIMS 80 OUT OF 110.

The Democratic primaries for the election of delegates to the county convention, to be held at the county court house, Colorado Springs, Saturday, September 8, were held yesterday, and in several districts were warmly contested. Two tickets were placed in nearly all of the city districts, one by the so-called "regular," or Doyle, faction, and the other by the faction led by James F. Burns, who claims that the method of holding the primaries was irregular and not in accordance with the rules and regulations of the party organization.

With several city precincts to hear from last night, both factions were claiming a signal victory. Chairman William E. Doyle, of the Democratic county committee, said that the returns indicated that the "regulars" would have a safe majority in the county convention. He stated that of the districts reporting, 67 would support him in the convention, and that Burns would probably have 33. Colorado City, Chairman Doyle said, could be counted in the "regular" column, but he made no claim for Manitou. The country districts would be solid for the "regular" ticket, he said.

James F. Burns last night claimed that he would have 80 out of the 110 delegates elected in the city precincts. He said that Manitou would be solid for his ticket, and that the country districts were doubtful. Mr. Burns was elected a delegate from his precinct, where there was a lively contest, by a majority of 2 votes.

The hottest contests of the day took place in Precinct 2 of the Fifth ward, and in Precinct 3 of the Fourth ward. In the former precinct the vote stood: Doyle ticket, 55; Burns ticket, 20. In the third precinct of Ward 4 the vote was: Doyle ticket, 53; Burns, 16. No figures were given out for the other districts.

Protests were filed with Chairman Doyle last night, setting forth that the method of holding the primaries was irregular. Robert Jardine and William F. Jardine were the signers of the protest from Ward 1, Precinct 4, and S. T. Johnson and O. H. Hill that from Ward 5, Precinct 2. It was asserted that it was probable that a protest would be filed from every precinct.

Following is the list of delegates elected at the primaries, as far as reported last night:

First Ward—Precinct 1: A. C. Fatrick, P. A. Morath; Precinct 2, James F. Burns, Roscoe Ady; Precinct 3, John Quick, W. C. Dailey, J. C. Hall.

Second Ward—Precinct 1, C. P. Smith, Charles Rafield; Precinct 2, James Bussey, Daniel Jardine, Alva Stockwell, Wallace Peck; Precinct 3, Murat Masterson, Henry C. Cassidy, C. L. Hokasson.

Third Ward—Precinct 2, E. W. Riggs, George Schaaf, Ben Miller; Precinct 3, W. E. Doyle, W. J. Chinn, John Sillington; Precinct 4, D. H. Sullivan, Alfred Johnson, O. H. Becky, [illegible] Cohen; Precinct 5, W. P. Meyer, W. Alsbury, L. G. Spinney.

Fourth Ward—Precinct 1, J. H. White, J. H. Williams, R. J. Fahey, H. L. Bishop; Precinct 3, Van E. Rouse, W. C. Jones, H. H. Jones, M. Ackerman; Precinct 4, John De Fries, A. T. Johnson, H. C. Henderson.

Fifth Ward—Precinct 1, L. M. Peck, M. O. Oldfield, Walter A. Kennedy; Precinct 2, Charles D. Robbins, Mrs. Julia A. Everett, M. A. Skinner, Lem Mummah, C. M. Leseter; Precinct 3, E. D. Long, Fred Darling, [illegible] T. Tienken; Precinct 4, John T[illegible], Esch. Esch, J. O'Connor.

Sixth Ward—Precinct 1, B. F. Smith, Mrs. Grace Pepper, Mrs. Georgia Wheaton, Frank Taylor, John Thompson, James H. Long; Precinct 2, John Roguet, Carl Albin, Mrs. L. M. Henderson, Mrs. Nellie Younger, David McShane, S. C. Stout; Precinct 3, Thomas Huffman, Dr. Housh, F. M. Edelon, P. J. Lee.

Seventh Ward Precinct 1, George Kennedy, Samuel L. Dawson, Frank Smith, R. J. Dickson, Charles Perfect; Precinct 2, A. J. Lawton, E. L. Ralston, George N. Moberly, D. M. Wright; Precinct 3, George W. Musser, W. A. Carson, S. J. Hervey; Precinct 4, John Hawks, K. Carroll, Louis Taylor, P. S. Dalton, Patrick King.

Eighth Ward Precinct 1, C. F. Libbey, N. W. Haas, C. W. Stockdale, A. C. Fielberg; Precinct 2, M. W. Purcell, Ralph Tusler, George Gillespie, Ed. Frost, Michael Mertagh, F. F. Noxon.

452 LIVES LOST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 1.—In all 452 people lost their lives as the result of the disaster of April 18, the local health department so stated in a formal report sent yesterday to the state board of health.

TWELVE MINERS ARE ENTOMBED IN MINES

MAYKING, Ky., Sept. 1—Messages from Mud Lick mines say twelve miners are entombed in the Mud Lick mines. It is believed the men are dead. A large party of rescuers are at work removing the dirt which blocks the passage to the interior of the mine. It will require thirty-four hours to remove this dirt.

INDIGNANT AT M'CABE LETTER

POLICYHOLDERS' COMMITTEE SAYS BISHOP KNOWS ABSOLUTELY NOTHING OF ITS AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The letter written to Judge Parker as chairman of the executive committee of the international policyholders' committee, by Bishop Charles C. McCabe, of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he disapproved of some of the actions of the committee and advised that the committee indorse the administration ticket, in both the Mutual and New York Life Insurance company, was [illegible] by the committee.

Immediately following the receipt of the letter a telegram was sent to the bishop asking him if he had signed the letter or merely authorized it.

At the headquarters of the international policyholders committee no reply was received from Bishop McCabe.

A statement given out by Mr. Scrugham, organization manager of the committee, says that if Bishop McCabe had attended the meetings of the committee, or the executive committee, or if he had in any way informed himself of its painstaking work he would not have criticised the form of the address or the labors of the committee. Mr. Scrugham, proceeding, says:

"He cannot possibly know anything about the affairs or the conditions of the companies except such misinformation as he may have received in talks with Mr. Buckner, vice president of the New York Life, and with Mr. Peabody, of the Mutual Life, at whose office this letter was prepared.

It is evident that the bishop knows none of the facts that are in possession of the committee. Is he, for instance, aware that the administration ticket, which he advises his associates to support, has been looting the policyholders for years? Is he aware that all the vice presidents of the New York Life are part of the old regime under which the policyholders were plundered?"

The committee will meet Thursday. Mr. Scrugham says if Bishop McCabe will attend the meeting he will learn much of the work of which he is not now informed.

"HAIL COLUMBIA" GREETS MR. ROOT ON HIS ARRIVAL

PRESIDENT RIESCO, SURROUNDED BY CABINET, RECEIVES AMERICAN DIPLOMAT.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 1.—Secretary of State Elihu Root and party arrived here at 2 o'clock this afternoon and were received by a crowd of 5,000 persons, a detachment of soldiers and bands of music. Secretary Root was driven to his temporary residence in a state coach. The dense crowds which lined the streets kept up continuous cheers for the American diplomat.

In the carriage with Mr. Root were Minister of Foreign Affairs Huneus, Minister of Justice Figuera, and Mr. Hicks the American minister. Mrs. Root was in the second carriage and Miss Root in the third. The party is lodged at the palace-like residence of Mrs. Edwards.

Later Secretary Root drove to the government palace in a state coach, escorted by infantry and cavalry. Here he was given another ovation, the bands playing "Hail Columbia," and the crowds that almost blocked his way cheering him and the United States.

President Riesco surrounded by his cabinet, received Mr. Root and Minister Hicks in the hall of honor. Mr. Root in a [illegible] thanked President Riesco for the cordial reception that had been given him. He deplored the catastrophe which had befallen the country, and wished for brighter days for Chile. President Riesco thanked the American government for sending Mr. Root to visit the country. From the palace Secretary Root returned to his residence, where the party was greeted by 500 persons of social distinction.

From the palace, Secretary Root accompanied by Mrs. Root and Miss Root drove to the residence of Foreign Minister Huneus, where they were greeted by 1,000 persons of social distinction. Secretary Root had declined to visit the races tomorrow on the ground that they are out of character with the nature of his visit. Tomorrow night Mr. Root will dine with President Riesco, and he expects to go to Valparaiso Tuesday and reembark on the Charleston.

PAYMENT OF POLL TAX IS AN ISSUE

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 1.—A large vote in the biennial election Monday, is indicated by the interest displayed in the campaign, which closed today. State and county officers, including members of the legislature, which is to choose a successor to United States Senator Berry, will be elected. The Democratic state nominees form the only complete ticket in the field, the Republicans, Prohibitionists and Socialists having nominated candidates for governor only. Congressman John S. Little, Democratic nominee for governor, predicts that he will have a plurality of 60,000, which would be a gain of 22,000 over two years ago. There is no opposition to Governor Jefferson Davis, Democratic nominee for United States senator.

The payment of the poll tax as a prerequisite to voting is an issue, the Republicans claiming that the poll tax [illegible]

ARE HOSTILE TOWARD JEWS

RENEWAL OF TERRORISM HAS GREATLY INTENSIFIED FEELING.

REGARDED AS BRAINS OF REVOLUTION. THEY WILL GET SMALL ENLARGEMENT OF RIGHTS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 1.—The renewal of terrorism on a large scale has greatly intensified the hostility of the ruling classes against the Jews, who long have been regarded as the brains of the revolution, and it is believed has diminished the chances of the Jews obtaining more than a nominal enlargement of their rights.

Every official report of assassination or other crime emphasizes the role played in it by Jews, and the last week saw the launching of two parties, the "national" at St. Petersburg and the "Russian popular party" at Moscow, the principal planks in whose platforms are for the exclusion of Jews from all political activity and from service in the army, the latter to be committed as in the cases of the Tartars and Finns for a money consideration. The Moscow organization proposes to rid the country of Jews by indorsing the Zionist movement and urging the government to assist it.

It is remarkable that amid all the crime, bloodshed and horror with which the country is filled, the music halls and cafes of the capital are thronged nightly by gay crowds. A brother of Premier Stolypin, writing in the Novoe Vremya, calls attention to this weakness of his countrymen who, in the presence of the greatest crisis, he says, think only of pleasure. M. Stolypin says it was always thus in Russia, that officers on the eve of a battle carouse and spend money that would feed starving peasants' families. He calls it the spirit which inspired the orgies of the middle ages, while thousands were dying of the plague.

The only reaction noticeable is the increase in activity of the black hundred organization. C[illegible], president of the [illegible] known as the "true [illegible] people," whose life was attempted recently, calls on his followers to [illegible] by the [illegible] of the [illegible] "who are terrorizing the nation under the flag of liberty," in case of the next attempt is successful.

In the vendetta between the government and the revolutionists [illegible] girls who [illegible] played a prominent part in the revolution movement, continue to enact leading roles. Many of them are high born.

Princess Obolenski was arrested today at Rybinsk, near Yaroslav, for participating in a conspiracy.

All eyes are now directed toward the country where within the next few weeks the peasants will have finished the harvest. In the cities the government has demonstrated its ability to hold down the proletariat, and unless the peasants also, little beyond individual acts of terrorism are expected this fall. Some [illegible] of agrarian disorders have already been reported, but details are meager.

FIVE MEN SHOT BY INSANE MAN

FIRES INTO A CROWD WITH SERIOUS RESULTS. IS OVERPOWERED [illegible] BY MOB.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Sept. 1.—August Kruger, a wealthy Pottawattamie county man, went insane suddenly this afternoon at his residence in the town of Hancock. From his front porch he fired a rifle into a crowd of men who were passing, and dangerously wounded Dr. Albert Stevens.

He shot several times, wounding Jesse Crosby, Sid Bottom, Frank Johnson and James Duncan, all well-known residents of Hancock. A mob of citizens organized, armed with revolvers and guns, surrounded Kruger's house and riddled it with bullets. Kruger was shot four times, but not dangerously hurt. The mob went to a hardware store, made a large iron shield, which was fastened to a cart and under cover of this approached the house. The door was broken down and Kruger was overpowered and held until officers arrived.

CONGREGATION OF COMPANY OF JESUS IS IN SESSION

ROME, Sept. 1.—The congregation of the Company of Jesus which has assembled here to elect a general of the society, in succession of the late Father Louis Martin, met today and adjourned at 12:15 p. m. Vicar Freddi delivered a eulogy of Father Martin.

The recommendations left by Father Martin, concerning the direction and plans of the society were read, and Father Freddi presented the report of his work as vicar.

The congregation met again this evening to continue its preliminary work. The situation of the society throughout the world, the present condition of Catholicism, the necessity of augmenting institutions of learning in America, the devising of means to prevent a conflict between church and state in Spain, the upholding of the papal authority in France, the augmenting of the influence of Catholicism in Great Britain and Germany, the combating of irreligion in Italy and the strengthening of missions in the east will be discussed.

Great secrecy is maintained as to [illegible]

BRYAN HAILED WITH CHEERS

THREE CITIES JOIN IN PAYING FINAL TRIBUTES OF WELCOME.

DEMOCRATIC LEADER DELIVERS FIVE ADDRESSES — WILL LEAVE FOR NEBRASKA TOMORROW.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Three cities joined today paying the final tributes of the continuous welcome accorded to William J. Bryan since his arrival in New York, Thursday, from his tour around the world.

Returning from Bridgeport this morning, Mr. Bryan, after devoting scant time to personal business, was escorted to the National Democratic club, where an enthusiastic reception was accorded him, and where he spoke briefly. From the club he was escorted by former Senator James Smith and other prominent Democrats to Newark, where he addressed an audience of 10,000 in Military park and afterward held an informal reception, shaking hands with hundreds who crowded around the speaker.

Hailed with cheers as he drove to the railroad station, Mr. Bryan hurried to Jersey City, where he made three addresses and reviewed a parade of the Hudson county Democracy and then returned to New York and finished the day with an informal dinner given in his honor by 200 of the working newspaper men of the metropolis.

Mr. Bryan will rest until tomorrow evening when he will start on his journey home in company with the "home folks" from Nebraska, on their special train. They expect to reach Lincoln on Wednesday, after stops for receptions at Detroit and Chicago.

W. J. Bryan was the guest tonight at dinner given by 200 of the working newspaper men of New York city. The affair was strictly informal, in accordance with the wishes of Mr. Bryan, who stated in his letter of acceptance that he would "just like to sit down with the boys to an old fashioned American dinner." The reception at Jersey City [illegible] than was anticipated [illegible] Mr. [illegible] dining room. On arrival at his hotel here, he was met by a committee of the [illegible] and escorted to the [illegible].

It was after 11 o'clock when he [illegible] the [illegible] Mr. Bryan's [illegible] informal and [illegible] with his [illegible] experience as a newspaper man and his relations with other members of the craft.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 1.—W. J. Bryan was given a warm reception here today. The streets were lined and the visitor was cheered continuously. He told his 10,000 auditors that he could speak to them only on time that really belonged to Jersey City.

"But I remember that Essex county gave me a majority of 10,000 in 1896, so I just had to come to see you," said he, "and I hoped that by coming here I could help a Democrat to be elected to the United States senate over Senator Dryden, and two Democrats to be elected to congress."

Mr. Bryan declared that Republican strength is waning and that the time for Democratic success is not far distant.

"In 1898 they won by a tremendous majority," said he, "and they [illegible] a very respectable lead over us in 1900."

"And they'll do it again," [illegible] a man to the right of the [illegible]. Instantly half a dozen policemen seized the interrupter and were rushing him through the park when Mr. Bryan cried out: "Don't put that man out, officers; don't put him out. He's the man I am trying to reach."

Continuing he said that the Republicans now admit that if a presidential election were to be held at this time they have only one man who could have a chance of success.

"He would have that chance only because he has followed the Democratic platform," said Mr. Bryan. "Roosevelt has not one atom of popularity that he does not owe to the fact that he differs from the party which he leads, and if Roosevelt can become as popular as he is by occasionally doing something Democratic, what would be the popularity of a president who always is a Democrat?"

Mr. Bryan discussed the tariff and the trusts. He said that if the tariff is to be reformed, it must be done by those who believe in tariff reform. He declared that, while he is willing to give Republicans credit for what they have done toward the regulation of trusts, they have not yet begun even to "scratch the surface of that scourge."

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—William J. Bryan arrived from Bridgeport this morning and went to the Victoria hotel. After remaining there a short time he left the hotel to attend to some per-

(Continued on Page Three.)

BOTH LINDSEY AND PATTERSON FACTIONS CLAIM PRECINCTS

DENVER, Sept. 1.—The caucuses of the new Democracy of Denver were held tonight and were enormously attended. The Lindsey faction claims to have secured from 65 to 75 per cent of the precincts and the Patterson faction claims to have swept everything except possibly 10 per cent of precincts.

The conventions will be held Monday and the fight for control of the delegation which will be a contesting [illegible] [illegible] in the state [illegible]

Redfern Corsets

Expert Fittings All This Week

By Miss Ohlsen of New York

The professional services given by the expert corsetiere now in attendance in our corset department will be appreciated by all ladies whose desire is to be properly corseted.

No matter what style of dress one wishes to affect there is a Redfern Model designed especially for each fashion. In fact, the name Redfern suggests high art in dress, and in no less degree in corsets. Regardless of the many models, each is designed for a certain type of form, with the most specific intentions we may say. And because of these precise details it is most important for each wearer to have her model selected correctly.

REDFERN MODELS $3 to $15

Muslin Underwear

A recent purchase of samples from the American Undergarment Co. puts us in a position to make the following very liberal offer. Known everywhere as the best line of undermuslins on the market and worth every cent of the established prices, buyers will fully appreciate this chance to choose from a generous assortment of these matchless high-class garments at

20 % Less

than regular prices. Gowns, skirts, drawers, chemise and corset covers in great variety.

Initial Showing of Autumn Styles in Suits and Costumes

If you would know what well-dressed people are going to wear this fall come in from time to time and look through our stock. You'll see the newest things here simultaneously with their introduction in New York and other acknowledged fashion centers. Believers in "first choice" are already making selections.

SUITS $10.00 TO............$100.00
COSTUMES $25.00 TO.......$185.00
WAISTS $1.50 TO............$50.00
COATS $5.00 TO............$135.00

Wilbur's

J. O. McCUAN
Phone 8. 427 to 429 Hagerman Bldg.
Member of Colorado Springs Stock Association.
Western Bonds a Specialty.
6 and 7 per cent. Money to Loan.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE
60 Cents
Per Month.

DRUBS HUSBAND IN COURT ROOM

JUDGE ORDERS WOMAN TO PERSONALLY METE OUT PUNISHMENT TO WIFE BEATER.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Ordered by the court to mete out punishment personally, Mrs. Emma Belfield took her husband into an anteroom of the hall of justice in Summerville and administered to him a first-class drubbing.

The woman had complained to Justice Mahon Francis that her husband, Harry Belfield, had made a practice of beating her.

Mrs. Belfield trembled as she contemplated the task imposed upon her by the court. Belfield trembled also. She looked up and the judge pointed to his private chamber. Mrs. Belfield led the way and her spouse followed.

In a minute there were large doings in that room. The racket shook the building, and it is estimated that the woman threw her spouse down, danced on him, pulled his hair, kicked him in the ribs and piled several chairs on him.

When the door was opened, the Belfields came forth, the wife with a smile of triumph on her face and the husband nursing a blue eye. She went home. Her husband followed.

HEIRESS SEEKING $4,000,000 MINE

CAN'T FIND ESTATE GRANDUNCLE IS SAID TO HAVE LEFT, BUT ISN'T DISCOURAGED.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.—Though the glowing promises handed out daily for a year have not put her within spying distance of the $4,000,000 estate which her granduncle is said to have left her in mines and railroad property in southern California, Mrs. Charles H. Roberts, 1906 North Leithgow street, has not given up hope, and will soon change the tactics of her campaign.

The fortune is there, she says, and the way to get at it is [illegible] for it and not lose time by writing letters, as has been done for the year. Consequently, one of Jacob Heighler's heirs, who have sprung up like mushrooms since the report of his vast estate, will be sent west to demand an accounting.

Old Jacob Heighler disappeared years ago from his home in Lancaster county. A notice of his death appeared in western newspapers, with an addenda that he left to his heirs a $4,000,000 estate. That was a year ago. Since then every effort has been made to locate the Eldorado, but without success.

SPIES ON WIFE; NOW HE'S SORRY

PEEPS THROUGH HOLE IN SHUTTER TO KEEP TAB ON ACTIONS OF HIS SPOUSE.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 1.—William Royer, chief lineman of the Interstate Telephone company, has had an experience with a plug of wood he will not forget in a hurry, for it cost him the companionship of his wife and involved him in all sorts of trouble.

The piece of wood was inserted in a hole bored in a shutter of his home here for the purpose of keeping tab on his wife.

Royer is away a great deal of the time and his wife has been running a boarding house. Hearing tales of her alleged flirtations with one of her boarders, Royer fitted the plug and then went away to Atlantic City for a week on business. He got to thinking about the plug and what he might see if it was removed, and he came home.

He got a peep through the hole in the shutter, and, he alleges, a shock at the same time. Rushing into the house, he took his little daughter out of her bed, dressed her and, packing his things, left the house. His wife says he threatened her with a razor.

Royer went away, and when his wife found that he had taken some of her things, she went to a dry goods store, and ordering goods equivalent, sent him the bill. Then he refused to pay, and published a notice saying he would not be responsible for her debts. He forgot that he had deserted her instead of she deserting him.

Now he wants to come back home, and the wife has not yet decided to let him in.

DEATH STROKE RESTORES SIGHT

PARALYSIS RESTORES LONG DORMANT FACULTY—BLIND MAN ENABLED TO SEE FAMILY AGAIN.

YORK, Pa., Sept. 1.—Even while paralysis in repeated strokes was forcing blind Jacob Wrentzler, of Manchester, into his grave, it was tempered with mercy, for the second stroke restored his sight, which had been [illegible] years before.

Thus before dying he had the unhoped-for privilege of seeing once more the faces of his wife and six children. For several days he lived in full possession of his sight, when a final stroke killed him last week.

Wrentzler was 69 years old, and had lived in Manchester many years.

NAMED BOY "SKIDDOO;" WAS BORN AUGUST 23

TOPEKA, Sept. 1.—People from all sections of this country have claimed the distinction of having been the originator of "skiddoo 23," but a grandfather in North Topeka claims to have the only "Skiddoo" in existence.

Frank Merriam, who was employed in one of the leading drug stores in North Topeka, is the father of a boy born Thursday, August 23, which has been called George "Skiddoo" Merriam. "Skiddoo" is in good health and it is hoped that he will not be overtaken by bad luck and grow to manhood. Mr. Merriam never claimed the distinction of being the originator of "Skiddoo," but as he has never seen a statement to prove that such a person as "Skiddoo" ever existed, that his son is the only "Skiddoo" in existence.

STATE CONTRIBUTES LARGELY TO UNITED STATES ARMY

DENVER, Sept. 1.—Colorado is giving her young men to the United States navy at the rate of thirty per month, or one every day, according to the report of Lieutenant Commander Wilson, United States navy, who is in charge of several divisions of the recruiting department.

Although the Denver station was established but nine months ago, Lieutenant E. F. Scranton, officer in charge, has made it one of the most successful posts in the country. Uncle Sam says Lieutenant Scranton is in sore need of seamen to man his big new battleships. Recruiting parties are touring Colorado in order to induce young men to roll the ocean blue in the service of their country.

ALL CITIES TO BE DESTROYED

UNKNOWN SEER SAYS EARTHQUAKE WILL FELL ALL CITIES IN THE YEAR 1982.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Philadelphia, New York, Chicago, Paris, London, St. Petersburg and all the cities of the earth will be destroyed by earthquakes in the year 1982, according to the prophecy made by Edmund S. Stevens, of this city, an unknown seer.

He predicts a long series of awful catastrophes, which will culminate in the wreck of the cities.

Mother Earth is out of plumb, so this prophet declares, and all the terrible earthquakes that have occurred and are yet to come are due to the fact that the earth is gradually righting itself.

When the transition is complete there will be a new earth and a new heaven, and all old things will have passed away, so the prophet declares. He can prove his assertion by an elaborate calculation, based on charts intelligible to him only. The prophecy is as follows:

"The earth is out of her upright position. She is gradually resuming it. Whenever there is an acceleration or faster motion, earthquakes occur. We are now in one of those periods: from Mount Pelee, 1900 to 1915, again from 1925 to 1946½; again from 1965 to 2000 A. D. In 1982 the earthquakes are of such extent that all the cities of the nations fall. From [illegible] to 2144 A. D. the earth is in continual perturbation, and the latter year settles to its upright position. This brings in the new heaven and new earth."

Mr. Stevens declares that he has "grasped the sorry scheme of things entire," which troubled Omar Khayyam, and that he has discovered the secret of the universe.

SCORED ON THE COFFIN TRUST

WOMAN PURCHASES CASKET FOR LIVING RELATIVE TO AVOID ADVANCE IN PRICES.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Sept. 1.—Miss Percy Bogardus has scored what she declares is a big victory over the Coffin trust, when she purchased a coffin for her father, who, although [illegible] years old, says he has no intention of dying for several years.

Miss Bogardus, who is regarded by her neighbors as a splendid bargain hunter, read in a newspaper that a sharp advance in the price of coffins was to take place soon.

Immediately repairing to an undertaker, she selected a coffin and paid for it. She told the undertaker to deliver the article when called for. Mr. Bogardus, in discussing his daughter's thoughtfulness, remarked:

"Percy always has been a model business woman."

TREPOFF'S CONDITION MUCH IMPROVED

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 1.—Reports are persistently circulated that General Trepoff, commandant of the palace, is so seriously ill that his life is in danger. No statement regarding the nature of his malady has been given out, but it is intimated that it dates back to the time of the recent rumors that an attempt had been made to poison the general.

At the ministry of the court, the Associated Press representative was informed this evening that General Trepoff's condition was not serious. He is suffering from an affection of the heart, which was aggravated during the recent maneuvers at Krasnoye-Selo. The general has been quite ill but is now better.

General Count Orloff, who attained considerable notoriety by the severity with which he suppressed the revolutionary disturbances in the Baltic provinces, has agreed to replace General Skallon as governor general of Warsaw. The complete disarming of the population of Warsaw was made a condition of his acceptance.

Craving for Drink Destroyed

The best aid to temperance is something that will strengthen the drunkard's wrecked nervous system and cure his unnatural craving for drink. We believe that any man who really desires to be cured of the liquor habit can cure himself by using Orrine. This remarkable discovery has made so many cures among our customers that we are glad to sell it under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

It is in two forms, No. 1, that can be given secretly, and No. 2 for those who wish to be cured. It is not only the most reliable treatment known, but it is also the most economical as it costs only $1.00 a box and there is no detention from the usual duties, while if a cure is not effected, there is no expense whatever. Mail orders filled. The Orrine Co., Washington, D. C., or the D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.

OLD SETTLERS OF LAS ANIMAS MEET

TRINIDAD, Colo., Sept. 1.—The annual meeting of the Old Settlers' association of Las Animas county was held on the court house lawn today, with about sixty of the pioneers in attendance. Albert Archibald holds the record for being the oldest settler in this county, having come here in 1861. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Dr. Michael Beshoar; first vice president, Samuel W. De Busk; second vice president, Senator C. Barela; third vice president, Mrs. F. G. Bloom; fourth vice president, Mrs. Tim Hennerson; fifth vice president, H. L. Pearson; treasurer, F. G. Bloom; secretary, Edward West; financial secretary, Mrs. O. T. Clark; committee on membership, Mrs. William Elmore; committee on entertainment, Mrs. Flora West, chairman; Mrs. F. D. Hays and Mrs. John McEwan.

INCREASE IN COOK COUNTY ASSESSMENTS

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Cook county's assessments on personal property amount of $574,897,550, full value, of $114,979,510, assessed value, according to figures completed by the clerks of the board of review. This is by far the largest total ever recorded for the county and an increase of approximately 39 per cent over the reviewers' total of last year, on which taxes were collected last spring.

The gain was due largely to the increases made upon the big estates that in the past had not been scheduled, according to the belief of the board, at anything like their full valuation, and to the increase made by the reviewing body in the personal valuations against large corporations.

The assessed value of the real estate in the county is placed at $327,692,745, and the full value at $2,213,361,275.

ORIENT Clark's 9th Annual Cruise, Feb. 7, '07. 70 days by chartered SS. "Arabic," 16,000 tons. 3 tours round the world.
F. C. CLARK
96 B'way, N. Y.

New Designs in
BAGS
at attractive prices. It will pay you to examine our stock.
Leather Suit Cases from $2.75 to $35.00.
ALL KINDS OF LEATHER NOVELTIES.
TRUNK REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
W. H. WISE
Phone 574. 16 E. Pike's Peak Ave

The new models in Royal Worcester & Bon Ton Corsets

Our corset expert at your service

TO BE rightly corseted every woman should have her figure fitted by an expert corset fitter. Then she may know that every line of her figure has been easily met by the corset. We have in charge of our fittings a fitter of wide experience who will personally see that you are properly corseted in the newest models.

ROYAL WORCESTER & BON TON CORSETS

READY now with the new models in our Royal Worcester and Bon Ton Corsets. A new corset will be necessary before the purchase of the Autumn Costume—and the proper model for your figure, be it stout, slender or otherwise, is here.

2nd floor **Kaufman's** 2nd floor
EVERYTHING FOR EVERYBODY

Kaufman's
This store will close tomorrow to enjoy LABOR DAY

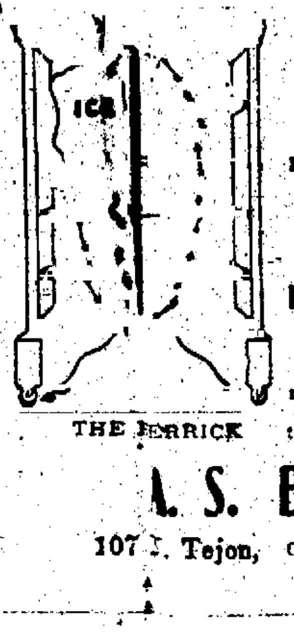
Nearly one hundred of us some will go to the canons, some to the peaks, others to the parks and springs to enjoy this great day set apart for all laborers.

The Kaufman store's doors close all day Labor Day.

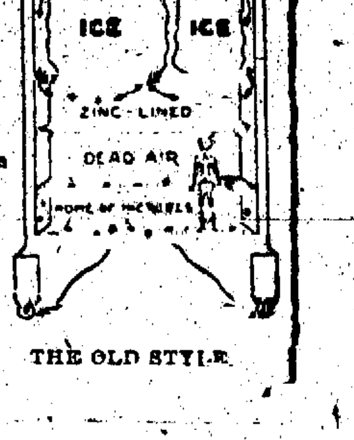
Have You Stopt

to consider that altho you are fixt now thru the fall and winter you will need one of our thoroly up-to-date winter suits? We have them in over 500 different styles, at

NEWSOM & HOLMES
Makers of the Kind of Clothes Gentlemen Wear.
10½ East Pike's Peak Ave. Phone Main 1247



THE HERRICK



THE OLD STYLE

The Pictures Tell the Story

Be sure and examine a HERRICK.

LAWN MOWERS

Our stock of lawn mowers is the most attractive line in town.

A. S. BLAKE
107 N. Tejon, Or Phone 465-A.

Piles NO PAY TILL CURED
Established 8 years. No knife or carbolic acid injections. The most perfect method known. Mild treatment. Quick and sure. Hundreds of Denver and Colorado [illegible] cured patients.
FREE BOOK on Piles and Rectal Diseases with testimonials. Write for it to-day.
J. F. BOWERS, M. D., BARTH BLOCK, DENVER, COLO.

READ GAZETTE WANTS

WE CLOSE LABOR DAY

STOP! Our Way

We have about 120 medium and lightweight suits, sold at $20 to $27.50, that we will give you your choice for four days, commencing Tuesday morning, Sept. 4. Your pick for

$12.00

We also have about 85 boys' kneepant suits, sold at $5.00 for **$3.75**; $4.00 for **$2.75**; $3.50 for **$2.50**.

Fall Arrivals in Boys' and Children's Suits

for fall, something new. Before buying please to show you our line. Save you money on all lines in childrens' and boys' clothing.

Our new arrival in all styles and shapes in

STIFF AND SOFT HATS

Our May Guarantee $2, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

HOME OF GOOD CLOTHING AND TOGGERY.

The MAY COMPANY

NEWSPAPER MEN VISIT CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT: PRAISE FOR SHORT LINE

[illegible] newspaper men [illegible] Colorado Springs [illegible] the Short Line [illegible] Cripple Creek [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] Pike's Peak [illegible] M. Watters [illegible] together [illegible] Pike's Peak [illegible] arranged the trip.

[illegible] Copies of the handsome [illegible] Cripple Creek and Craig [illegible] presented to each [illegible] with the compliments of D. C. MacWatters and M. A. Matlock, traffic manager of the allied roads.

At Summit, the committee from the Cripple Creek District Press club boarded the train, with a carload of ore samples, which were promptly distributed among the visitors, each receiving a piece of genuine gold ore.

At Cameron Gen. Sherman Bell came aboard, and the hero of San Juan hill and chief figure of the Colorado labor troubles was recognized by the newspaper men and immediately became the center of attraction for the interviewers of hundreds of papers.

Arriving in the district, the first section of the train stopped at Victor where the delegates were entertained at the Baltimore hotel. The second section went on to Cripple Creek. The arrival of the trains was marked by the blowing of the whistles of all the mines [illegible] the delegation [illegible] depots.

At Cripple Creek the members of the Press club [illegible] the delegates [illegible] marched in parade [illegible] hotel.

In the afternoon the trip around the [illegible] circle over the [illegible] road was the feature [illegible] arranged [illegible] the delegates [illegible] methods of mining [illegible] being [illegible] M. Watters. One of the most interesting features of the trip was [illegible] Colorado [illegible] neighbor [illegible] the Denver and Cripple Creek Press clubs. He had delayed the [illegible] for this visit, and when the visitors arrived [illegible] the entire process of [illegible] gold brick from the cleanup.

Last night a ball was arranged at the I. O. O. F. hall, this being the chief social function of the trip.

The Cripple Creek district last night was a typical mining camp of the early days. The "lid" was off, and what the newspaper men didn't see and do in their inspection of the camp "by lamplight" wouldn't be worth mentioning.

Today the excursionists will go to Canon City over the Florence and Cripple Creek road. The Rio Grande will carry them through the Royal Gorge, over Marshall pass, through Buena Vista, Tennessee pass, and by moonlight through the canon of the Grand River to Glenwood Springs where they will arrive at 10 o'clock tonight. Tomorrow morning the return trip will begin, with a stop scheduled at Leadville.

Get the Children Ready for School

Special Values in School Shoes Tuesday and Wednesday

STORE CLOSED MONDAY, LABOR DAY

Boys' box calf school shoes, heavy soles, back stay and good solid wear;
sizes 2½ to 5½ $1.75
sizes 13 to 2 .... $1.50

Misses' velour calf and dong. kid box calf and heavy goat shoes, extension soles and pat. tips, low heels, back stay, sizes 12 to 2 **$2.00**;
sizes 8½ to 11 .... **$1.75**

District No. 76 school shoes for boys are the best made, overweight oak soles and every pair guaranteed to give good wear. Boys' 2½ to 5½, **$2.00**; youths', 13 to 2, **$1.75**; little gents' 9 to 12 .... **$1.50**

District No. 76 school shoes for the girls are made of Kang. calf, Dong. kid and box calf, heavy soles and light and medium, good hard wear in all of them, sizes 12 to 2 .... **$1.50**

The Colorado Springs Dry Goods Co.

120-122 South Tejon St.

BRYAN HAILED WITH CHEERS

(Continued from Page One.)

sonal business. He was expected to return about noon.

On his way from Bridgeport Mr. Bryan was asked what he thought about the argument of certain Republicans that Roosevelt will be the next logical Republican candidate for president. Mr. Bryan said that if it were true as many Republicans had declared, that he had completely destroyed the Democratic party, there ought to be dozens of able Republicans who would be available as a candidate, as it would appear that almost any Republican could win with the Democratic party wiped out.

There would then be no necessity of giving President Roosevelt what would be regarded by many as practically a third term. With such an easy victory for the Republicans ahead, why, he asked, should not somebody else be given a chance.

Federal Ownership.

When asked what he thought of the criticism by Democrats of his idea of federal ownership of railroads, Mr. Bryan said that he never had advocated anything that was not opposed in some quarters. He was told that some of the southern Democrats seemed alarmed lest the Jimcrow cars should be eliminated by the adoption of his ideas of federal ownership.

Mr. Bryan, in reply to this, said that if the various states owned the lines within their borders, the local laws would continue to be enforced. He was asked if he meant that negroes and whites would be separated if the state had a Jimcrow law, to which he replied that the state laws would naturally hold good on local lines.

Whites and Negroes.

He did not care at this time to discuss the details of how the plan would affect the carriage of whites and negroes on the through lines under federal control. He had noticed that one citizen who did not give his name was very much worked up about the possible abolishment of the Jimcrow cars but he never attempted to answer the arguments of men who did not give their names and that he hoped to talk in various parts of the country and deal with the subject more completely than he could in conversation.

Mr. Bryan expected to remain at the Victoria hotel until 2:30 p. m. and then to attend an informal reception at the National Democratic club.

After that he intended to go to Newark, where he is scheduled to make a speech at 4 p. m. Later he will return to Jersey City, where he is expected to deliver three speeches. He will then return to New York in time to attend the dinner given to him by the newspaper men.

Mr. Bryan announced a change of plan regarding his proposed trip to New Zealand. "I think I shall not go," he said, "for I've been away from home a long time and it feels good to get back. I had intended to go there after the election, but have decided not to."

Mr. Bryan was the guest of the National Democratic club for 23 minutes this afternoon, where he was welcomed by several hundred members. Richard Croker, Jr., was a member of the committee that escorted Mr. Bryan to the club dinner.

Mr. Bryan said in part:

"I want to thank the club for this reception. It is not my first visit here, and unless you enjoin me it will not be my last. It has been said that I may be your candidate for president. I have twice had the distinction of being the candidate of my party for that great honor. Whether I shall have it again is more than you or I can say. I am assured, in leading newspapers this morning that some of the persons who were for me will not now attempt to force that honor on me. Whatever I shall do, I must have the approval of my own conscience. I prefer to have the honor of my own conscience to having the support of all the people of the United States. A majority is not always in the right, but it is so presumed to be in government, and the only way for a man who finds himself in the minority, is to fight for his ideas until he wins the majority to his cause. I have no monopoly on the thinking of the Democratic party. Democrats do not need a leader. No one can become a leader until he is prepared to go with the people. I know what the people want today. I know what the politicians will want tomorrow, for they are a timid class and want to do what the people desire."

At the close of his speech, Mr. Bryan started for Newark, N. J.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription,

Is not a secret or patent medicine, against which the most intelligent people are quite naturally averse because of the uncertainty as to their harmless character, but is a medicine of KNOWN COMPOSITION, a full list of all its ingredients being printed, *in plain English*, on every bottle wrapper. An examination of this list of ingredients will disclose the fact that it is non-alcoholic in its composition, chemically pure glycerine taking the place of the commonly used alcohol in its make-up. The "Favorite Prescription" of Dr. Pierce is in fact the only medicine put up for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, sold through druggists, that does not contain alcohol *and that too in large quantities*. Furthermore, it is the only medicine for woman's special diseases, the ingredients of which have the unanimous endorsement of all the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice, and that too as remedies for the ailments for which "Favorite Prescription" is recommended.

A little book of some of these endorsements will be sent to any address, post-paid, and absolutely *free* if you request same by postal card or letter, of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Don't forget that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for woman's weaknesses and delicate ailments, is not a patent or secret medicine, being the "Favorite Prescription" of a regularly educated and graduated physician, engaged in the practice of his chosen specialty—that of diseases of women—that its ingredients are printed *in plain English* on every bottle-wrapper; that it is the only medicine especially designed for the cure of woman's diseases that contains no alcohol, and the only one that has a professional endorsement worth more than all the so-called "testimonials" ever published for other medicines. Send for these endorsements as above. They are *free* for the asking.

If you suffer from periodical, headache, backache, dizziness, pain or dragging down sensation low down in the abdomen, weak back, have disagreeable and weakening, catarrhal, pelvic drain, or are in distress from being long on your feet, then you may be sure of benefit from taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best laxative and regulator of the bowels. They invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative; two or three a cathartic.

TAUGHT TO TAKE CARE OF BABIES

GIRLS IN CLEVELAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS INSTRUCTED IN CARING FOR HOMES AND HUSBANDS.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 1.—The Cleveland public schools are going into the wifemaking business. Girls will be taught how to sweep, to cook, to economize in household expenditures, to make their own clothes, to take care of babies and to care for their husbands when they come home sick. Those back of this movement for the welfare of husbands are Superintendent Elson, of Cleveland's public schools, and Assistant Superintendent Warren E. Hicks, whose ideas will be embodied in the new "Tech" High School. Mr. Hicks says:

"We are going to fit our girls to be wives and not servants, and cooking is only one of the features of the course. A partial outline of the course would be this: First year, applied arts and elementary sewing; second year, elementary chemistry in its relation to household duties, and a continuation of arts and sewing; third and fourth years, the cooking will be taken up.

"The average girl who marries nowadays is pitiably ignorant of the duties the average man expects her to perform as his wife. She knows nothing of cooking, hardly. She must be taught how to cook for the invalid, the food he requires and the attention he must receive. She must learn of the care of little babies. She should know how to do her marketing economically. We shall teach her all these things. They will have real babies to dress and bathe and care for under the watchful supervision, of course, of the teachers, who have gone through all these experiences."

Go to Lotz & Saenger, 8 E. Bijou, for your cutlery, toilet articles and barber supplies.

The best advertisement is a pleased customer. Spectacles and eyeglasses that fit the face and fit the sight are the kind that please.

Our optical work is the best that skilled workmen can make it.

Consultation free.

J. H. NELSON

JEWELRY AND OPTICAL CO.

113 E. Pike's Peak.

Four doors west of Postoffice.

STILL A CHANCE FOR OLD GIRLS

NONE OF THE OLDER DAMES WILL BE DISTURBED AT Y. W. C. A. AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.—There is still a chance for old girls at the home of the Young Women's Christian association, Eighteenth and Arch streets. Miss Kennedy, the superintendent, said today that none of the older dames now in the big boarding house will be disturbed.

She said, however, that, in order to look out for the younger element, it will be necessary hereafter to limit the age of newcomers to 35.

She says the home is overcrowded and, as its particular object is to care for young girls, the old ones will have to be debarred unless there happens to be plenty of room in the building. But there will be no exodus of elderly maidens, as was at first feared.

Thomas Millinery

Advanced Showing

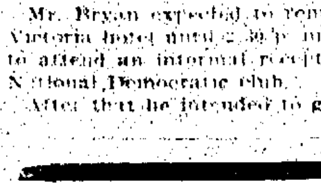
OF

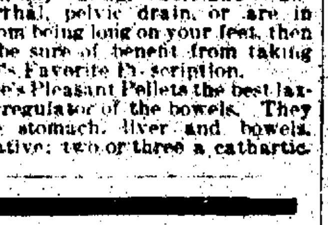
TAILORED AND STIFF HATS

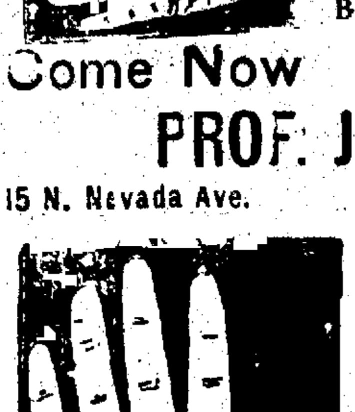
From the most noted New York Hatters.

Novelties in late veilings especially adapted for autumn wear are most attractive.

Phone 633. 13 S. Tejon St.







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9 P. M.
Bring this ad.

Come Now Don't Wait

PROF. J. J. SHELDON

15 N. Nevada Ave. Colorado Springs.

Reduced Rates for Next Three Days Only

First and Only Licensed

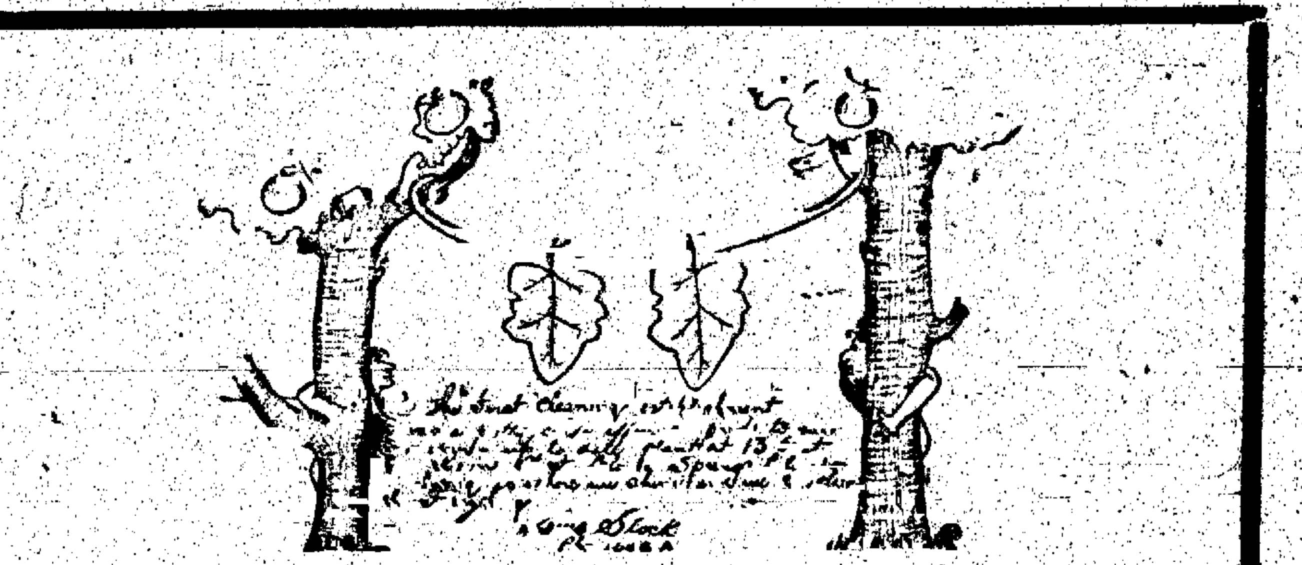
Clairvoyant, Palmist

Your Life An Open Book to Him.

FEE WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL

Knowledge Is Power. Poor or Rich He Will Tell You Anything You Want to Know, Advice That Will Do Good.

ARE YOU IN TROUBLE OF ANY KIND, discontented, unhappy or not satisfied in life, or have you any domestic or past troubles that annoy you? But no matter what your troubles may be, you will be told of them and [illegible]



The Beauty Can Be Restored to All Garments

from the finest gowns to dainty waists, skirts, costumes and other goods by our improved and modern chemical dry cleaning process. We guarantee satisfaction in every respect; no odor. Don't discard garments because they are soiled or faded. Their freshness and usefulness can be renewed at slight cost. Silk, wool and novelty goods can be made practically new.

We Ask the Public for a Close Inspection of Our Work

WE ALSO RESTORE THE BEAUTY TO OSTRICH PLUMES

In cleaning, curling or dyeing them to match any dress or gown. We also dye laces to match gowns or plumes.

BRING US YOUR HIGH CLASS AND DIFFICULT WORK.

Louis Stock

Dye and Chemical Dry Cleaning Works

13 East Kiowa Phone 512

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

Closed

All Day

Monday,

Labor

Day

THE HUB

18-20 S. TEJON ST.

DELEGATES PRAISE LOCAL PRESS CLUB

ALL SAY NIGHT IN GARDEN OF THE GODS WAS CROWNING FEATURE OF COLORADO ENTERTAINMENT.

◆ ◆ ◆

"We want the Colorado Springs boys who planned that night in the Garden of the Gods to make a visit to Birmingham next year and give us pointers how to entertain the 1907 convention of the International League of Press clubs," said J. A. Rountree, chairman of the Alabama delegation that secured the next convention, when he met one of the members of the Pike's Peak Press club committee at the Santa Fe depot just before the Short Line train pulled out to Cripple Creek.

Mr. Rountree was not alone in his admiration for the novel feature. The highest words of praise were heard on all sides and it was agreed that the camp was the greatest feature of the entire week.

"One night like that is worth a year of any man's life," said Lewis G. Early, of Redding, Pa., secretary of the International league.

◆ ◆ ◆

Miss Mary McCormack and Miss Maude Roach, who have been spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Griffin at Roswell, have returned to their homes in Chicago.

HIBBARDS Store Closed Tomorrow—Labor Day HIBBARDS

News of the New Autumn Styles

WE welcome you to the Hibbard Store to feast your eyes upon the harmonious colorings of the new materials, which rival the autumn hues in beauty and richness—you will receive an abundance of new ideas from the ultra-fashionable styles on display in this initial showing, which have been gathered from the leading founts of fashion all over the world.

Shop by Mail

MAIL ordering is so simple at THE HIBBARD STORE that any child in the world who knows how to write can order goods. Write us for samples or information and after you receive same make a first and second choice, as the first selection may be sold out before your order reaches us. Enclose Express or Postoffice Order with your letter and make it payable to C. A. Hibbard & Co., Colorado Springs, Colo. All mail orders receive the prompt and careful attention of an expert whom we employ to shop for you.

Garments *The varieties of new Suits, Jackets, Coats, Skirts and Waists are unlimited and the styles are new and exclusive—it is generally admitted that Hibbard styles are authoritative and the prices most reasonable. Following are brief descriptions of a few of the new garments though there are hosts more which must be seen to be appreciated.*

29-INCH COAT SUITS.—Women's stylish grey checked tailor-made cloth Suits, the coat is 29 inches long, semi-fitting, has velvet collar and cuffs, fly front and patch pockets; the skirt is full gored circular style. This suit would sell elsewhere at $15.00 or $17.00 .... $13.50

"QUEEN BESS" SUITS.—Women's imported broadcloth "Queen Bess" tailor-made Suits in double-breasted Norfolk effects, strapped front and back and taffeta lined jacket with chiffon velvet collar and cuffs; the skirt is full pleated; colors are brown, navy, "fouvette" and black $27.50

NEW BASQUE SUITS.—Women's ultra fashionable tight fitting novelty harlequin checked strictly tailored Suits, with new basque jacket made severely plain, with chiffon velvet buttons and button through front; the skirt is full pleated and has tailor strapped seams $25.00

28-INCH JACKETS.—Women's semi-fitting, fly-front Jackets, 28 inches long, made of stylish black and white coating, with three button side vents, black velvet collar, coat sleeve and good quality satin lining, for $10.00

THE NEW SKIRTS. The new fall and winter Skirts are full tucked and box pleated some have panels, stitched bands and small patch pockets, made of plain, checked and striped materials—all colors, at

$5.75, $8, $10, $12 and $15.

SEMI-FITTING SUITS.—Women's new style, full back, semi-fitting Suits in fly front effects; the jackets are 26 inches long with taffeta lining and velvet collar; the skirts are very full and closely tucked at front and back. The material is a soft grey wool suiting $20.00

36-INCH COAT SUITS.—Women's black, navy and "London smoke" grey, semi-fitting Suits; the coat is a nine-button cutaway style 36 inches long, has lap tailored seams and taffeta silk lining; the skirt is full gored and has tailor stitch straps; entirely new $25.00

BLOUSE ETON SUITS.—The much talked of new blouse Eton Suits for women are here, made of novelty subdued plaid suitings, with new oval shaped silk velvet collar; the skirt is full tucked and the entire suit is silk piped and braided—a stunning autumn suit for. $32.00

27-INCH JACKETS.—Women's semi-fitting, sacque style English covert cloth, 27-inch jackets with new mannish square corners, open side vents, coat pockets and nobby tailor stitched strap trimmings $12.50

THE LONG COATS.—The to be most favored long coats for fall and winter wear are the 48-inch length, full back and semi-fitting styles, made of invisible plaid and broken checked materials, with stitched straps and tabs—

$15, $17.50, $20, $22.50 and $25

"PRINCE CHAP" SUITS.—Women's new double-breasted "Prince Chap" Suits made of novelty suiting; the jacket is silk lined, has four open side vents and velvet collar, the skirt is pleated, has panel back and front, and is prettily stitched, a $27.50 suit for $23.50

NEW ETON SUITS.—Women's double-breasted grey mixed and herringbone cheviot Eton Suits with green chiffon velvet trimmed neck and cuffs, made with three-quarter sleeve and very full stitched and pleated skirt; a very stylish suit at a very reasonable price $25.00

PEPLUM ETON SUITS.—Women's fine English broadcloth peplum Eton Dress Suits with stylish vestee front; with "Baby Irish" lace trimmed collar and short sleeve; the skirt is full pleated and silk braided; the colors are navy blue and new brown $42.50

31-INCH JACKETS.—Women's 31-inch semi-fitting, fly-front Jacket with four button side vents, made of all-wool mannish grey coating with invisible green plaid and black velvet collar, a nobby, serviceable jacket $15.00

NEW FALL WAISTS.—Tailored white linen madras and vesting Waists for early fall, then the challie, albatross, crepe-de-chine, taffeta, China and India silk waists in black and colors, plain and plaids are to be the new favorites at

$1.25, $2.75, $5.00, $7.50 to $13.50

The Millinery Situation for 1906-'07 Our Miss Rose is still in market with the foremost designers of the east, where she is gathering the newest styles and forwarding them by express—many of which are now ready—Street Hats from $2.50 up; Dress Hats from $5.00 up. Following is a summary of the autumn and winter millinery situation for 1906 and 1907 as reported by our Mrs. Enman, who has recently returned from the east:

Broadly speaking, there are this season two distinct types of trimmed hats—the very large and the very small. There is no medium. But in the great variety of models offered in both the sorts mentioned, it is safe to assume that every woman will find something suited to her requirements and also of a nature that will harmonize well with the costume that she adopts—it's a season of greater varieties than ever heretofore. One point about the hats this year is that detail of line, be it in the trimming or the material, is unimportant—the general effect is the thing, and as long as this is right, everything else is disregarded.

PREST FELT HATS have come to the fore in a very strong manner and will be much in demand, not only in walking hats, but in the dressier hats as well—it is really wonderful what beautiful ideas have been brought out in these.

THE DRESSIER HATS have undulating and straight brims; and, too, the mushroom and turn-up-all-around styles will be popular, while in the small hats the elongated models, hood shapes and toques will lead; the trimmings will consist mainly of silks, velvets, plumage and whole birds.

HIBBARD'S—*Handsome Plaid Silks for Fall Waists at $1.00 and $1.25 yd. Are Now Ready*—HIBBARD'S

FAIRLEY SAYS P. B. STEWART WILL BE REPUBLICAN NOMINEE

"Philip B. Stewart, of Colorado Springs, will be nominated for governor by the Republican state convention. He will receive upward of 650 votes of the total of 880 that will be cast."

This statement was made last night by Chairman D. B. Fairley, of the Republican state committee, on his arrival in this city from Denver, where he put in a busy week at headquarters.

"John Holmberg, of Denver, is the only contesting candidate for the nomination, as far as I know. Frank Gowdy, also of Denver, was a probable candidate, but will not oppose the nomination of Mr. Stewart. Advices from the various parts of the state show that Mr. Stewart will win by a very large majority."

Mr. Fairley said that the statements that have been published to the effect that W. S. Boynton, of Colorado Springs, is a candidate to succeed him as state chairman, are without foundation. John Vivian, according to Mr. Fairley, will be elected as chairman without opposition. If opposition should develop, however, he will not cast fewer votes in the state convention than will Mr. Stewart, in the opinion of the state chairman.

Philip B. Stewart is a native of Vermont. He came to Colorado Springs about ten years ago, and has been interested in business in this vicinity for a number of years. He has taken an active part in the affairs of the Republican party, both in the county and state, for the last six years, and is chairman of the Republican county central committee. He has never held public office.

Mr. Stewart is a warm personal friend of President Theodore Roosevelt, and the president always makes his headquarters at Mr. Stewart's home during his visits to Colorado Springs.

PHILIP B. STEWART.

Personal Mention

Miss F. L. Thomas has returned from New York city.

Mrs. C. A. Logan will leave Tuesday for Lampasas, Tex.

R. L. Holland has gone to Chicago on a two weeks business trip.

Mrs. W. S. Boynton, of this city, leaves for New York this week.

Dr. W. H. Swan and family will return from their summer vacation Tuesday.

The Rev. Henry Rutgers Remsen, pastor of the Grace Episcopal church, will leave tomorrow on a month's vacation in New York.

The Rev. and Mrs. J. F. Franklin will leave tomorrow for a short visit in Utah and Wyoming.

Mrs. Cooper of Adrian, Mich., is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. M. Swift, 1023 Colorado avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Beck have gone to Denver and other northern points for a stay of several weeks.

Dr. Henry B. Hayden, who has been visiting in New Mexico for the last ten days, has returned to this city.

The following Esbon, Kas., people are now visiting in Colorado Springs and its vicinity: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Noble, Dr. S. H. Dykes, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Campbell and Miss Leo Bates.

Mrs. Harvey M. Bennett, of Cannister, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. George E. Nolte, 18 Ninth street, West Side.

Mrs. Gashwiler and her daughter, Miss Marie Gashwiler, are located at No. 9 West Willamette avenue, for the fall and winter.

Mrs. E. H. Loper and her daughter, Miss Grace Loper, have returned from Macatawa, Mich., where they have been for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Baggott, of Oakland, Cal., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Ruby in this city. Mr. Baggott is Mrs. Ruby's brother.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Baggot of Oakland, Cal., are in this city visiting Judge and Mrs. W. N. Ruby. Mr. Baggot is a brother of Mrs. Ruby.

Myron T. Herrick, former governor of Ohio, who has been visiting in Colorado Springs for the last few days, left yesterday for Leadville, where he will look after extensive mining interests.

Professor Robert W. Stevens will leave this evening for Lincoln, where he will take up his work in the musical department of the University of Nebraska. Miss Charlotte James, Miss Lockstone and Miss Helen McNeer of La Junta will accompany him.

Tomorrow night the recently-organized Veterans association of El Paso county will meet in G. A. R. hall to discuss plans for the betterment of the old soldiers of this county and to appoint a committee to secure signatures to the constitution and by-laws of the association. On Tuesday night Colorado Springs Post No. 22, G. A. R., will hold a meeting in G. A. R. hall. All visiting G. A. R. veterans are invited to attend.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

WANTED—4 or 5-room cottage Garfield [illegible] G. E. W[illegible] E Platte.

POSTAGE STAMPS TO COVER WALLS

YOUNG GIRL BEGINS EXTRAORDINARY TASK OF PAPERING ROOM WITH CANCELED STAMPS.

ANDERSON, Ind., Sept. 1.—Miss Sadie Chambers, of this city, has started upon the extraordinary task of papering her room with canceled postage stamps. The room is 15 by 24 and has a 9-foot ceiling.

The stamps of all nations are being pasted on the blank side of ordinary wall paper, and to cover one roll 6354 stamps will be required. For the entire room 186,912 stamps will be used.

Miss Chambers has on hand at this time 91,000 stamps and she thinks she can get about 100,000 more within three months.

Her friends in several large cities are assisting her in the work of collecting the stamps. Miss Chambers is at present visiting in the south and while away she will carry on her campaign for stamps.

S.S.S. A CERTAIN SAFE TREATMENT

Even if mercury and potash could cure Contagious Blood Poison the condition in which these strong minerals leave the system would make the cure worse than the disease. But they cannot cure the vile disorder; they can only cover up the symptoms for awhile to break out with renewed violence when the treatment is left off. When the virus of Contagious Blood Poison enters the blood the entire circulation becomes poisoned, and the loathsome symptoms begin to appear. The mouth and throat ulcerate, hair and eyebrows come out, glands in the neck and groin swell, copper-colored spots appear on the body, and in severe cases sores and ulcers break out, and even the bones become diseased. S. S. S. is the only certain, safe cure for Contagious Blood Poison; thousands have been cured by it after failing with the mineral treatment, Hot Springs, etc. It is the only remedy that is able to get at the root of the disease and force out the poison so that no signs are ever seen again. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, being made of roots, herbs and barks, and never leaves any bad effects, but instead, tones up the stomach and digestion and builds up every part of the system while removing the poison from the blood. Book with instructions for self treatment and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

There Is Nothing More Suitable

as a present or souvenir to take home with you than a selection from our complete line of

Novelties.

We have them direct from the east. Many useful little articles gotten up in an artistic manner.

THE

Johnson Jewelry Co.

Phone Main 1383. 26 East Pike's Peak.

AIKEN'S MUSEUM

The Original Souvenir Store Patronized and recommended by our home people.
No. 14 East Pike's Peak Avenue.

Now Is the Time

to get school suits for your boys. All of them selling at 33 1-3 per cent discount, this week only.

Prices cut in half on all ladies' white linen suits and skirts and shirt waists.

Don't miss this sale. You can't get such bargains elsewhere.

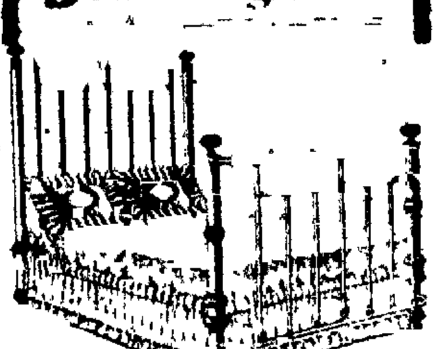
Granville's

105½ S. TEJON ST.

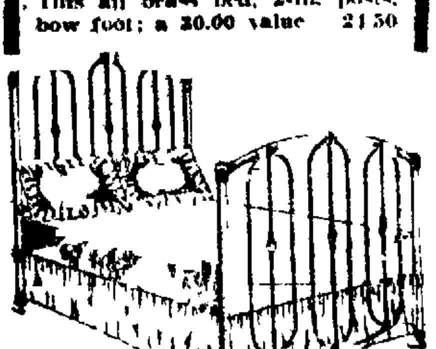
Weekly Gazette

$1.00 PER YEAR

Bed Bargains..



This all brass bed, 2-in. posts, bow foot; a 30.00 value 21.50



This handsome metal bed 7.25
Over 60 styles 1.90 to 75.00
Special prices on springs and mattresses.
Another 20-ton car soon to arrive hence these record-breaking prices.
CASH OR CREDIT.

M'CRACKEN & HUBBARD

Furniture Dept. Colorado Springs Dry Goods Co.

120-122 South Tejon St

ITS FUN TO BE WELL DRESSED
RESOLVED
THAT WHEN YOU SEND YOUR CHILDREN TO SCHOOL, GOOD CLOTHES ARE AS ESSENTIAL AS GOOD SCHOOL BOOKS. YOU KNOW THAT A WELL DRESSED CHILD TAKES MUCH MORE INTEREST IN ITS STUDIES. AND THE DEAR TEACHER SHOULD BEGIN THE TERM WITH NEW CLOTHES. GO WHERE YOU GET THE BEST VALUE, THATS ARITHMATIC.
BUSTER BROWN.
B. B.
READIN RITIN RITHMATIC
R. F. Outcault

IS NOT DRESSING WELL ONE OF THE BEST LESSONS YOUR CHILDREN CAN LEARN?

IT DOESN'T COST MUCH TO DRESS A BOY WELL IF YOU BUY HIS CLOTHES AT THE RIGHT STORE. A FEW CENTS MORE MEANS STYLE, FIT AND QUALITY. THEY MEAN A SAVING OF DOLLARS TO YOU IN THE COURSE OF A YEAR. ALL OUR NEW FALL AND WINTER SCHOOL SUITS FOR BOYS ARE NOW ON THE COUNTERS.

EVERY SUIT WE HAVE IS GUARANTEED TO GIVE ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION, A NEW SUIT FOR ANY THAT DOESN'T.

IT'S NOT THE PROFIT WE MAKE ON BOYS' CLOTHING. IT'S GETTING THE BOYS EDUCATED TO TRADE WITH US THAT WE ARE AFTER.

HOLBROOK AND PERKINS

MATTHEWS TESTS CITY'S ARC LIGHTS

Prof. C. B. Matthews of Purdue university, who has been in Colorado Springs for the last two days inspecting the arc light furnished to the city by the Hydro-Electric company, left yesterday morning for the east. He has not yet submitted a report on the lights, but it is expected that he will send a report to the council committee within a short time. His report will be used as evidence by the city when it submits its bill of $15,000 for shortage of lights to arbitration. Professor Matthews may be selected by the city to represent it on the board of arbitration.

Life Insurance.

For twenty-five cents you can now insure yourself and family against any bad results from an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. That is the price of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, a medicine that has never been known to fail. Buy it now, it may save life. For sale by all druggists.

FAIRBANKS PASSES THROUGH THIS CITY

Vice President C. W. Fairbanks reached Colorado Springs this morning accompanied by President C. C. Glover of the Riggs National bank of Washington, D. C. The visitors were met at the Santa Fe depot by Thomas F. Walsh, Miss Evelyn Walsh and her friend, Miss Lillian Hurd, all of Denver. The party went on to Denver.

Vice President Fairbanks was recognized while breakfasting in the depot lunch room by a number of visiting newspaper men, and a general round of handshaking followed.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCURSIONS EVERY DAY.

Going and returning same route, $2.50. Going Short Line, returning Midland route, $3.00. Trains leave from Santa Fe station at 8.15 and 10 20 a. m.

ONE DOLLAR A MONTH will keep your clothes pressed. Huntly, 111 North Tejon street. Phone [illegible]

STRATTON MONUMENT WILL BE INSTALLED NEXT WEEK

The W. S. Stratton monument will arrive in Colorado Springs within 10 days at the latest and will be installed some time next week at the grave of the dead philanthropist in Evergreen cemetery.

Mrs. Virginia Cobb of Chicago, sister of Mr. Stratton, will come to Colorado Springs to witness the placing [illegible] Stratton executors to [illegible] ceremony in keeping to the [illegible]

Dr. D. H. [illegible] of the executors said last night that the [illegible] of Mrs. [illegible] who will arrive here this week will be consulted [illegible] will probably [illegible] of the stone. Word was received yesterday [illegible] that the monument would be shipped either [illegible]

Head of the Principal Figure.

Front View of Stratton Monument.

of the monument over the grave, and it is not improbable that a change will be made in the original plans of the

Wednesday. It will arrive in about one week after being shipped.

The monument, which cost $5,000, was designed and chiseled by Miss Nellie Walker, junior instructor in the Chicago Art Institute, and an ardent worker. Rhode Island granite was used in preference to Colorado material because of its finer grain, and its particular adaptability to the special grade of sculpturing required by Miss Walker's design.

The monument weighs 20 tons. It is one solid block of granite and is eight feet high, seven feet wide and four feet thick. The massive outlines of the monument stand out unrelieved, from a distance, and are intended to convey from afar the strong will and character of the man whose life it represents. On closer inspection a figure of charity is seen extending a helping hand to an unfortunate. The representation, which is carried out in a beautiful and artistic manner, is intended by the sculptor to convey the generous nature of the dead millionaire as known during his lifetime only to those closely associated with him.

The monument will bear the inscription from Shakespeare's Timon of Athens: "Tis not enough to help the feeble up, but to support him after."

MISS NELLIE WALKER,
Of Chicago, Who Designed and Made the Stratton Monument.

FINE AS SILK

That is What a Little Girl Says of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

I am a little girl eight years of age, do not know very much but one thing I do know, and that is that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is fine as silk for anyone with a stomach ache. I had a very severe pain last night, took a dose of it and was relieved at once.—Maude Ellen Wood, Clifton, Va. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Dr. Baker and Dr. DeBerry desire to announce their association for the practice of dentistry. Dr. Baker removes from the El Paso Bank building to their present location in the Colorado building, corner Tejon and Huerfano, rooms 204-5-6-7. Phone Main 4[illegible]

Go to Lotz & Saenger, 8 E. Bijou, for your cutlery, toilet articles and barber supplies.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.

The following have announced themselves as candidates for the offices named, subject to the action of the Republican conventions:

CONGRESSMAN AT-LARGE
Arthur Cornforth, of Colorado Springs
DISTRICT JUDGE
Robert Kerr, of Colorado Springs
STATE SENATOR
John B. Stephen, of Colorado City
COUNTY COMMISSIONER
B. A. Bana, of Bijou Basin
Chas. W. Long, of Colorado Springs
George B. Scythe, of Falcon.
ASSESSOR
F. F. Schreiler, of Colorado City
CLERK AND RECORDER,
J. L. Harbaugh, of Colorado Springs
SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

REGULAR SERVICES — Regular services will be held at the United Presbyterian church today. On Tuesday evening a free ice cream social will be held on the parsonage lawn for the members of the Sunday school. The fourth quarterly conference will meet at the church on Thursday at 8 p. m.

WILL SING — The last opportunity Colorado Springs people will have of hearing Mrs. Charles Arnold Logan sing in this city will be at the Grace Episcopal church this morning, when she will sing "Fear Me Not, O Israel." Miss Helen Eagle will play a violin solo at the same service.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Aug. 31.

We, the political committee appointed at the annual meeting of the Pike's Peak Cattle and Horse Growers association, wish to announce the name of Mr. A. F. Crowe, of Cascade, Colo., as our candidate for state senator, subject to the approval of the Republican convention.

A. J. TEMPLETON, Chairman.

Beautify Your Lawn With Iron Fence

HASSELL IRON WORKS CO. [illegible]

CASCARETS CANDY CATHARTIC
10c 25c 50c
AT ALL DRUGGISTS
THEY NEVER FAIL
EASY WORKERS
THE RELIABLE FAMILY REMEDY FOR
CONSTIPATION
BILIOUSNESS AND HEADACHE
They reach the seat of the trouble and assist nature to resume the natural functions. Purely Vegetable. Contain no injurious [illegible]. Highly recommended and endorsed. A trial will convince you of their merit.
THE [illegible]-CRAFSER REMEDY CO., C[illegible]

"There's Health in Every Drop"
Clarified Milk and Cream
IT'S THE BEST.
It's from a healthy herd of cows.
It's handled by the most sanitary machinery.
It's put up in bottles.
It's indorsed by all physicians.
It's absolutely without adulteration and
IT'S 16 QUART-BOTTLES FOR $1.00.
Try it and be convinced.
The Sanitary Dairy Co.
Ring 590. 18-19-20 W. Vermijo St.

Be sure and see our unusual display before choosing anything for the home this fall

We are anxious to show you through this great store full of furniture, carpets, kitchen wares, table wares, draperies, etc., because we want you to see what such prestige is ours [illegible] accomplish. We are constantly in touch with the furniture and [illegible] most representative manufacturers [illegible] the judge your [illegible] furniture establishment.

FAIRLEY BROS. & FAIRLEY
"Colorado Springs' Home Furnishers"
23 South Tejon Street

Up-to-Date Styles in Furniture
Our large salesrooms are again filled up with the latest styles and values from the big factories. This coming week we open lots of
DINING ROOM FURNISHINGS,
BUFFETS, CHINA CABINETS, TABLES, CHAIRS, ETC
AND BED ROOM FURNITURE IN ALL WOODS.
A special lot of "left over" and "misfit" Rugs cheap.
The FRED S. TUCKER FURNITURE CO. 106-108 N. Tejon St.

Sunday and Labor Day
EXCURSION VIA
The Colorado Midland Ry. to Cascade, Green Mountain Falls, Woodland Park
50c Round Trip
CHILDREN 25 CENTS.
Trains leave 9:00 a. m. D. & R. G. depot, west Antlers hotel, and 11:05 a. m. from Santa Fe depot, returning at convenient hours.
Caledonian Society Picnic and Games
AT CASCADE LABOR DAY.
ONE FARE ROUND TRIP
to all Colorado and Utah Points Sept. 3.
$25.00 CALIFORNIA ONE WAY $[illegible]
MIDLAND ROUTE OFFICE, 9 N. Tejon for Tickets, etc.
C. S. BROWNE, General Agent.

Fresh Candy
Fresh home-made candy, delicious and wholesome, is made daily at 15 East Bijou.
Mrs. Evans

FINE FISHING RODS
Only a Few Left
Also a few fine lines, reels, flies, baskets, etc.
All at prices that you cannot expect to duplicate.
Our Entire Stock at Cost for Cash
BARNES HARDWARE
17 South Tejon Street

Sinton's Buttermilk
IS THE BEST SUMMER DRINK AND THE MOST HEALTHFUL YOU CAN FIND.
THEN TRY SINTON'S MILK
THEN TRY SINTON'S CREAM
THEN TRY SINTON'S BUTTER
and you'll get the best and pay no more.
Phone 142-B.

DO IT NOW
Let us have your orders for putting your heating plant or plumbing in repair for winter. Remember, a little precaution now will save you a great deal of annoyance and expense later on. Let us have your orders NOW!
St. John & Barnes
THE PROMPT PLUMBERS
Phone 13. 206 N. Tejon St.

Closing Out Sale Now On
THE FAIR.
118 S. TEJON St.

FOOTBALL IS HERE

Terrors Open Season This Week. Schedules For Leading Elevens of the Country---J. R. Richards Discusses New Rules

FUTURITY

Rich Stake Won By Electioneer, 4 to 1 Shot

NELSON OR GANS?

Which Will Be the Lightweight Champion After Tomorrow's Battle at Goldfield?--Odds Favor the Colored Fighter

ELECTIONEER WINS $50,000 FUTURITY

Ninth at Start, Victor Finishes Three-Fourths of a Length Ahead of Keene's Pope Joan. Fifteen Two-Year-Olds Race Madly.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Down a lane of gray brown earth which had all the softness of velvet beneath the tread of the flying thoroughbred hoofs, fifteen fleet two-year-olds raced madly today to a goal three-quarters of a mile away, where lay a purse of nearly $50,000. It was the nineteenth running of the Futurity at Sheepshead Bay, and as a roar from nearly 40,000 throats rent the air, Electioneer, a well-named colt, by Voter-Quesal, flashed under the wire a winner by three-quarters of a length.

Another champion had been proclaimed and William Lakeland, a horseman by profession, who trains his bread winners himself and sleeps in the barn when necessary, had snatched the richest prize of the year from half a score of millionaires.

At the winner's quarters was Pope Joan, the fastest filly of the year and the best of the trio which J. R. Keene sent to the post to be played as favorites at the short price of 8 to 5. Demund, the Goldfinch colt, for which Paul J. Rainey paid $45,000 early in the season, was third, beaten for second honors by the shortest of heads. He ran a creditable race. Next came Yankee Gun, an added starter; Peterpan, to which the frantic players of the Keene stable had pinned their faith, Yankee Girl, owned by C. R. Ellison; Ballot, added by Mr. Keene, to take the place of Zambesi; Conville, one of the most widely-tipped horses in the race; Horace E., the famous western colt, bought by Roy Rainey for $25,000, with the Futurity in view; Don Enrique, the Belmont representative; Kentucky Beau, backed from 20 to 1 down to 12 to 1; Old Honesty, the only 100 to 1 shot in the stake; Altuda; Oran, played by a few because Miller had the mount, and last of all, Purslane, which opened at 50 to 1 and stayed there.

It was one of the best and most truly run Futurities ever seen. So well bunched was the field that a furlong from home anyone of the fifteen had a chance. But Electioneer was best. He never faltered under a grueling drive which began at the head of the stretch and lasted until the finish. Jockey Willie Shaw was in the saddle, and never did a boy give a more skillful exhibition of horsemanship. He judged his pace and timed his winning rush to the fraction of a second. He played his whip without mercy through the last sixteenth and won a race which called forth a thunder of cheers for both horse and rider.

Electioneer was second choice in the betting, at 4 to 1. In the first mad rush Electioneer was overlooked, and his price lengthened to eight. Then there followed a scene in the ring such as has been seldom witnessed at Sheepshead Bay. Electioneer money seemed to pour in from every side, and the layers were fairly swamped under the cloudburst of gold, silver and notes which were thrust upon them. Peterpan, Pope Joan and Ballot of the Keene entry were neglected. The glamour faded from the $45,000 Demund and the $25,000 Horace E.; the millionaire owners were passed by in the mad hurry to back the horse of a practical horseman. From 8 to 1 the bookmakers cut until just half that figure was the prevailing odds at post time. Even then the Electioneer followers kept hammering away until 3 to 1 was hard to find in the last few seconds.

There was a delay of nearly eight minutes at the post. Then the webbing was sprung, and away jumped Pope Joan. Peterpan followed her for a few hundred yards, but the pace was too swift for him. Yankee Gun got away third and Horace E. was fourth to show. Electioneer had been a bit unfortunate at the break, though the start was good for all. He was ninth as the timer's flag went down. Shaw took in the situation and acted with swift decision. He pulled Electioneer well to the outside and began a race which will live long in the memory of those who saw it. Clear of interference, Electioneer set to work to overhaul his field. At the turn from the Futurity chute into the stretch of the main track he was still lengths away from Pope Joan, who was already being hailed as the winner. Demund was second, fighting the Keene filly at every step. Peterpan was third and Yankee Gun was fourth.

Shaw pulled his whip and at the first lash Electioneer jumped into a quicker stride. Horse after horse succumbed to his heart-breaking rush, until just a few yards from the wire his muzzle showed in front of Pope Joan. The record-breaking crowd roared its encouragement. Shaw played the whip once more and the race was over. As Shaw returned with the winner to weigh in he was greeted by a remarkable demonstration. It was unquestionably one of the most popular victories of the year, and the blow the race goers dealt the bookmakers was stinging. The time, 1:13 3-5, was not fast.

The Futurity purse this year contained exactly $46,770. Of this amount $37,270 went to Mr. Lakeland, the owner of the winner. Mr. Keene received $3,750 as the share for the second horse, and Paul Rainey drew $2,000 for Demund's third honors.

Electioneer was bred and named by the late Major G. B. Thomas of Kentucky. Two thousand dollars of the Futurity purse goes to the nominator of the winner, but Major Thomas being dead, the $2,000 will be paid to his estate. Mr. Keene received an additional $1,250 for nominating the second horse and $500 goes to J. B. Haggin, the nominator of Demund.

The day's results:

First race, five and one-half furlongs—Temaceo won, Monfort second, Eudora third. Time, 1:07.

Second race, the Inaugural steeplechase, about two miles—John M. P. won, Belligerent second, Oro third. Time, 4:07.

Third race, Fall handicap, six furlongs—Roseben won, Neva Lee second, Ormondale third. Time, 1:12 2-5.

Fourth race, the Futurity, six furlongs, Futurity course—Electioneer, 117, Shaw, 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, won; Pope Joan, 116, Nicol, 8 to 5 and 2 to 5, second; Demund, 123, Radtke, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 3-5. Oran, Peterpan, Horace E., Don Enrique, Conville, Old Honesty, Purslane, Altuda, Kentucky Beau, Yankee Girl, Ballot and Yankee Gun also ran.

Fifth race, mile—The Toddy won, Wes second, Vino third. Time 1:39 2-5.

Sixth race, mile and one-sixteenth, on turf—Ginette won, Klamesha second; Nealon third. Time, 1:46 3-5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

[illegible] EARLY.

DETROIT, Sept. 1.—Crawford [illegible] the opening inning, which [illegible] two runs, really decided [illegible] game won by Detroit 3 to [illegible]. Score: R.H.E.

Detroit [illegible]

St. Louis [illegible]

Schlei and Smith; Pow[illegible] and O'Connor.

[illegible] SHUT OUT.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 1.—[illegible]

Score: R.H.E.

Cleveland [illegible]

Chicago [illegible]

[illegible] Smith, [illegible] Ryan [illegible]

[illegible] WINNING.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The New York Americans [illegible] today by taking two games from Washington. Score:

First Game: R.H.E.

Washington [illegible]

New York [illegible]

[illegible] and [illegible]; [illegible] Thomas.

Second Game: R.H.E.

Washington [illegible]

New York [illegible]

Patten [illegible] and [illegible]; Thomas.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

[illegible] St. Paul [illegible]

[illegible] Columbus, 6.

[illegible] Minneapolis [illegible]

[illegible] Indianapolis [illegible]

[illegible] Louisville [illegible]

PULLIAM IN CONTROL OF BOSTON NATIONALS

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—A dispatch from Boston says:

It is persistently reported here that President Pulliam of the National league has secured control of the Boston club and that announcement of the deal is being withheld until the close of the present season. When Mr. Pulliam was here a few weeks ago he said that negotiations for the purchase of the Boston club were off because of the high price asked by Soden and Conant for the franchise, players and grounds, but persons who are in a position to know say that a deal has been consummated.

HOW THEY STAND.

Western League.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Des Moines	87	[illegible]	[illegible]
Omaha	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lincoln	56	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sioux City	51	61	[illegible]
Denver	54	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pueblo	44	[illegible]	[illegible]

National League.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pittsburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia	55	[illegible]	.434
Cincinnati	51	72	.414
Brooklyn	47	75	[illegible]
St. Louis	45	77	[illegible]
Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

By Alva Henderson

NELSON AND GANS READY FOR BIG GOLDFIELD FIGHT

GOLDFIELD, Nev., Sept. 1.—Matters were quiet in pugilistic circles today. Little was heard at training camps in relation to the weighing squabble and the incident appears to have been forgotten in the growing interest over the results of the championship battle which is now but 48 hours off.

Nelson transferred his quarters to the arena this afternoon and he will taper off his conditioning at the ring side until the call of time. The following men have been selected to act in the Dane's corner on Labor day: Tim McGrath, Johnnie Reid and Bobbie Lundie. Nolan will act as chief adviser to these men.

Joe Gans today sent a message to John Kelly in New York to bet all he could at the prevailing odds that he would defeat the Hegeswich fighter on Monday. The colored man supplemented this message with the statement that he was absolutely within the weight and that his condition is perfect. Later a telegram was received by Tex Rickard from Bat Masterson, asking him to verify the Kelly message. Rickard replied that the message was all right; that he himself had seen the telegram sent.

Gans borrowed the sum of $2,000 from the club, which he immediately sent to town to bet on himself. The wager was placed at odds of ten to eight.

Here is everything you want to know concerning the Nelson-Gans fight:

Principals—Battling Nelson, of Hegeswich, Ill., white lightweight champion of the world, and Joe Gans, of Baltimore, Md., lightweight champion of the world.

At stake—Lightweight championship of the world.

Place—Goldfield, Nev.

Date—Labor day, September 3.

Length of fight—Finish fight. Nevada is the only state in the union where a finish fight can be held. First finish fight in lightweight class since Jack McAuliffe won from Billy Myers at New Orleans September 5, 1892.

Purse—$30,000, the largest ever posted for a lightweight battle. To be divided as follows, win, lose or draw: Nelson, $[illegible]; Gans, $[illegible].

Weight—133 pounds at 3 o'clock.

Referee—George Siler.

Auspices—Goldfield Athletic club, of which "Tex" Rickard is president.

Accommodations—Arena to seat 10,000. Price of seats, from $5 to $25.

Altitude of Goldfield—5,600 feet above sea level. Rare desert air.

Last big fight in Nevada—March 17, 1897, when Fitzsimmons won the heavyweight title from Corbett at Carson city. Hart defeated Root at Reno July 3, 1905.

ALL THE FACTS ABOUT LIGHTWEIGHT SCRAP COMPARISON OF THE TWO MEN. WHAT THE EXPERTS SAY ABOUT IT.

Comparative Records—

	Gans.	Nelson.
Total fights	[illegible]	75
Total number won	[illegible]	46
By knockout	48	24
By foul	4	1
Total lost	6	10
By knockout	1	[illegible]
By referee's decision	[illegible]	9
By foul	[illegible]	1
Draws	12	15
Exhibitions	[illegible]	2
Stopped fights	1	[illegible]
No decisions	13	2
Per cent won, all fights	75	81 2-5
Ditto, ex. draws, etc.	94 4-5	83 1-3

On the square—United States Senator George S. Nixon has declared that the fight must be on the square or the citizens of the silver state will know the reason why, and that if either principals or promoters try any crooked work the state won't be big enough to hold them. While the articles look slightly suspicious, Nelson's name is a guarantee of a square fight, and Al Herford is no longer Gans' manager.

There will be several thousand Nevadans on hand to see that there is no faking.

Measurements—

Nelson.		Gans.
133	Weight	[illegible]
5 ft. 7½ in.	Height	5 ft. 6½ in.
5 ft. 7¼ in.	Reach outstretched	5 ft. [illegible] in.
14¼ in.	Neck	[illegible]
34 in.	Chest	[illegible] in.
[illegible] in.	Waist	29 in.
[illegible] in.	Biceps	13½ in.
10½ in.	Forearm	11½ in.
7 in.	Wrist	6½ in.
[illegible] in.	Thigh	20½ in.
11¼ in.	Calf	13½ in.
8¼ in.	Ankle	8½ in.

Why Nelson Should Win—An endurance that is the marvel of the ring, a capacity for assimilating punishment that has seldom been equaled in his class, a rugged constitution, a remarkable physique, and a magnificent courage, are the qualities upon which Battling Nelson relies to make him the lightweight champion of the world. In a meteoric career, he has defeated all the best in his class except Gans, and is a comer. The fact that it is to be a finish fight, at 133 ringside in fighting togs, and that the referee will not be allowed to lay hands on the fighters in separating them in the breakaways, are all in Nelson's favor. He is younger than Gans by six years, and has never dissipated as has the negro. Despite reports from Goldfield that Gans has had no trouble in making the weight, it is doubtful whether, at 130 or 131 pounds, he can retain the strength and ginger to pull him through a furious finish fight the victor. Nelson is usually poor during the opening rounds, but after 15 or 20 have gone by, will come up strong and his splendid physique will carry him through. Nelson has a hard wallop, but he has to get in a large number to make it effective. It is an open question whether his style of closer, rougher fighting, and smothered-up, rushing-on-top-of-you tactics will be of avail against Gans' generalship and cleverness, but there are many who believe that Gans' science and Gans' generalship will go the same route as did Britt science and Britt generalship a year ago. Nelson is the toughest and gamest lightweight that ever donned the padded mits.

Why Gans Should Win—Backed by 12 years' experience in the ring, during which he has achieved a position as one of the greatest fighters the country has ever seen and has demonstrated unusual ability as a scientific boxer and ring general, Joe Gans expects to defeat Nelson inside of 10 rounds tomorrow. In experience, in cleverness, in speed, in science and in generalship, he is the acknowledged superior to any man in his class. He is cool under fire and has a punch in both hands that can deliver a knockout. Though a veteran, he has escaped, through his cleverness, from any severe beatings, while Nelson has never emerged from a fight without having taken one. His machine-like precision in protecting himself, his agility to keep out of harm's way, and his quickness to land a knockout if his opponent leaves an opening, are dangerous factors. In proper condition, he is a great master in self-defense, and an artist in the handling of his mits. But his proper fighting weight is six or seven pounds above what he will have to weigh in at Goldfield, and much depends upon whether he can really keep his strength at this weight and succeed in beating down the Dane in the earlier rounds of the fight. In a long fight he will be at a disadvantage. In accepting all of Nolan's disadvantageous terms, he shows that he possesses great confidence in his old-time ability. His chances depend upon his condition, his experience and his science.

ATTELL AND WEEKS READY

BIGGEST BOUT IN DISTRICT'S HISTORY AT VICTOR TOMORROW NIGHT.

BOTH BOYS IN EXCELLENT TRIM. WEEKS THE FAVORITE—RUGGED FIGHTER AGAINST CLEVER BOXER.

Special to The Gazette.

VICTOR, Colo., Sept. 1.—The greatest prize fight ever seen in this district, and one of the best battles among "little fellows" which has ever been pulled off in the state will take place here Monday night between Freddie Weeks, champion featherweight of Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana, and Monte Attell, champion bantamweight of America.

The interest in the forthcoming battle has never before been equaled in this section, and the sale of seats has been tremendous. Lovers of the manly art from all over the state have wired for seats and it is expected that fully 2,000 people will witness this twenty-round contest.

Both boys are in excellent trim and have about completed their hard training labors. [illegible] runs over mountain roads, shadow boxing, skipping the rope and boxing from six to ten rounds daily with sparring partners has been the course pursued for three weeks. Each boy is as trim and fit as the proverbial fiddle and should put up the battle of his life. Weeks will probably enter the ring two to three pounds heavier than his clever little adversary from San Francisco.

So far there has been but little betting but Weeks will be the favorite, as he is a faster, more rugged and is fighting from the tap of the gong until the finish. It is the same old story of a fighter with the punch and an exceptionally clever boxer.

TO BOOST PIKE GOLF.

[illegible] Mossman, [illegible] of the Pike [illegible] golf committee, has left for Normandy, Mo., where he will compete for the western amateur golf championship in the tournament beginning on Tuesday of this week. He will also do some boosting for the Pike tourney.

PLAY 24 INNINGS

BOSTON, Sept. 1.—A new major league record was established today when Philadelphia defeated Boston 4 to 1 in a 24-inning game lasting nearly five hours. Only one occasion so far as recorded has this number of innings been exceeded, [illegible] game between Fargo and Grand Forks, at Devils Lake, N. D., lasting 25 innings. The second longest game on record prior to the game today was the Harvard-Manchester game of 24 innings played in Boston two years ago. Only three major league games approach the present record, each having lasted 20 innings.

In the 30 years of professional baseball in this city only three games have extended beyond 15 innings and the Philadelphia American team was the victor in all three. [illegible] inning game in 1902, the second [illegible] inning game July 4 [illegible] and the third was today's game.

[illegible] pitched one of the greatest games ever seen in this city. Five times [illegible] dangerous batsmen [illegible] to get the next man. He struck out 18 men and was batted safely 15 times. The pitching of Harris equaled that of Coombes for 23 innings, but in the last inning he weakened after the Athletics had scored and was hit for two three-baggers. The fielding [illegible] excellent [illegible] and [illegible] was [illegible]. [illegible] advertised a double-header [illegible] a large crowd, but it was impossible to play the second game on account of darkness.

Philadelphia scored the first run in the third on two scratch singles and a stolen base. Boston tied the score in the sixth on a three-bagger and a single. The visitors scored the three winning runs in the twenty-fourth. Coombes struck out, Hartzell singled, Lord struck out and Hartzell stole second. Schreck singled, scoring Hartzell. Then Harris weakened and was batted for successive three-baggers by Seybold and Murphy. Score: R.H.E.

Philadelphia [illegible]

Boston 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 15 1

Coombes and Powers; Harris and Carrigan, Criger.

TRIANGULAR Y. M. C. A. MEET

COLORADO SPRINGS, SALT LAKE CITY AND OAK PARK, ILL., TO CONTEST OCT. 6.

MEETS TO BE HELD IN HOME TOWNS AND RESULTS TELEGRAPHED BETWEEN THE CITIES.

Arrangements were completed yesterday morning for a triangular outdoor meet between the Young Men's Christian association of Oak Park, Ill., Salt Lake City, Utah, and Colorado Springs, to be held on Saturday afternoon, October 6.

The contestants will meet in their respective home towns, the Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City meets being held at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon and the Oak park boys beginning at 3:30 o'clock. The results will be telegraphed from each city to the others.

Secretary Jesse [illegible] Arnold of the boys' department of the local association, has had charge of arrangements for Colorado Springs.

[illegible], former physical director of the Colorado Springs Y. M. C. A., is [illegible] of the association at Oak Park.

Physical Director Erps, who arrived yesterday morning from Waco, Tex., to take up his duties with the local association, will have charge of the boys who will enter the contest from this city. Active training will commence next week as soon as repairs to the gymnasium are completed.

The association scoring the highest number of points will be awarded the trophy, which will be purchased in Chicago. First place in any event counts five points, second place, three points, and third place, one point. Following are the events: For boys under 15 years of age—100-yard dash, running broad jump, [illegible] 12-pound shot-put, 440-yard relay, [illegible] to a team. For boys under [illegible] years—50-yard dash, running high jump, and 75-yard dash. Any number of contestants may enter these events, but [illegible] highest scores will be counted.

RULE ON PUNTS IS THE MOST RADICAL

—J. R. RICHARDS.

Local Football Authority Returns From East and Discusses Change in Rules---Looks Good Season Here.

"Football will be more scientific under the new rules," said J. R. Richards, principal of the Colorado Springs High school, and coach of both the High school and Colorado college football teams, yesterday, in discussing the changes that have been made in the playing rules for the coming season.

"There will be more room for headwork on the part of the coach and the man who runs the team," he said. "It will require a cleverer fellow to handle a team in action. The quarterback will be a more important factor on the aggressive, although the rules will not require a different sort of man in build.

"The game will not be so changed as to be particularly different to the spectators. The rules will make a greater difference in the far east, where they had almost forgotten how to make an end run. In the west the game has been more open.

"There will be more kicking, not particularly because of the 10-yard rule, but because of the other rule, which I consider more radical than any of the other changes, that a punt shall be anybody's ball after touching ground. This will require the double line of defense, which, however, both the college and the High school have used for the past two years, and will require two or three men in the backfield on defense. It will mean that the ends and the backs must be fast.

"The forward pass I do not consider of any particular advantage.

"The 10-yard rule will undoubtedly make it harder to score. It will open up the game some, but by no means will it do away with plays into the line. A good plunger will still be a valuable man. He will only have to make three and a third yards a scrimmage for the required distance.

"As far as injuries go, the changes will probably not lessen them materially. The roughness and 'dirty' work will still depend on the officials."

Mr. Richards has just returned from a two months' vacation in Wisconsin, and has as yet secured no line on the material and prospects at Colorado college, although he has his High school team pretty well lined up. He believes he will have another championship High school eleven, although he loses several of his stars.

In regard to the intercollegiate situation, he says: "We ought to have a good season, and a clean one. Colorado has an excellent set of coaches. Mr. Rothgeb at Fort Collins and Mr. Koehler at Denver, the new men, are both good. Mr. Ellsworth, in his two years at the Mines, has done good work. Mr. Castleman, at Boulder, is the unknown quantity as a coach, although a good athlete with a strong record. Koehler and Rothgeb both have excellent records as athletes and coaches and should put out some fine teams. This year I look to see as good football in Colorado as in the middle west."

FOOTBALL PRACTICE BEGINS; TERRORS MAY PLAY SALT LAKE; TIGERS ARE AFTER BIG GAME

Tuesday of this week will see the local football stars in action. Captain Morrell will have his "Terrors" at work with the opening of school in preparation for another championship season. By next Monday the Tigers will don the football togs, it being expected that a large number of the college warriors will return to school a few days ahead of time to get in a few licks on the gridiron.

The opening game of the season will probably be the annual preseason contest between the Terrors and the Tigers. This will probably be arranged for Saturday, September 22. Hopes of getting a game for the Pike Centennial week between the University of Wisconsin and Colorado college have about been given up, as the Badgers do not return to school until that week and the Big nine conference rules forbid preliminary training. However, the college will go after some other big team. The University of Utah may be secured for this opening contest, or the Tigers may look eastward for their opponent.

As at present arranged, Manager K. McClintock announces the following Colorado college schedule:

Sept. 29 or Oct. 6—University of Utah here (probable).

Oct. 13—Colorado at Boulder.

Oct. 20—Open.

Oct. 27—Aggies here.

Nov. 3—Denver at Denver (practice).

Nov. 10—Open.

Nov. 17—Mines at Denver.

Nov. 29.—(Thanksgiving).—Denver here.

The High school's schedule will not be arranged until the annual meeting of the league some time the latter part of this month. It is announced, however, that if the Terrors show championship form, negotiations will be taken up with a view to securing a game with the Salt Lake City high school or some other school outside the Colorado league. High school stock took a rise yesterday with the announcement that Harbert, the star end, and Murphy, the big fullback, may be among the "candidates" for positions on the 1906 team.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

WON BY BATTING RALLY.

DES MOINES, Sept. 1.—By a batting rally in the ninth Des Moines defeated Lincoln today, 3 to 2. Score: R.H.E.

Des Moines 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—3 12 1

Lincoln 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 2

Cicotte and Wolfe; Zackert and Rogers.

WON IN ELEVENTH.

SIOUX CITY, Sept. 1.—Sioux City won out in the eleventh today. From the third to the end it was a royal pitching battle. Score: R.H.E.

Sioux City [illegible] 17 3

Omaha [illegible] 11 0

Jarrott and Hess; Dodge and Bender.

HARD HITTING [illegible].

DENVER, Sept. 1.—Hard hitting at the critical time won today's game for Pueblo. Score: R.H.E.

Denver [illegible] 2 4 3

Pueblo [illegible] 5 14 1

Sticker and Zalusky; Morgan and Reisnicker.

RANDALL DRAFTED BY CHICAGO NATIONALS

CINCINNATI, Sept. 1.—Following is a list of purchased and drafted minor league players secured by major league clubs since the close of the drafting season in 1905 as announced by the national commission today:

Purchased players: National League—By Cincinnati, from Seattle, C. Hall; John F. Kane, from Portland; William F. Essick and John B. McLean, from Fresno. Outfielder Western American league: By Detroit, from Topeka, J. W. Downs and John Forrester, from Wichita; Edgar Willetts, from Leavenworth; John A. Rowan. By St. Louis, from Tacoma, Nordyke. By Washington, from Oakland, Oscar Graham.

Drafted players: National league: By Chicago, from Denver, Randall. American league: By Detroit, from Fort Worth, Erwin. By Philadelphia, from Grays Harbor, N. E. King.

The following drafts of players have been allowed:

American: By Detroit from Fort Worth, Erwin; by Philadelphia from Grays Harbor, Schring.

National: By Chicago from Denver, Randall.

American League.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Detroit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Washington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Boston	38	81	[illegible]

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Brown outpitched Thompson and with good support won the fourteenth consecutive game for Chicago, defeating St. Louis easily. Score: R.H.E.

Chicago 0 1 0 1 2 2 2 0 *—8 10 0

St. Louis 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 2

Brown and Kling; Thompson and Marshall.

WON IN FIFTH.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.—Lush pitched good ball for Philadelphia until the fifth inning, when Brooklyn hit him hard and made enough runs to win. [illegible] Score: R.H.E.

Brooklyn [illegible]

Phila. [illegible]

Eason, McIntyre and Ritter; Lush and Donovan.

FREE HITTING.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 1.—Free hitting marked today's game between Cincinnati and Pittsburg, the visitors getting the better of the argument. [illegible] Score: R.H.E.

Cincinnati [illegible] 7 12 2

Pittsburg [illegible] 15 2

Ewing, Hall, McLean and Livingston; Leever and Gibson.

EASY GAME.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—[illegible] Boston. Score: R.H.E.

Boston [illegible]

New York 0 0 0 2 0 2 2 3 *—[illegible]

Dorner and O'Neil; McGinnity and Smith.

FOOTBALL SCHEDULES FOR COLLEGES, EAST AND WEST

FOLLOWING EDICT OF FACULTIES, MIDDLE WESTERN SCHOOLS RESTRICTED TO FIVE GAMES TWO EASTERN-WESTERN CONTESTS PRELIMINARY SEASON IN EAST OPENS SEPTEMBER 22.

It is now but a short time when the football warrior will succeed the baseball hero. Already plans for the coming season are materializing. Colleges and universities the country over will open for another year's work within the next two or three weeks. Their opening is the signal for the beginning of the football season. The schedules of all the big colleges and universities have been announced and [illegible] day in The Gazette.

Following the edict of the faculties of the middle west, that in the future athletics must not occupy such a prominent place as heretofore, the football schedules for the big universities of that section will be unusually light next fall.

The action of the Wisconsin faculty in voting against football has practically ruined any chances the Badgers had of being a factor next season, and from present indications the fight for the championship will be between Minnesota and Chicago.

Michigan's Big Drop.

After sheltering sensational teams for the past five years, Michigan finds herself without a game of any importance, except the contest with Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, and with not more than three veterans eligible, the gridiron outlook at Ann Arbor cannot be described as exactly roseate.

All the big middle western universities will close their campaigns on the Saturday preceding Thanksgiving day, but Minnesota has succeeded in getting a pretty formidable list of dates for a comparatively short season. In addition to the big game with Chicago, on November 10, the Gophers will play Nebraska and Indiana, two strong teams, and on November 17 will clash with the Carlisle Indians at Minneapolis. This contest will be second only to the Chicago game, as it will do much to settle the much-mooted question of the relative strength of eastern and western football teams.

Seek Eastern Opponents.

Like Michigan and Minnesota, Chicago was anxious to arrange a game with a strong eastern eleven, and made overtures to Cornell, but the two managers could not reach an agreement, and the game is off. All of Chicago's games will be played at home, while the only trip that Minnesota will make will be to Chicago.

Despite the many rumors concerning the abolition of professional coaches in the west, practically all of the old gridiron directors will be at their old stands when the whistle blows in September.

Alonzo Stagg, the former Yale football and baseball star, will be retained by Chicago, while Michigan will again pin faith on "Hurry Up" Yost. Dr. Harry Williams will direct the fortunes of Minnesota, and after having developed consistently strong teams, his chief desire will be to down the Carlisle Indians, who for years have done creditable work against the best aggregations of the east.

The preliminary football season in the east begins on Saturday, September 22, with a few contests by minor colleges. The big universities do not fall into line until a week or so later. On September 29, Princeton will bump shoulders with Villa Nova, while Harvard and Yale do not enter the arena until October 3, when they engage Bowdoin and Wesleyan, respectively. That starts the great machinery going which will grind on in bi-weekly contests until the chaff is separated from the wheat and the final victor is proclaimed the intercollegiate champion in November.

About the middle of October the football situation begins to get acute, and the bigger colleges, which have waited long enough to digest their preliminary meals of the smaller colleges, begin to meet each other. On October 13, Princeton clashes with the Navy and West Point with Colgate. On the same day Pennsylvania will meet Swarthmore. On October 20, Yale will tackle Pennsylvania State at New Haven. A week later Harvard makes its annual attack upon the citadel of West Point. Last year Harvard, with much difficulty broke down the outer walls of the Hudson fort with a score of 5 to 0, leaving Yale to make a rush into the breach with a score of 20 to 6. Harvard is the va[illegible] this year, as usual, but it expects to slay the enemy and leave no pickings for her New Haven rival a week later.

While the Cambridge eleven is playing at West Point, Princeton and Cornell will meet, in all probability, in New York. If they do, New Yorkers will see a good football battle, which will help drown their sorrow over the loss of the Columbia games. Last year the Tigers defeated the Red and White 16 to 6.

There will be a number of interesting contests on Noveber 3. Princeton plays Dartmouth, which proved her conqueror last year; Harvard plays Brown, Pennsylvania plays Lafayette, Minnesota plays Nebraska and the Navy plays Pennsylvania State. On the following Saturday, November 10, Princeton will try a hand at West Point and Brown will face Yale, while the Indians will attempt to scalp Harvard.

But all of these games will be as nothing to the contest that is reserved for November 17, when Yale and Princeton again trot upon the football field to do battle before thousands of admiring followers. The defeat last year of 4 to 23 still rankles in the Tiger's heart, and there will be fire in his eye as he watches the big Blue athletes rush upon the gridiron amid a thunderous burst of applause and throw off the blankets ready for the fray. Dividing part interest with the Harvard-Dartmouth, the Pennsylvania-Michigan and the Chicago-Illinois contests on the same day. A week later comes the closing big battle of the season, when Yale and Harvard try conclusions this year at New Haven. Coach Reid's fine showing with his men last year, when the Crimson held Yale down to 6 points, has aroused much interest as to what the Harvard eleven will be able to do with two years of Reid's coaching.

Other important games after the Harvard-Yale game will be the Pennsylvania-Cornell contest at Philadelphia on Thanksgiving day, and the West Point-Annapolis contest at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, on December 1.

Following are the schedules for the leading teams of the country:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22.

Gettysburg vs. W. M. College, at Gettysburg.
Rochester vs. Niagara, at Rochester.
Bates vs. Ft. Preble, at Lewiston.
Pennsylvania State vs. Lebanon, at State College.
Hobart vs. Palmer Institute, at Geneva.
Lehigh vs. Albright, at South Bethlehem.
Indians vs. Villa Nova, at Carlisle.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26.

Syracuse vs. Hobart, at Syracuse.
Indians vs. Albright, at Carlisle.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29.

Army vs. Tufts, at West Point.
Missouri vs. Kirksville, at Columbia.
Princeton vs. Villa Nova, at Princeton.
Massachusetts Agricultural vs. Holy Cross, at Worcester.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Col. High School, at Delaware, Ohio.
Syracuse vs. Rochester, at Syracuse.
Bates vs. Exeter, at Exeter.
Pennsylvania vs. Lehigh, at Philadelphia.
Hamilton vs. Utica F. A., at Clinton.
Mississippi vs. Vanderbilt, at Memphis.
Brown vs. New Hampshire State, at Providence.
Pennsylvania State vs. Allegheny, at State College.
Maryland Agricultural vs. Baltimore Polytechnic, at College Park.
Dickinson vs. Lebanon, at Carlisle.
Indians vs. Susquehanna, at Carlisle.
Washburn vs. Topeka High School, at Topeka.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3.

Andover vs. Springfield T. S., at Andover.
Pennsylvania vs. Gettysburg, at Philadelphia.
Colgate vs. Hobart, at Hamilton.
Yale vs. Wesleyan, at New Haven.
Cornell vs. Hamilton, at Ithaca.
Mississippi vs. Maryville.
Princeton vs. Stevens, at Princeton.
Harvard vs. Bowdoin, at Cambridge.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6.

Harvard vs. Maine, at Cambridge.
Yale vs. Syracuse, at New Haven.
Princeton vs. Wash. and Jeff., at Princeton.
Army vs. Trinity, at West Point.
Navy vs. Dickinson, at Annapolis.
Tufts vs. Worcester Polytechnic, at Tufts.
Cornell vs. Oberlin, at Ithaca.
Bowdoin vs. Exeter, at Brunswick.
Missouri vs. Warrensburg, at Columbia.
Swarthmore vs. Villa Nova, at Swarthmore.
Dartmouth vs. Massachusetts Agricultural, at Hanover.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Wittenburg, at Springfield, Ohio.
Pennsylvania vs. North Carolina, at Philadelphia.
Colorado vs. Denver, at Boulder.
Hamilton vs. St. Lawrence, at Clinton.
Lehigh vs. George Washington, at South Bethlehem.
Colgate vs. Rochester, at Rochester.
Bates vs. Hebron, at Lewiston.
Washburn vs. Friends, at Topeka.
Brown vs. Wesleyan, at Providence.
Carlisle vs. Pennsylvania State, at Williamsport.
Vanderbilt vs. Kentucky, at Nashville.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10.

Yale vs. Springfield Technical School, at New Haven.
Princeton vs. Lehigh, at Princeton.
Brown vs. Massachusetts Agricultural, at Providence.
Harvard vs. Bates, at Cambridge.
Washburn vs. Emporia, at Topeka.
Navy vs. Maryland Agricultural, at Annapolis.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13.

Yale vs. Holy Cross, at New Haven.
Harvard vs. Amherst Agricultural, at Cambridge.
Princeton vs. Navy, at Annapolis.
Amherst vs. Tufts, at Amherst.
Army vs. Colgate, at West Point.
Springfield vs. Rhode Island College, at Springfield.
Utah vs. Wyoming, at Farina, Wyo.
Gettysburg vs. Pennsylvania State, at State College.
Colorado vs. Colorado College, at Boulder.
Oberlin vs. Kenyon, at Oberlin.
Wesleyan vs. Bowdoin, at Middletown.
Missouri vs. Rolla, at Columbia.
Pennsylvania vs. Swarthmore, at Philadelphia.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Otterbein, at Delaware, Ohio.
Syracuse vs. Hamilton, at Syracuse.
Lehigh vs. Haverford, at South Bethany.
Rochester vs. St. Bonaventure, at Rochester.
Washburn vs. Kansas State, at Topeka.
George Washington vs. Gallaudet, at Washington.
Pennsylvania State vs. Gettysburg, at State College.
Michigan vs. Vanderbilt, at Ann Arbor.
Wisconsin vs. Laurence, at Madison.
Georgetown vs. Maryland Agricultural, at Washington, D. C.
Lebanon vs. Susquehanna, at Annville.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17.

Pennsylvania vs. Ursinus, at Philadelphia.
Wesleyan vs. Massachusetts Agricultural, at Middletown.
Washburn vs. Fort Riley, at Fort
Navy vs. St. John's College, at Annapolis.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20.

Harvard vs. Springfield Technical School, at Cambridge.
Amherst vs. University of Vermont, at Amherst.
Dartmouth vs. Williams, at Springfield.
Pennsylvania vs. Brown, at Philadelphia.
Yale vs. Pennsylvania State, at New Haven.
Princeton vs. Bucknell, at Princeton.
Wesleyan vs. Tufts, at Tufts.
Massachusetts Agricultural vs. New Hampshire, at Amherst.
Rochester vs. St. Lawrence, at Rochester.
Johns Hopkins vs. Stevens, at Baltimore.
Bates vs. Colby, at Waterville.
Northwestern vs. Marquette, at Watertown, Wis.
Chicago vs. Purdue, at Chicago.
Utah vs. Denver, at Denver.
Oberlin vs. Ohio Wesleyan, at Delaware, Ohio.
Missouri vs. Drury, at Columbia.
Swarthmore vs. George Washington, at Swarthmore.
Mississippi vs. Louisiana, at Baton Rouge.
Vanderbilt vs. Alabama, at Nashville.
Wisconsin vs. Alumni, at Madison.
Rock Hill College vs. University of Maryland, at Ellicott City.
Maryland Aggies vs. Mt. Washington, at Baltimore.
Navy vs. Lehigh, at Annapolis.
Lebanon vs. Gettysburg, at Gettysburg.
Indians vs. W. U. of Pennsylvania, at Pittsburg.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24.

Gettysburg vs. Lebanon, at Gettysburg.
[illegible] vs. Washburn, at Topeka.
[illegible]
Hamilton vs. Rensselaer Polytechnic, at Troy.
Navy vs. Western Maryland, at Annapolis.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27.

Army vs. Harvard, at West Point.
Yale vs. Amherst, at New Haven.
Princeton vs. Cornell, at New York.
Tufts vs. Maine.
Trinity vs. Springfield Technical School, at Springfield.
Utah vs. Colorado School of Mines, at Salt Lake City.
Bowdoin vs. Bates, at Brunswick.
Missouri vs. Iowa, at Columbia.
Swarthmore vs. Gettysburg, at Swarthmore.
Pennsylvania vs. Indians, at Philadelphia.
Hobart vs. St. Lawrence, at Canton.
Colorado vs. Kansas, at Lawrence.
Rochester vs. Hamilton, at Clinton.
Mississippi vs. Tennessee, at Memphis.
Lehigh vs. F. & M., at South Bethlehem.
Massachusetts Aggies vs. Rhode Island, at Amherst.
Chicago vs. Indiana, at Chicago.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Wooster, at Delaware, Ohio.
Hamilton vs. Rochester, at Clinton.
Johns Hopkins vs. Mt. Washington, at Mt. Washington.
Marquette vs. L. Forest, at Milwaukee.
George Washington vs. West Maryland, at Washington.
Pennsylvania State vs. Villa Nova, at State College.
Vanderbilt vs. Texas, at Nashville.
Wisconsin vs. North Dakota, at Madison.
Navy vs. Bucknell, at Annapolis.
Lebanon vs. Williamson, at Annville.
Dartmouth vs. Williams, at Springfield.
Minnesota vs. Ames, at Minneapolis.
Wesleyan vs. Vermont, at Middletown.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31.

Gettysburg vs. Mt. St. Mary's, at Gettysburg.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3.

Princeton vs. Dartmouth, at Princeton.
Harvard vs. Brown, at Cambridge.
Yale vs. Army, at West Point.
Bowdoin vs. Tufts, at Tufts.
Wesleyan vs. Springfield, at Middletown.
Utah vs. Montana, at Salt Lake city.
Oberlin vs. Ohio State University, at Oberlin.
Tufts vs. Bowdoin, at Medford.
Missouri vs. Texas, at Columbia.
Swarthmore vs. Johns Hopkins, at Baltimore.
Pennsylvania vs. Lafayette, at Philadelphia.
Hobart vs. Rochester, at Geneva.
Minnesota vs. Nebraska, at Minneapolis.
Hamilton vs. Trinity, at Hartford.
Mississippi vs. Tulane, at New Orleans.
Lehigh vs. Dickinson, at South Bethlehem.
Amherst vs. Massachusetts Agricultural, at Amherst.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Dennison, at Gambier.
Bates vs. New Hampshire, at Lewiston.
Washburn vs. Fairmount, at Topeka.
West Virginia vs. George Washington, at Washington.
Navy vs. Pennsylvania State, at Annapolis.
Vanderbilt vs. Wabash, at Nashville.
Wisconsin vs. University of Ohio, at Milwaukee.
West Maryland College vs. Maryland Agricultural, at Westminster.
Lebanon vs. Mt. St. Mary's, at [illegible].
Indians vs. Syracuse, at Buffalo.
Colorado vs. Nebraska, at Denver.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10.

Harvard vs. Indians, at Cambridge.
Dartmouth vs. Amherst.
Yale vs. Brown, at New Haven.
Princeton vs. Army, at West Point.
Tufts vs. Massachusetts, at Medford.
Springfield Technical School vs. Wor. Polytechnic, at Springfield.
Utah vs. All Hallows College, at Salt Lake city.
Oberlin vs. Wooster, at Wooster.
Bowdoin vs. Colby, at Brunswick.
Missouri vs. Arkansas, at Columbia.
Navy vs. Swarthmore, at Annapolis.
Gettysburg vs. Ursinus, at Reading.
Hobart vs. Alfred, at Geneva.
Colgate vs. Hamilton, at Clinton.
Mississippi vs. Sewanee, at Memphis.
Lehigh vs. New York University, at South Bethlehem.
Williams vs. Wesleyan, at Williamstown.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Case School, at Delaware, Ohio.
Haverford vs. Johns Hopkins, at Haverford.
Bates vs. Maine, at Lewiston.
Kansas vs. Washburn, at Topeka.
Marquette vs. Laurence, at Milwaukee.
George Washington vs. Washington and Lee, at Washington.
Pennsylvania State vs. [illegible], at State College.
Vanderbilt vs. Rose Polytechnic, at Nashville.
Wisconsin vs. Illinois, at Urbana.
St. Johns College vs. Maryland Agricultural, at Annapolis.
Lebanon vs. Muhlenburg, at Annville.
Dartmouth vs. Amherst, at Hanover.
Chicago vs. Minnesota, at Chicago.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17.

Princeton vs. Yale, at Princeton.
Amherst vs. Williams, at Amherst.
Harvard vs. Dartmouth, at Cambridge.
Army vs. Bucknell, at West Point.
Tufts vs. Rochester, at Rochester.
Springfield Technical School vs. Massachusetts Agricultural, at Springfield.
Utah vs. Colorado, at Salt Lake city.
Oberlin vs. W. R. U., at Oberlin.
Bowdoin vs. Maine, at Bangor.
Missouri vs. Washington, at Columbia.
Cornell vs. Swarthmore, at Ithaca.
Pennsylvania vs. Michigan, at Philadelphia.
Gettysburg vs. Medico-Chi., at Gettysburg.
Chicago vs. Illinois, at Chicago.
Minnesota vs. Indians, at Minneapolis.
Mississippi vs. Arkansas, at Little Rock.
Lehigh vs. Ursinus, at South Bethlehem.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Dennison, at Granville.
Virginia vs. George Washington, at Washington.
Brown vs. Vermont, at Providence.
Pennsylvania State vs. Dickinson, at Williamsport.
Vanderbilt vs. Georgia Technical, at Atlanta.
Wisconsin vs. Purdue, at Madison.
Maryland Agricultural vs. Rock Hill College, at Ellicott City.
Navy vs. North Carolina, at Annapolis.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24.

Yale vs. Harvard, at New Haven.
Amherst vs. Swarthmore, at Philadelphia.
Dartmouth vs. Brown, at Springfield.
Army vs. Syracuse, at West Point.
Utah vs. Fort Douglas, at Salt Lake city.
Oberlin vs. Case School, at Oberlin.
Pennsylvania vs. Villa Nova, at Philadelphia.
Minnesota vs. Indiana, at Minneapolis.
Gettysburg vs. Mt. St. Mary's, at Emmitsburg.
Lafayette vs. Lehigh, at Easton.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Ohio Res., at Cleveland.
Pennsylvania State vs. West Virginia, at State College.
Maryland Agricultural vs. Washington College, at College Park.
Navy vs. Virginia Polytechnic, at Annapolis.
Indians vs. Cincinnati, at Cincinnati.
Chicago vs. Nebraska, at Chicago.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29 (THANKSGIVING DAY).

Utah vs. Utah Aggies, at Salt Lake City.
Missouri vs. Kansas, at Columbia.
Pennsylvania vs. Cornell, at Philadelphia.
Franklin & Marshall vs. Gettysburg, at Lancaster.
Colorado vs. Colorado School of Mines, at Denver.
Mississippi vs. Mississippi Agricultural, at Jackson.
John Hopkins vs. Maryland, at Baltimore.
Georgetown vs. George Washington, at Washington.
Pennsylvania State vs. W. U. of P., at Pittsburg.
Vanderbilt vs. Sewanee, at Nashville.
Maryland Agricultural vs. Delaware, at College Park.
Indians vs. Virginia, at Norfolk.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1.

West Point vs. Annapolis, at Franklin Field, Philadelphia.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCURSIONS EVERY DAY.

Going and returning, [illegible] route, $2.50. Going Short Line, returning Midland route, $3.00. Trains leave from Santa Fe station at 8:15 and 10:30 a. m.

MATCH PLAY FOR THE JEWETT CUP

FIRST ROUND [illegible] — BOTH CLUBS WILL OBSERVE LABOR DAY ON GOLF LINKS.

On the Town and Gown links yesterday afternoon the first round of match play between the eight who qualified for the Jewett cup was held, with the following results: C. G. Graham beat S. F. Hamp, four up, three to play; P. Hagerman beat L. L. Aitken, one up; W. K. Jewett beat J. P. Hubbell, three up, one to play; and H. C. Watt beat T. P. Mumford, six up, four to play. Next Saturday, in the semi-finals, C. G. Graham will play P. Hagerman and W. K. Jewett will play H. C. Watt. On September 15 the finals will be played at 36 holes.

In the 18-hole handicap sweepstakes against bogey, J. W. McIntyre yesterday won with four up. The other scores were as follows:

J. E. McIntyre	4 up
W. K. Jewett	2 up
C. G. Graham	3 up
P. Hagerman	1 up
S. L. Caldwell	All even
L. L. Aitken	2 down
J. P. Hubbell	2 down
H. C. Joy	3 down
F. J. Hobbs	3 down
E. P. Shove	4 down
E. J. Ullrich	4 down

On the links of both the Town and Gown and Cheyenne Mountain Country clubs Labor day will be celebrated with match games between teams composed of members of the clubs. At the Country club, it will be the Britons against the Americans. At the Town and Gown the teams will be captained by W. K. Jewett and J. E. McIntyre and will line up as follows:

W. K. Jewett	J. E. McIntyre
J. P. Hubbell	T. R. Newbold
L. L. Aitken	S. F. Hamp
H. C. Joy	H. C. Watt
E. J. Ullrich	W. J. Chinn
S. L. Caldwell	F. J. Hobbs
J. H. Watt	C. G. Graham
J. R. Richards	H. C. Harmon
W. B. Mackey	W. R. Starkweather
H. S. Thayer	J. M. Johnson
G. B. Bosworth	Judge French
H. S. Foster	W. H. Foster

On Thursday, at the Town and Gown, the postponed mixed foursome and clock golf contest will be played.

ROCKY MT'N TENNIS TOURNAMENT BEGINS AT DENVER, SATURDAY

DENVER, Sept. 1.—Beginning next Saturday, September 8, the annual championship tennis tournament of the Rocky Mountain region will be held on the Denver Athletic club courts. Between twenty-five and thirty experts from Denver and outside points are expected to enter. Trophies and cups will be offered for the runners up, tourney championships and state championship in both singles and doubles. C. P. Dodge of Colorado Springs and Alan B. Bowen of Denver, the present champions in doubles, and Mr. Dodge, champion in the singles, will defend their titles again at the [illegible] of the tourney.

KID BELL PICKS JOE GANS TO WIN

HAS BOXED [illegible] — COLORED CHAMPION SAYS A BABY CAN LICK GANS IF HE HAS TO MAKE 130 POUNDS.

Kid Bell, the local colored scrapper and featherweight champion of Colorado, picks Joe Gans to win tomorrow's fight with Battling Nelson. Bell has boxed with Gans and last year he saw Nelson knock out Britt at Colma, so he knows something when he speaks.

"I don't see how Bat figures to beat Gans," says the Kid, "unless he wants Joe to make such light weight as to weaken him considerably. The people are not going to Goldfield to see a fight in which one of the men will be so weak that he can hardly stand on his feet, and that's what will happen if Billy Nolan insists on making Gans weigh in at ringside with his fighting togs on, for to do that Joe will have to make 130 pounds. At that weight a baby can beat Gans.

"I know that Gans can make 133 and that is all he can do and be strong. One Sunday when I was training for my fight with Abe Label in 'Frisco I went out to watch Gans who was training at Croll garden to fight Mike (Twin) Sullivan, and I was given a chance to box with him. At that time he weighed 135 with his bathrobe on. We went three rounds and you can hand me your own dope, but I say that Gans is the niftiest lightweight that ever drew on a fighting glove.

"Gans is so shifty with his mitts that he can maneuver his opponent and if the weight don't hurt him he will tie the Battler into knots. I [illegible] Bat knock out Britt. He is not a scientific fighter, but he's got the bulldog grit, and can stand punishment. But a beating never did any [illegible] fighter good. Gans is the greatest light-weight in the world today. He has the ring experience, [illegible] all the tricks of the game. [illegible] blows is a great [illegible] of distance, and [illegible] in either [illegible] I think he will knock Nelson out in the [illegible] twentieth round."

GAMES TODAY.

[illegible]

Pueblo at [illegible].
C[illegible] at [illegible] City.
[illegible] at [illegible].

$10,000 STOCK OF GROCERIES

THE CARL ZITTLE GROCERY STOCK.

The finest stock of groceries in town will be

CLOSED OUT IN 15 DAYS!

Fixtures for sale; store for rent.

SALE OPENS

Tuesday, Sept. 4, 1906, 9 a. m.

Positively nothing reserved. Don't forget the date, September 4, 9 a. m., and number.

Fifteen salesmen wanted. Apply at once.

Yours for business,

W. H. BOSSERMAN

122 North Tejon Street, - - - - Colorado Springs, Colo.

CHAS. P. BATES, Mgr.

Did She Do Wisely?

A mother brought her daughter to Colorado Springs a few years ago. Their family physician had advised them to come on account of what he believed to be consumption of the lungs in the daughter's case. They had been here about three months and [illegible] railroad tickets would have to be used soon, if at all. The daughter had lost a little flesh and it was plain that if she went home she could not live. They had been watching our advertisements and decided to visit us and see what, if anything, could be done. As a result they began the treatment and so rapid was the improvement that the mother went home and left the daughter here for four months. She was so well then that she went home and regained her health, although she was very imprudent at times. For instance, one day she was helping her brother to round up some horses when one of them broke away. She rode after it just as she would if she had been perfectly well. In writing us about it afterwards she said that it brought on a hemorrhage, but she got the horse or she would have been riding after him yet. She was at the house when the hemorrhage began, and used the instrument at once and the hemorrhage stopped. Fortunately for her this was her only serious mishap until she was so well that she could endure as much out of door exercise as she ever had. In about two years after leaving here she was married, as is very apt to be the case with those who take this treatment home with them and recover. She is considerably heavier than before she had consumption. There are two points that we wish to make in this case. The climate could not make the cure alone. It needed just the help that this treatment affords. The climate makes its cures by encapsulating or covering over the diseased places. In this case those places were too large to be covered over, and had to be healed from the healthy parts of the lung. This is what this treatment does, and when this is done and a good healthy scar forms, the disease is entirely out of the system. The patient is cured and why should they not live where they choose. We like to have people live in Colorado Springs, for it is the most healthful and delightful place to live in the world, but it is hardly fair to one who can be cured to neglect to cure them and thus oblige them to live here. We believe in making them well and sending them home if they want to go so they can send others. The other point in this case is that one can finish up the cure at their own homes even if they are unwise and careless or meet with accidents sometimes. It proves that the use of the machine in the low altitudes is like carrying the good effects of the climate into a low altitude. It is a wise thing to call now at our office and talk with those who are using the treatment and see some who have been cured. The offices are in the Barnes Building. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and from 2 to 4 p.m. Sundays by appointment only. Examination free.

W. A. Shepard, M. D.

[illegible] CO.

fall arrivals in the hat world now in.

25% OFF All
Boys' and Children's
Clothing
Tuesday AND Wednesday

$16.75

buys your choice of any man's suit in our store up to 30.00.

We will be Closed all Day Monday

Robbins

NEW BOOKS

PUBLIC LIBRARY PLACES MANY NEW VOLUMES ON ITS SHELVES

With the daily average circulation of 334 books, the Colorado Springs public library during the month of August, issued a total of 9040 books, of which one-fourth, or 2373, were children's books. Two hundred and sixty-six new cards were issued to new patrons, while 335 new books were added to the library. The new books include various subjects. During the last week, one of the most interesting of the books added to the fiction list was "The Glory Seekers," in which story General Z. M. Pike is a character. Economics, science, history, travel, biography, sociology and fiction form the principal groups under which last week's books are classified, as follows:

Dairying.

"Clean Milk," by S. D. Belcher; "Testing Milk and its Products," by E. H. Farrington and F. W. Woll; "Profitable Dairying," by C. L. Peck; "Dairy Chemistry," by H. Snyder; "Principles and Practice of Butter-making," by G. L. McKay and C. Larsen; "Elements of Dairying," by J. W. Decker; "Outlines of Dairy Bacteriology," by H. L. Russell.

History, Travel and Biography.

"England Under the Normans and Angevins," by H. W. C. Davis; "England Under the Tudors," by A. D. Innes; "England Under the Stuarts," by G. M. Trevelyan; "English Hours," by Henry James; "Down in Porto Rico," by G. M. Fowles; "Territories and Dependencies of the United States," by W. F. Willoughby, treasurer of Porto Rico; "My Sixty Years on the Plains," by W. F. Hamilton; "Walter Pater," by A. C. Benson; "Sir Walter Scott," by Andrew Lang.

Miscellaneous.

"Famous Introductions to Shakespeare's Plays," by Beverley Warner; "Days With Walt Whitman," by Edward Carpenter; "Selections From the Prose of Walt Whitman," "Poetical Works of Wm. Blake; "Bird and Bough," by John Burroughs; "Poems," by W. E. Henley; "A Book About Roses," by R. S. Hole; "Landscape Painting and Modern Dutch Artists," by E. B. Greenshields; "School Civics," by F. D. Boynton; "The Pastor and Modern Missions," by J. R. Mott; "The Origin and Development of Moral Ideas," by Edward Westermarck; "Religion and Politics," by A. S. Crapsey; "Social Theories and Social Facts," by W. M. Grinnell; "Social Progress," a Year Book," edited by J. Strong; "The Problem of the Immigrant," by J. D. Whelpley; "Studies in Socialism," by J. Jaures; "The Battle of Labor," by C. D. Wright; "Child Labor, a Menace to Industry, Education and Good Citizenship"; "The Negro and the Nation," by G. S. Merriam; "Life and Matter," by Sir O. Lodge; "Wireless Telegraphy," by S. R. Bottone; "Thunder and Lightning," by C. Flammarion; "Patents and How to Make Money Out of them," by W. B. Hutchinson; "The Cyanide Industry," by R. Robbins and M. Lenglen; "The Packers, the Private Carlines and the People," by J. O. Armour; Collected works of Hermann A. Seger, of Special Interest to Clayworkers; "Modern Machineshop Practice," by J. Rose; "Dutch Pottery and Porcelain," by W. P. Knowles; "French Pottery and Porcelain," by H. Frantz; "Old English Furniture," by F. Fenn and B. Wyllie; "English Table Glass," by Percy Pate; "English Embroidery," by A. F. Kendrick; "Riding and Driving," by Anderson and Collier.

Fiction.

"Concerning Paul and Fiametta," by Mrs. L. A. Harker; "Mr. Scraggs," by H. W. Phillips; "In Cure of Her Soul," by F. J. Stimson; "Story of Paul Jones," by A. H. Lewis; "Man and His Kingdom," by E. P. Oppenheim; "The Struggle," by S. C. Tapp; "Bess of the Woods," by W. Deeping; "The Girl from Tim's Place," by C. C. Munn; "Tides of Barnegat," by F. H. Smith; "The Saint," by A. Fagazzaro; "The Day Dreamer," by F. L. Williams; "Son of the People," by Baroness Orczy; "Tonio, Son of the Sierras," by General King; "The Bottom of the Well," by F. W. Adams; "The Fighting Chance," by R. W. Chambers; "The Lion and the Mouse," by Charles Klein; "The Glory-Seekers," by W. H. Brown. (Pike is a character in the story.)

When in need of cutlery, toilet articles or barber supplies, call at 6 E. [illegible]. Lotz & Saenger.

MIDLAND BAND AT STRATTON PARK

Director Irvine of the Colorado Midland band announces the following programs for this afternoon's band concert, from 3 to 5 o'clock, and this evening's concert, from 8 to 10 o'clock, at Stratton park:

Afternoon.

1. March, "Gate City" .... Weldon
2. Selection from "Fantana" (by request) .... Hubbell
3. Fantasia on "My Old Kentucky Home" (by request) .... Dalbey
(With solos and variations for all instruments.)
4. Overture, "Light Cavalry" .... Suppe
5. "The Warblers' Serenade" (by request) .... Perry

INTERMISSION.

6. Grand Selection from "I Lombardi" .... Verdi
7. "Polish Dance No. 1" .... Scharwenka
8. "Reminiscences of Scotland" (by request) .... Godfrey
Descriptive Index—"Scots Wha Hae," "Auld Robin Gray," "Bonnie Laddie," "The Campbells Are Comin'," "The White Cockade," "John Anderson, My Jo," "Logie O'Buchan," "Green Grow the Rushes, O," "The Braes of Auchterardie," "Annie Laurie," "Within a Mile of Edinboro," "Bonnet Blue," (with variations for all instruments), "The Blue Bells of Scotland," "Strathspey Tulloch'gorum," "Auld Lang Syne."
9. March, "Festival" .... Lewis

Evening.

1. "Tannhauser March" (by request) .... Wagner
2. Selection from "The Yankee Consul" .... Robyn
3. Cornet Solo, "Cleopatra" .... Damare
Mr. Abner Shirk.
4. Overture to "William Tell" (by request) .... Rossini

INTERMISSION.

5. Selection from "Lohengrin" .... Wagner
6. "The Famous Menuet" (by request) .... Paderewski
7. "The Fall of Manila" (by request) .... Irvine

Synopsis—At Camp Dewey the stormy night breaks into a beautiful morning, with roosters crowing and birds singing; first call is sounded in the distance, which is followed by company buglers; reveille is heard as the clock strikes four; roll call, mess call and polka, ending with an argument between two members of the band; first call! Assembly! Adjutant's call! the chaplain's prayer; fall in! Right dress! Count fours; Fours, right! Forward! March! Arriving at trenches, our troops take position, signal for Admiral Dewey's fleet to move forward, signal for land forces to move forward and "charge," as the First Colorado Band plays "A Hot Time." Hip, Hip, Hurrah! as the American colors are hoisted at "Fort Malate." Assembly of troops and triumphant march to the city, ending with "Star Spangled Banner," as the American flag is unfurled over the city of Manila.

Note—"The Fall of Manila" was written by Mr. Irvine while in the Philippine Islands and is descriptive of the action of his famous First Colorado, U. S. Volunteer Band, in the capture of Manila, August 13, 1898.

BROADMOOR CASINO CONCERT PROGRAMS

Concerts will be given at Broadmoor casino from 3 to 5 p. m., and from 8 to 10 p. m., today, as usual. Following are the programs:

PART I.

1. March, "The Stars and Stripes Forever" .... Sousa
2. Overture, "Dame" .... Suppe
3. Waltz, "Frische Geister" .... Ed. Strauss
4. Selection, "Mam'selle Napoleon" .... G. Luders

PART II.

5. "Calm as the Night" (song) .... C. Bohm
6. Characteristic, "There Once Was an Owl" .... Herbert
7. Idyll, "The Dawn of Love" .... Bendix
8. Finale, "Dew Drops" .... H. J. Armstrong

PART I.

1. Inauguration March (Boabdil) .... Moszkowski
2. Overture, "Fingal's Cave" .... Mendelssohn
3. Valse Amoureuse .... Berger
4. Symphony in Bm (unfinished) .... Schubert

PART II.

5. "Grossmutterchen" .... Langer
(Duet for violin and cello.)
6. Intermezzo, "Monte Cristo" .... Kotlar
7. "For All Eternity" (song) .... Mascheroni
8. March, "Nibelungen" .... Wagner

CLOTHE UP
the boys during our sale next week.
[illegible]
CO.

SCHLACKS LEAVES MIDLAND MAKES MANY CHANGES

With the resignation of W. J. Schlacks, the office of superintendent of machinery on the Colorado Midland road is abolished, and, dating from yesterday, the duties of that position will be divided between the office of master mechanic, just created, for the purpose, and the general foreman of the car department.

Mr. Schlacks yesterday severed his connection with the Midland as superintendent of machinery in order to accept the management of the central department of a large Chicago railroad supply manufacturing firm.

B. Griffith, general foreman at Basalt, was yesterday promoted to the newly created office of master mechanic, his position at Basalt being taken by C. L. Benbow, formerly head machinist at the latter point.

D. H. Cosgrave, who has charge of the car shop at Colorado City, will be general foreman of the entire car department, and, together with Mr. Griffith, will conduct the duties of the office of superintendent of machinery. Mr. Griffith will have charge of the motive power of the road.

MUSICAL SERVICE AT GRACE CHURCH

Clarence D. Sears has arranged an especially interesting program for this evening's musical service at the Grace Episcopal church. One of the features of the program will be the violin solo, "Simple Aveu," by Mrs. Robert Briscoe. Mrs. Charles Arnold Logan, soprano, will sing "The Holy City." Following is the program:

Organ Solo—
a. "Berceuse" .... Kinder
b. "Fantasia" .... Weegmann
Mrs. Clarence D. Sears.
Violin Solo, "Simple Aveu" .... Thomas
Mrs. Robert Briscoe.

SERVICE AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Processional, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," .... Dykes
Magnificat .... Kettle
Nunc Dimittis .... Spohr
Hymn, "O Thou to Whose All Searching Sight" .... Pleyel
Soprano Solo, "Holy City" .... Adams
Mrs. Charles Arnold Logan.
Recessional, "The King of Love My Shepherd Is" .... Dykes
Postlude, "Festival March" .... Kinder

RECITAL AT FIRST M. E. CHURCH TONIGHT

Wilhelm Schmidt's arrangement for the organ of Stone's "The Heart's Awakening," a reverie which is almost as popular as the exquisite Lenore "Andantino," will be the feature of the musical recital at the First M. E. church this evening. Following is the program, which begins at 7:45 o'clock.

MUSICAL SERVICE ....
Organ—
"Marche Solennelle" .... Mailly
"Offertory in E flat" .... Batiste
"The Heart's Awakening" .... Stone
(Arr. for organ by Mr. Schmidt.)
Soprano Solo, "The Day is Ended" .... Bartlett
Mrs. Bonnie Davis White.
Anthem, "Softly Now the Light of Day" .... Schilling
Bass Solo, "A New Heaven and a New Earth," from "The Holy City" .... Gaul
Mr. Frank E. Hart.
Organ, "Russian March" .... Clark

STRONG-KORSMEYER

The marriage of Miss S. Lillian Strong to Mr. Alexander M. Korsmeyer took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, in the home of the groom's sister, Mrs. E. K. Butz, 221 East St. Vrain street. The Rev. James C. Rawlings, of the M. E. church, South, officiated, in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Korsmeyer and daughters, Mrs. Butz, Mrs. M. L. Jeancon, Miss Blanche Jeancon, Mrs. James P. Sanford, the Misses Pinckney, and Mr. E. B. Simmons.

The bride was gowned in white Paris muslin trimmed in German valenciennes and carried a bouquet of white sweet peas. After the ceremony the guests partook of a wedding breakfast, and then the bride and groom departed for a wedding trip. Upon their return, Mr. and Mrs. Korsmeyer will reside at 221 East St. Vrain street.

STARVING TO DEATH.

Because her stomach was so weakened by useless drugging that she could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters of St. Clair St., Columbus, O., was literally starving to death. She writes: "My stomach was so weak from useless drugs that I could not eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I could not sleep, and not before I was given up to die was I induced to try Electric Bitters, with the wonderful result that improvement began at once, and a complete cure followed." Best health tonic on earth. 50c. Guaranteed by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

The Cheyenne school, 1815 Cheyenne road, district No. 12, will open Tuesday, September 4.

ALFRED CLARK, Secy.
School Board.

I have bought another grocery stock and have show cases, computing counter and platform scales, coffee mill, beef chipper, oil tank, coffee and spice cans, ice chest, fruit rack and many other fixtures, also one delivery horse and wagon, one nice driving horse and buggy and one good milk cow. All for sale at a bargain.

J. W. DOOLEN,
1528 North Tejon street.

Mr. E. W. Davis, candidate for county clerk on the Republican ticket, is the same man that was formerly in business with Mr. Giles Crissey, the firm being, The Crissey & Davis Lumber Co.

Don't forget to see us for prices on Paper and Paints. Brown Wall Paper and Paint Co., 212 N. Tejon.

FOLLOW THE CROWD TO CLYDE LABOR DAY

Great preparations are being made to entertain all at Cathedral Park (Clyde) on the Short Line.

Trains leave Santa Fe depot at 8:15, 9:00 and 10:20 a. m. Fare, adults $1.00, children 50c.

Fifty cents round trip to all Ute Pass resorts on Colorado Midland Sunday and Monday, Labor day. Trains 9:00 a. m. from D. & R. G. depot; 11:35 Santa Fe depot.

New Fall Goods in Every Department

Our Buyers
have just returned from the eastern markets and the new goods are arriving daily.

PELTA'S DEPARTMENT STORE
Underbuyers and Undersellers.

Store Closed Monday
Monday being Labor day our store will be closed all day. Sale begins Tuesday.

JUST A WORD TO OUR CUSTOMERS—This spring and summer season has been the most prosperous we have ever enjoyed. We desire to thank our many patrons for their liberal support.

The fall season is now upon us. No house in this entire vicinity is better equipped to supply your needs. Our buyers have spent the entire month of August in the eastern markets. Our goods are correct, our prices the lowest, our policy is a square deal for every one.

The Silk Department

No house in America undersells this Dept.

NEW SILKS.

27-in. silk mulls, in all colors, what is left, 25c, for .... 10¢
19-in. silk, warranted, in all colors, white and black, 58c, for .... 39¢
36-in. fancy silk, in all the colors, checked and striped, worth $1.50; on sale $1.00
19-in. silk, in new plaids, any color you could think of, just in for the season; on sale $1.00
36-in. black taffeta silk, worth $1.50; on sale $1.00
36-in. black taffeta silk, oil boiled, worth $1.75; on sale $1.35

Tuesday's Specials in Suit and Cloak Department

Mohair eton tailored suits or shirt waist suits, Tuesday $1.98
$15.00 raincoats, Tuesday $6.50
$18.00 fall style tailor-made suits, Tuesday $10.00

We are showing a new line of fall tailor-made suits, coats, skirts, at popular prices.

New fall shirt waists in silk, nun's veiling, vestings and mohairs.

Correct Fall Dress Goods

Our buyer has just returned from the eastern markets. We are showing all the new and correct things in dress goods; the most comprehensive line shown in the city.

New Mohairs, from	50c to $1.25
New Panamas, from	75c to $1.50
New Cravenettes, from	75c to $1.50
New Henriettas, from	50c to $1.25
New Batists, from	50c to $1.00
New Serges, from	50c to $1.75
New Broadcloths, from	$1.00 to $2.00
New Coverts, from	50c to $1.50
New French Serges, from	50c to $1.25
New Silk Sublime, from	$1.00 to $1.50
New Danish Cloth, from	15c to 35c
New Plaids, from	15c to $1.25
New Nun's Veiling, from	50c to $1.00
New Albatross, from	50c to $1.00
New Wool Taffetas, from	$1.00 to $1.50
New Sharkskin,	35c
New Suitings, in checks and stripes, from	$1 to $1.95
New Plaid, with dots, in colors	35c

Fall Millinery

Our milliner has just returned from the east and will have on display all the new and popular hats.

The popular Vestilla shape, almost a picture hat, leads all others.

The Peter Pan hat is the newest style in New York today. Early fall numbers at $1.50, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50

CUT PRICES
ON
China Souvenirs

Now is the time to buy your china souvenirs. We placed our entire stock on sale at 1/3 off.

10¢ COUNTER.

Here you find all kinds of goods.

INDIA LINONS.

10,000 yds. of sheer white India Linons, 40 in. wide, worth 25c; on sale .... 10¢

Mill Remnants
Mill Remnants

Thousands of mill end lengths
ON SALE THIS WEEK ALMOST HALF PRICE.

2,000 yds. 36-inch bleached muslins, 1 to 10-yd. lengths, worth up to 10c; on sale .... 5¢
2,000 yds. indigo blue and turkey red calicos, 10 to 20-yd. lengths; on sale .... 5¢
2,000 yds. 36-inch heavy unbleached Indian Head muslin, worth 10c; on sale .... 7½¢
1,000 yds. light and dark outing flannels, worth 10c; on sale .... 8 1-3¢
500 yds. 36-inch figured silkolines, worth 10c and 12½c; on sale .... 7½¢
25 pieces figured comfort calicos, worth 6c and 7c; on sale .... 5¢
1,000 yds. 36-inch finest quality Lonsdale cambric, worth 15c; on sale .... 10¢

New Outings and Flannelettes

25 pieces 28-inch Montello fleeced-lined flannelettes, in stripes, checks and Persian designs, 12½c value for .... 10¢
75 pieces St. Elmo fleeced lined flannelettes, light and dark colors, in stripes, dots and Persian designs, yard .... 12½¢
15 pieces Valencia satin striped waistings, light grounds with dots and dainty figures; specially priced .... 15¢
50 pieces 32 and 36-inch flannelettes, in plain colors, stripes, Persian and Japanese designs. These are Manchester mills and Arnold's superfine flannels, made to sell at 18c and 20c; we offer them this week .... 15¢
50 pieces "Jersel down" outing flannels, in light and dark colors, at .... 10¢
50 pieces light and dark outings, handsome patterns; this week .... 12½¢

Comb Sale

The finest combs of the season on sale at from 25 to 50 per cent discount.

Our New York buyer sends them to us. They were bought at ½ price. Remember, they will be on sale Tuesday morning at far and away below the regular price. Prices 10¢, 15¢, 25¢, 39¢ and 50¢

Belts on Sale

Thousands of belts, all styles and prices.

One line of the popular silver belts, 50c values; on sale for .... [illegible]

Peter Pan Purses

The popular little Peter Pan purse, white, black and brown; on sale at .... 25¢

BURNS CRITICAL

DOES NOT LIKE REPORT ISSUED BY PRESIDENT OF PHARMACIST COMPANY.

James F. Burns yesterday issued a circular to the stockholders of the Pharmacist Consolidated Mining company in which he severely criticised the treasurer's report recently issued by W. F. Rock, who is also president and general manager of the company. Mr. Burns accuses Mr. Rock of desiring to select a board of directors who will give him unlimited power that he may lease the property at such terms and to such parties as he wishes. Mr. Rock is also soundly scored for drawing a salary of $100 per month, "to look after ore receipts amounting to $368.62," when, according to Mr. Burns, the present condition of the treasury of the company does not warrant the payment of any salaries to company officials. Mr. Burns accuses Mr. Rock of desiring to lease the property for a period of two years and the privilege of renewal for two years, practically a five-year lease, and with "no compulsory sinking." In a letter to Mr. Rock, he also advocates the embodiment of a clause in all leases granted by the company whereby the company shall deduct one per cent of the gross proceeds to apply to the payment of taxes. This is to protect the company from having a lessee ship out ore and then give up the lease, leaving the company to pay taxes on the gross production.

FIRE THREATENS GIDDINGS BUILDING

What came near being a serious conflagration was discovered in the law offices of Lucius H. Rouse, on the third floor of the Giddings building, yesterday afternoon. During Mr. Rouse's absence, a fire started in some unaccountable way and was burning briskly when it was discovered by City Attorney Robinson's stenographer. She notified Judge Robinson of the fire, and he rushed into the room and extinguished the blaze before the fire department arrived. The fire had burned from the floor half way up to the ceiling, when the city attorney arrived. Had the flames not been discovered when they were, one of Colorado Springs' finest building blocks might now be in ruins.

COURT NEWS

John Linden, charged with stealing a case of tobacco from the Denver & Rio Grande depot, was yesterday bound over to the district court under bonds of $750, by Justice W. N. Ruby. He will await trial in jail. Linden claims that he was too drunk to know whether or not he committed the theft.

Probation Officer W. M. Reasoner has found that Joseph Peterson, 16 years old, is not guilty of annoying a girl in North park, as was reported.

Lizzie Castlebury and Henry Wesley, both colored, were yesterday bound over to the district court by Justice W. N. Ruby. They are charged with a statutory offense.

Police court was less busy during August, 1906, than during the same month of last year. A total of 110 arrests were made during August of this year and 148 during August of last year.

MRS. HARRY G. BROWN SUES FOR A DIVORCE

Alleging that her husband's drunkenness has become so habitual that she has to put him to bed nearly every night, Rose Brown yesterday began suit in the district court against Harry G. Brown for divorce and $50 per month alimony.

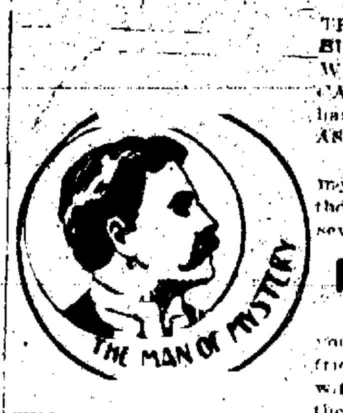
The Browns were married in Colorado Springs August 28, 1896, and they have three children. Mrs. Brown alleges that for the last 18 months, her husband has been drunk most all the time; that he has spent all of the family money for liquor, and that she has nothing left with which to feed and clothe her children.

Miss Hecker of Monte Vista, Colo., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Persinger.

TOURISTS,
VISIT
Shaw's Toilet Parlors

Shampooing, manicuring, chiropody, scientific scalp and facial treatments a specialty. Hairdressing in the most approved styles.

Phone 866. 29 N. Cascade Ave.



THE WORLD'S GREATEST CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST

A True Clairvoyant is Born---Not Made.

The Future Can Be Told

It may be of vital importance to you to know the outcome of your present distress. You may wish to know "If it is advisable to make a change in business, in love, in marriage." Do you wish to possess the key to the vaults of love, friendship, success and honor? Know the secret of control—the power to inspire trust and confidence and win success in business, social or financial life. "Arise! Throw off thy shackles." Exchange sorrow for joy—darkness for light. "Be master of your own destiny."

ORMONDE

The Only Adept of Hindoo Occult Mysteries Practicing in America at the Present Time

THE GREATEST LIVING NATURAL BORN SEER. HAS DEVOTED HIS LIFE TO THE BUSINESS OF FORETELLING EVENTS AND TO THE GIVING OF ADVICE TO THOSE WHO HAVE SOUGHT HIS AID. HIS BUSINESS CAPITAL IS A BIRTHRIGHT WHICH CAME TO HIM AS A CHILD. His success in telling events has been wonderful. His foresight has been verified by happenings in all countries of the world which he has visited. THE FUTURE AS CLEAR AS CRYSTAL. SEE ORMONDE.

As a matter of advertisement and to convince the skeptical of my power to predict and guide you in the future, for the benefit of those who do not feel justified in venturing $5.00, I will for the next seven days make the following offer to all who bring this ad

My Regular $5 Reading for One Dollar.

I DO HEREBY SOLEMNLY AGREE AND GUARANTEE to make you no charge if I fail to call you by name in full, names of your friends, enemies or rivals. I promise to tell you whether your husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false. Tell you how to gain the love of the one you most desire to control or influence the actions of any one, even though miles away. In fact, tell you every hope, fear or ambition of your life better than you can tell yourself without you telling me one word, and if you are not absolutely satisfied when reading is over (you be the judge), then pay me not a penny.

TRUTHFUL AND RELIABLE.

I teach Clairvoyance and Personal Magnetism, and Develop Mediums. Developed five mediums who are before the public today. Call and learn what gifts you possess. Cures obscure and hidden diseases by the secret influence, removes weak habits, renews youth, restores vitality, gives good luck, creates within you the power of control so you may fascinate the one you love, hastens marriage, restores lost love and reunites the separated, destroys spells, evil influence, obsession. Advice on mining, lost claims, valuable ores, hidden treasure, enemies, speculation, investments. The dollar properly invested has seldom failed to make the poor man rich, many have become independent through following Ormonde's advice. [illegible] not you. Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 1 to 5. Call today.

ST. GEORGE ORMONDE
208 MANITOU AVE.
OVER POST OFFICE
MANITOU COLO.

A BRILLIANT FIREWORKS EXHIBITION

WILL BE A FEATURE OF PIKE'S PEAK CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

CHAIRMAN S. N. NYE CLOSES CONTRACT WITH C. N. PARADICE—FULL PROGRAM OF DISPLAY.

With set pieces of General Z. M. Pike, George Washington, Theodore Roosevelt, Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks, besides numerous set pieces and displays of a brilliance and magnitude never before seen in Colorado Springs, the best fireworks exhibition ever given in the west will be a feature of the Pike Centennial celebration. S. N. Nye, chairman of the committee on amusements, has just closed a contract with C. N. Paradice, one of the best fireworks experts in America, for the big exhibition, which is to include 43 separate displays, besides quick match-colored fires, sighting torches, background batteries and other features. The exhibit will last for an hour and a half and will require five expert fireworks men to handle it.

The following complete program shows the extent and magnificence of the displays:

No. 1.—Aerial maroons, representing the thirteen original states, fired from steel mortars, making terrific reports.

No. 2.—File firing and simultaneous flight of numerous colored star rockets.

No. 3.—Set piece, 10x10 feet, of George Washington in colored lance fires, decorated with diamond gerbes.

No. 4.—Flight of colored night bombshells, assorted effects from metal guns.

No. 5.—Aerial bouquets of colored bombshells fired simultaneously.

No. 6.—Ascent of 48 saucissions fired from metal guns.

No. 7.—Display of large colored star rockets.

No. 8.—Gigantic batteries of red, white and blue stars, displaying the national colors separately.

No. 9.—A large set piece, 50 feet high, "The Aztec Fountain."

No. 10.—Ascent of solid color bombshells, fired from steel guns.

No. 11.—Flight of large exhibition rockets, wild fires and electric meteors.

No. 12.—Ascent of bombshells fired simultaneously, forming a beautiful aerial bouquet.

No. 13.—Display of palm trees, 15 feet apart.

No. 14.—Simultaneous discharge of 12 mines showing the national colors.

No. 15. Set piece, portrait of "Zebulon Pike" in brilliant lance fires, decorated with gerbes.

No. 16.—Flight of 100 colored star rockets.

No. 17.—Ascent of 12 Rayonel tourbillons of umbrellas of fire.

No. 18.—Ascent of fancy parachutes and golden cloud rockets.

No. 19.—Display of Neapolitan bombshells.

No. 20. 300 shots of Niagara batteries 100 feet long in pure magnesium effects.

No. 21.—Set piece, President Roosevelt, in brilliant lance fires, decorated.

No. 22.—Set piece, Vice President Fairbanks.

No. 23.—File firing of 72 exhibition rockets.

No. 24.—Aerial salute of reporting bombshell salutes.

No. 25.—Display of comet shells.

No. 26.—Display of Neapolitan shells, breaking in assorted effects.

No. 27.—Display of hanging chain and festoon rockets.

No. 28.—Grand illumination of grounds with brilliant colored fires.

No. 29.—Display of 48 cobras, fired from metal guns.

No. 30.—Aerial display of meteoric bombshells.

No. 31.—Ascent of exhibition rockets.

No. 32.—Flight of Neapolitan bombshells, each shell breaking 5 distinct times in the air.

No. 33.—Simultaneous discharge of electric mines.

No. 34.—Display of tripod batteries of electric stars, 100 feet in effect.

No. 35.—Flight of Old Glory and national streamer rockets.

No. 36.—Flight of 6 mammoth balloons, carrying magnesium lights and streams of jewels 50 feet long.

No. 37.—Display of Neapolitan shells breaking 5 times in the air.

No. 38.—Display of "Devil Among the Tailors."

No. 39.—Nest of colored bombshells, assorted effects.

No. 40.—Display of balloon and diamond chain rockets.

No. 41.—100 feet of "Niagara Falls."

No. 42.—Simultaneous flight of numerous colored star rockets.

No. 43.—Set piece, "Good Night," in brilliant lance fires.

CHARGED WITH THEFT OF WHEEL

TWO WELL-KNOWN BOYS ARE UNDER ARREST POLICE CHIEF WILL PUSH CASE.

Two well-known Colorado Springs boys, both of whom are just 16 years old, must face a charge of grand larceny for the alleged theft of a bicycle. They are Harry Woodward, son of Abner E. Woodward, 511 North Weber street, and Stanley Jones, son of William H. Jones, 215 South Wahsatch avenue. The boys were arrested yesterday by Detective John Rowan and have been released under bond. Chief of Police Adams says that he will lay the evidence before the district attorney's office for prosecution.

The boys are alleged to have stolen a bicycle from Arthur Hanson, an employe of the Short Line, yesterday morning from the front of the Mining Exchange building. It is said that they made a number of attempts to sell the stolen wheel to local bicycle dealers. The boys confessed the theft last night to Chief Adams.

The boys' parents are distracted over the affair and every possible influence has been brought to settle the trouble and avoid publicity. But as the theft of a bicycle constitutes grand larceny, and as scores of bicycles have been stolen in the city this summer, Chief Adams decided that he would have to put the case in the hands of the district attorney for prosecution.

SICK PEOPLE PRAISE WORK OF HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

Officers of the El Paso County Horticultural society are daily receiving letters of gratitude from sick persons of the city who have been recipients of floral favors from the society. This feature of the society's work is broadening in scope every week, and it is desired that the contributions of flowers be increased. Flowers may be left at the basement of the court house on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, when they will be immediately distributed to the sick, through the agency of the society.

LABOR DAY IN COLORADO SPRINGS

NO FORMAL CELEBRATION WILL BE HELD—MANY PICNICS ARE PLANNED—STORES WILL CLOSE.

Colorado Springs will quietly observe Labor day tomorrow. The banks and many of the business houses will be closed all day, and barber shops will close at 10 o'clock. A number of people from Colorado Springs will attend the celebrations at Denver and Pueblo. Picnics will be the chief entertainment for those who remain in the city and its vicinity. Excursions will be run by the railroads to many points of interest. One of the chief local events of the day will be the carpenters' picnic at Stratton park. Judge Ben Lindsey of Denver will be the principal speaker. The Odd Fellows will give a picnic at Clyde which will probably attract a large representation from the city. At Cascade, a picnic will be given under the auspices of the Caledonian society, and about 100 members and their friends have planned to attend. A number of informal gatherings have also been planned. In the evening the Midland band will give its regular band concert at North park.

NEW TELEPHONE NUMBERS IN USE

Hundreds of mixups occurred over the telephone wires yesterday as a result of the change in numbers which has just been made. The new directories were distributed yesterday and the new service put into effect.

In the entire new book there is not one Colorado Springs phone number with an "A" or a "B" attached. There are a few lettered telephone numbers in Manitou, but there are none for the Springs or Colorado City subscribers.

The new system promises to be popular with subscribers, as there has always been a great deal of confusion under the old system.

All of the offices and guests' rooms at the Antlers hotel are now on a private branch telephone exchange.

MARRIED—Justice O. R. Dunnington yesterday married Samuel C. Roslyn and Elsie Sedlmayr, both of Denver, and Louis Morean and Marie Dumouly, both of Colorado City.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF COLORADO SPRINGS AND COLORADO CITY WILL OPEN TUESDAY

Enrollment Will Be Larger Than Ever Before—Corps of Teachers Increased. Work of Year Outlined.

The public schools of Colorado Springs will open for the year on Tuesday of this week with an outlook for the most successful year in their history.

The Colorado City schools will also open on Tuesday of this week, but those of Manitou will remain closed a week longer, opening on Wednesday, September 12.

Prior to the opening of the Colorado Springs schools, the annual teachers' meeting will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at the High school. This meeting will be open, not only to the local teachers, but to teachers from other places who may be in the city and to the public in general. Many topics of general interest will be discussed. Addresses will be made by the various members of the school board, and by Superintendent John Dietrich, who will also make a number of announcements and will give out the assignment of teachers for the coming year. Miss [illegible], a talented violin player of Kewanee, Ill., will give several selections. Already the larger number of the teachers have returned from their vacations, ready to resume the work of another nine months in the school room.

All resident children of school age, from six to 21 years, will be admitted to school free of tuition, and nonresidents by the payment of the stipulated fees. Classes will be organized in all departments, and pupils will report to the principals of the buildings nearest their homes for assignment to their schools.

All indications point to an unusually large attendance. At the offices of Superintendent Dietrich there have been numerous inquiries from people who have moved into the city within the last few months. Many of these give as their reason for coming to Colorado Springs, the excellent educational opportunities which it possesses in its public school system and Colorado college.

The High school will have the largest enrollment in its history. It is expected that during the year the figures will reach the 800 mark, nearly double that of six years ago.

There will be a few changes in the course of study. The number work in the lower grades will be reduced, there being very little number work in the first grade and much less than formerly in the second, but beginning with the third, arithmetic will be emphasized. The time formerly devoted to it in the lower grades will be given over to more thorough work in reading, language and nature study.

A new feature this year will be the inauguration of the free kindergarten system. One kindergarten is to be established this fall and it will be at the Lowell school. This kindergarten will be free to the children of the Lowell district between the ages of four and six years. Each child will attend only one session a day.

In the High school a change has been made in the curriculum whereby the physiography is reduced to one term's work, the additional half year being devoted to history.

The most important change in years will be the introduction of the commercial course in the High school. Although the members of the school board have not yet decided upon the make-up of the course, it is understood that it is planned to cover the four years of the High school work, and included in the curriculum will probably be commercial arithmetic, bookkeeping, typewriting and phonography, as well as courses in the regular branches of English, modern language, history and science. The commercial branches will be in charge of Mrs. Jennie Graham Clark.

The bench and manual training work in the grades begun last year in the Lincoln school, under the direction of Prof. Arthur J. Yeomans, will be particularly emphasized during the coming year. Mr. Yeomans will again be in charge. At the High school the domestic science classes of girls from the lower grades will be continued under the direction of Miss Anna Verde Long, formerly of the government schools at Ponce, Porto Rico, and of the Cincinnati public schools. Miss Long succeeds Miss Marie Gashwiler who resigned a short time ago.

The corps of teachers will this year number about 20 new members, very few of whom are nonresidents. A large majority are graduates of the Colorado Springs High school, as well as of Colorado college or one of the state institutions.

In order to give the High school more room for its rapidly-increasing enrollment, the offices of Superintendent Dietrich, Secretary Maris and the board of education have been moved from the High school building to suite 216, DeGraff building, where large and commodious quarters have been secured. This removal allows two additional recitation rooms, one of which will be assigned to the work of the commercial course.

Work is expected to begin within a few days upon the construction of the four-room addition to the Steele school, the contract having been let to Lynn S. Atkinson, upon the successful disposal of the $25,000 bond issue, bids for which close tomorrow. Until the erection of this addition the school will run under the same plan as last year. Work will also shortly begin on a new two-room building on the site of the Ivywild building. Until this is completed the lower grades will be put upon the half-day plan in order that the fourth and fifth grades may be organized in Ivywild.

The other buildings of the district are all in excellent condition. During the summer they have all been overhauled and, where necessary, repairs have been made, so that at the present time they are now in better condition than ever before.

JOHN DIETRICH,
Superintendent of Colorado Springs Public Schools.

CRABTREE TO LEAVE

RESIGNS POSITION AS HEAD OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGE.

ACCEPTS SIMILAR PLACE WITH CARNEGIE INSTITUTE—SLOCUM LOOKING FOR ANOTHER MAN.

Announcement was made at Colorado college yesterday morning, of the resignation from the faculty of Professor Fred Crabtree, head of the mining engineering department. Mr. Crabtree has accepted a similar position at the Carnegie institute in Pittsburg, Pa., and his resignation comes as a surprise to his many friends in this city.

PROF. FRED CRABTREE.

During his two years of service he has shown great devotion in the organization of the department of mining at Colorado college. The offer which has been made by the Carnegie institute, however, is of so flattering a character that he has finally decided to accept it.

It is a high compliment to the local engineering school that the noted institute, endowed by Carnegie's millions, should look to Colorado college to fill one of its most important positions.

President W. F. Slocum of Colorado college, who recently returned from a trip abroad, is now in the east giving his attention to the selection of the successor to Professor Crabtree. Several prominent candidates are in the field for the vacancy. Much depends on the choice of a strong man, for President Slocum, realizing the strategic position of Colorado Springs as the place for a school of engineering, will spare no effort to enlarge the work in this department along practical lines and to make it one of the leading schools in the country.

MRS. GREENLEAF GIVES INTERESTING LECTURE

One of the most instructive and interesting lectures ever heard in Colorado Springs was given by Mrs. [illegible] M. Greenleaf, of Los Angeles, on Victor Hugo's great novel, "Les Miserables" in the Antlers ballroom last night. The audience was composed largely of prominent society people of Colorado Springs, the lecture being given under the auspices of the Boys club, of which Mrs. J. F. Sanford is president.

For a number of years Mrs. Greenleaf has been lecturing on "Les Miserables." At the beginning of her lecture last night she explained the value and influence of literature upon life. She then spoke of the eagerness with which people read and listen to stories of life and the "lions of life." "Sociologists think that they have made a discovery when they find that love conquers evil, but Jean Valjean learned that a century ago," she said. The lecturer then gave a number of the more dramatic scenes from the book with which most readers of Victor Hugo are familiar and have learned to like. Among these scenes were following: The bishop gives Jean Valjean the candlesticks; Jean Valjean as mayor of M[illegible]; rescue of the drowning sailor; Jean Valjean escapes Inspector Javelt; Jean Valjean loses Cosette; death comes and with it, love, home and memory.

Mrs. Greenleaf has a number of friends in this city. She will leave tomorrow for Salt Lake City, where she will lecture.

Mrs. F. E. Boynton and daughter have gone to Long Beach, Cal., for the winter.

STAMP SALES HEAVY; ALL RECORDS BROKEN

Last month was a record breaker in the sale of stamps at the local postoffice. The total sales aggregated $10,-[illegible], as compared with $8,[illegible] in August, 1905.

In the sale of one-cent stamps, which is taken as an indication of the number of tourists visiting here, the month of August recorded the largest number in the history of the postoffice. More than 210,000 one-cent stamps were sold. In July, 180,000 were sold, this being the record until last month.

Sales at the postoffice have steadily increased each month this year, and the general average is 10 per cent greater than during the same period in 1905.

RESISTS ARREST—A [illegible] [illegible] ASSAULTS

While in an alleged drunken condition, Al White, a young man connected with one of Manitou's hotels, loosened a vicious left swing on Police Officer Jim Davis' jaw yesterday which nearly put the officer in slumberland. Recovering from the effects of the blow, Officer Davis succeeded in flooring White and landing him and his partner, W. M. Wade, an employe in a local furniture store, in the patrol wagon. It is thought that White and Wade are fictitious names, and that both young men are well known here. Charges of drunkenness and resisting an officer have been placed against both of the men and they will be held in jail until Tuesday.

FROST NAMES HIS COMMITTEE

PROMINENT COLORADOANS TO PARTICIPATE IN HISTORICAL DAY PROGRAM DURING CENTENNIAL.

Walter C. Frost, a member of the Society of Colonial Wars and chairman of the committee of patriotic and learned societies, yesterday morning named the members of his committee, which will have charge of the program on Historical day of the Pike Centennial celebration. Historical day will be observed on Wednesday, September 26. Following is the committee:

Hon. Alva Adams, State Historical society, Pueblo; Charles R. Dudley, public library, Denver; General Irving Hale, Order of Foreign Wars of the United States and Army of the Philippines, Denver; Hon. George W. Cook, Grand Army of the Republic, Denver; John H. P. Voorhies, Sons of Colorado, Denver; Major Otis Remick, Loyal Legion and Society of the Cincinnati, Colorado Springs; Dr. William F. Slocum, Society of Colonial Wars, president of Colorado college, Colorado Springs; Edward B. Morgan, president State Historical society, Denver; Professor George L. Cannon, Colorado Scientific society, Sons of the American Revolution, Denver; Major Edwin W. Hurlbut, United Spanish War Veterans, Denver; Colonel E. Anson More, Society of the Cincinnati, Denver; Hon. Joel F. Vail, president Society of Mayflower Descendants, Denver; Durand C. Packard, president State Commercial association, Sons of Revolution, Denver; Professor W. R. Thomas, history and constitutional law, Agricultural college, Fort Collins; S. K. Hooper, Military Order of the Loyal Legion, Denver; General William J. Palmer, Medal of Honor Legion, Colorado Springs; Hon. George P. Steele, Sons of Colorado, Denver; Hon. L. Bradford Prince, New Mexico Historical society, Santa Fe, N. M., Society of the Cincinnati; Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, Sons of American Revolution, Denver; Victor A. Alderson, president School of Mines, Golden; Dr. O. J. Pfeiffer, regent State university, Denver.

PROF. MILLIGAN GETS GOOD PLACE

HAS BEEN APPOINTED SUPERINTENDENT OF MONTANA SCHOOL FOR DEAF AND BLIND.

Prof. L. E. Milligan, for the last three years teacher of the advanced class in the deaf department at the Colorado School for the Deaf and Blind, has been appointed superintendent of the Montana state School for the Deaf and Blind, located at Boulder, Mont. The Montana school, although comparatively new, is one of the most progressive in the country, and Mr. Milligan's appointment is a high honor and a fitting recognition of his ability. He will leave Colorado Springs today to accept his new position.

With the exception of Professor Milligan, whose position has not yet been filled, the local school will open its fall term next Thursday with the same faculty as that of last year. Superintendent W. K. Argo looks for about the usual attendance, which is 150.

HISTORY OF AMERICA IN SONG AND STORY

Miss Charrille Runals told the "History of America in Song and Story," at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium last night to a large and appreciative audience. Miss Runals combined the art of song with speech in telling of the different movements in American history from the landing of Columbus in 1492 to the twentieth century. Among the epochs taken up by the speaker were the landing of the Pilgrims, the Revolution, the War of 1812 and the Civil and Spanish-American wars. Miss Runals was assisted by Miss Varian C. Poole, pianist.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock Miss Runals will speak to men only in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium on "Black Rock," Ralph Connor's tale of the Selkirks. She will sing a number of Scotch melodies, among which are "Blow, Ye Winds I' Morning," "Will Ye No Come Back Again," and others.

FISHING GOOD—Reports from Hartsel yesterday were to the effect that fishing is fairly good, the water being low and clear. From Twin Lakes comes the report that fishing is good, with the weather cool and showers prevailing. Some good fly fishing is in progress at Clear Creek.

GOVERNOR APPOINTS COMMITTEE

PROMINENT MEN IN ALL PARTS OF STATE ON CENTENNIAL BOARD.

FIFTY-FIVE CITIES AND TOWNS AND ALL COUNTIES REPRESENTED—WILL BOOST CELEBRATION.

A list of the general state committee of the Pike Centennial celebration, just appointed by Governor McDonald, was received yesterday morning by Secretary Henry Russell Wray of the local Chamber of Commerce.

The list embraces many of the most prominent men from 55 cities and towns in the state, every section of Colorado being represented on the committee. No members were chosen by Governor McDonald from this city, since the local committees are already in charge of the main program.

Following are the members appointed on the general state committee:

Denver—C. J. Hughes, Joel F. Vail, Charles S. Thomas, Rev. Frank T. Bailey, Dean H. Martyn Hart, Rev. George B. Vosburg, Dr. Charles N. Powers, Charles R. Dudley, John Shafroth, J. H. McLennon, Henry S. Rogers, Lucian M. Cuthbert, Dr. William W. Grant, Jos. S. Jaffa, J. H. P. Voorhies, E. B. Morgan, Henry R. Mays, Robert W. Bonynge.

Glenwood Springs—W. S. Parkinson, E. T. Taylor, Clifton Parks, A. J. Dickson, E. E. Lucas.

Central City—G. M. Laird, H. H. Lake.

Golden—Victor C. Alderson, B. P. Quintance, A. H. DeFrance.

Leadville—H. C. Butler, A. V. Hunter, Kenneth Fahnestock.

Durango—Blair Burwell, R. W. Ritter, George N. Raymond, J. L. Russell.

Fort Collins—E. D. Avery, Joseph F. Daniels, F. J. Annis, L. Clarke Moore, George Clammer, Carl Anderson, Barton O. Aylesworth.

Trinidad—Daniel W. Stone, Jesse G. Northcutt, F. M. Tipton, A. E. M. [illegible], W. P. Dunlevy, C. M. Miles.

Sterling—D. C. Fleming, H. T. Sutherland, R. R. Grier, H. P. Burke.

Grand Junction—Orson Adams, Mayor Bunting, S. V. Talbert, A. C. Newton.

Creede—Charles E. Wheeler.

Montrose—John C. Bell, W. O. [illegible], O. C. Skinner.

Fort Morgan—G. E. [illegible], A. Hotchkiss, Jr., [illegible] A. Ide.

La Junta—G. H. Winchell, F. B. [illegible], R. G. Dalton.

Rocky Ford—A. C. Stark, W. B. [illegible].

Holyoke—George W. Shuler.

Aspen—T. G. [illegible], George B. [illegible].

Holly—W. M. Wiley.

Lamar—W. C. Gould, Milton [illegible], A. B. [illegible], W. A. [illegible].

Pueblo—Fred M. Roof, Hon. Alva Adams, T. H. Devine, Walter [illegible], Frank S. Hoag, Hon. [illegible], John A. Thatcher, S. D. [illegible].

Meeker—A. C. [illegible], [illegible].

Monte Vista—R. B. Wallace, James Conant, W. O. Stratton, W. I. [illegible].

Littleton—W. C. Stern, J. C. Mitchell.

Edith—E. M. Biggs.

Alamosa—Max Burkhan, Hon. C. C. Holbrook, A. Rex Mollette.

Las Animas—John A. Murphy, P. G. Scott, George B. Wick, George B. [illegible].

Boulder—J. H. Baker, Otto H. Wangelin, Charles D. Ward, L. G. Paddock, C. C. Bromley.

Buena Vista—C. S. Logan, A. C. Dutcher, O. K. Hartenstein.

Salida—W. A. H. McDaniel, [illegible], O. J. [illegible], M. Y. Smith.

Georgetown—J. S. Randall, James T. Garrett.

Idaho Springs—E. M. Sabin, R. A. Eaton, J. W. R. Smith, R. W. [illegible].

San Luis—W. H. Myer.

Westcliffe—J. G. Schweigert, A. H. Lacey.

Del Norte—Frank C. Spencer, W. R. Cochran.

Steamboat Springs—F. E. [illegible], Charles H. Leckenby.

Yampa—Dr. J. H. [illegible], H. C. Wood.

Hayden—A. P. Wood.

Silverton—Charles O. Finch, W. J. Kennedy, H. H. Barnes.

Telluride—Hon. H. M. Hogg, Charles F. Painter.

Julesburg—George N. Braxton, B. A. Lathrop.

Breckenridge—O. K. Gaymon, [illegible].

Cripple Creek—George W. Shephard, E. C. Newcomb, C. C. Butler, [illegible] Hills.

Victor—A. A. Rollestone, J. B. Cunningham, George E. Kyner.

Greeley—Z. X. Snyder, J. H. [illegible], C. R. Weber, H. N. Haynes, George Stattler, W. L. Clayton.

Longmont—F. M. Downer, C. W. [illegible], [illegible].

Loveland—[illegible].

Delta—George Stephan, C. L. King.

[illegible] Rock—S. S. Case, William D. May.

[illegible]—James Dilts, Marshall Fulford.

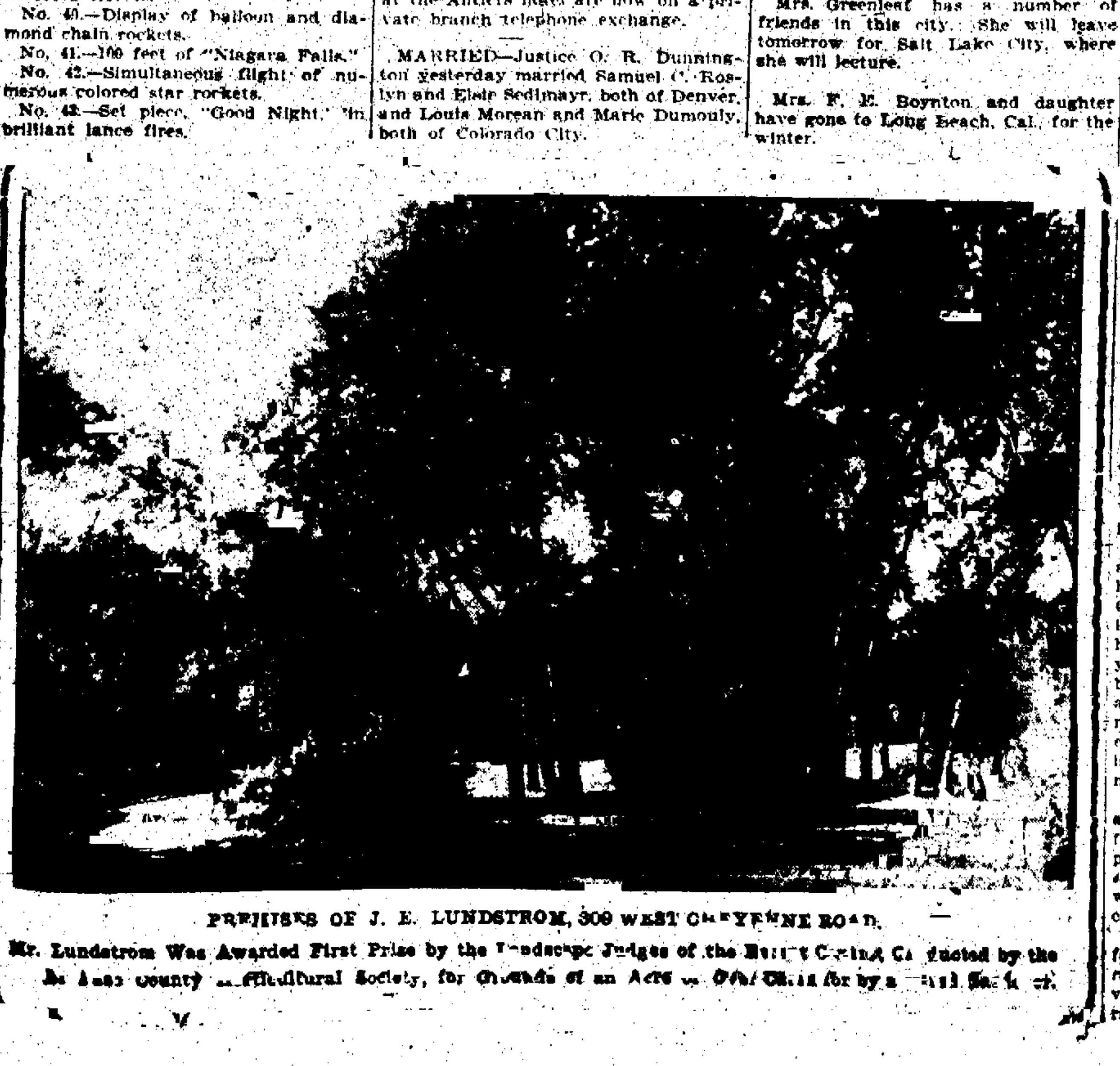
Red Cliff—John D. Nims.

Elizabeth—N. [illegible], L. [illegible], E. P. [illegible].

Canon City—Guy U. Hardy, Robert S. Leal, C. C. [illegible], Jas. H. Peabody, H. M. Mincay, Joseph H. Mankin.

Florence—J. Q. McDonald, E. W. Watts.

Ouray—William Story, George A. Scott, W. W. Rowan, George L. Wright.



PREMISES OF J. E. LUNDSTROM, 300 WEST CHEYENNE ROAD.

Mr. Lundstrom Was Awarded First Prize by the Landscape Judges of the Beauty Contest Conducted by the El Paso County Horticultural Society, for Grounds of an Acre or Over Cared for by a [illegible].

COL. C. F. HUNT A FORTY-NINER VISITS THIS CITY

Colorado Springs has as a guest one of the few surviving '49ers. He is Colonel Charles F. Hunt, a wealthy cattleman of El Paso, Texas. Colonel Hunt is a personal friend of Constable W. P. [illegible], with whom he is visiting while in Colorado Springs.

As a boy, in '49, he crossed the plains and came to Colorado, where he made his first residence at Chilili, Colo., now Gray Creek, three miles south of Trinidad. After two years spent there, he went to New Mexico, where for 21 years he was engaged in the cattle business. Then he removed to El Paso and to Chihuahua, Mexico, where he now has extensive interests. His present headquarters are El Paso, and he is rated one of the wealthiest cattlemen in the Lone Star state.

Colonel Hunt is a unique character, and acknowledges himself as "a freak from Texas," in that he is "a lone Republican in the Lone Star state." He says that the atmosphere of Colorado, where Republicanism is in the air, is clearer.

Colonel Hunt's son, Ralph, is buyer for Henry [illegible], on the Charter Oak ranch at [illegible], and it was on a visit to his son that he came to Colorado.

PREMISES OF F. R. [illegible], 301 WEST CHEYENNE ROAD.

The Judges of the [illegible] Awarded Mr. [illegible] the First Prize [illegible] of an Acre or Over. Taken Care of by the Owner.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE
THE OLDEST REPUBLICAN DAILY NEWSPAPER IN COLORADO.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR AT THE GAZETTE BUILDING BY THE
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The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1906.

ALREADY GAINING.

IT IS GRATIFYING to the friends of Mr. Philip B. Stewart to note the reception accorded to the announcement in The Gazette of his candidacy for Governor. The form of his announcement, following as it did by only a few days the letter setting forth his views on the coming platform, has excited general discussion, and has already given him a distinct lead over his competitors. People like to know where a man stands; Mr. Stewart has told them in very plain terms. His refusal to commit or pledge himself in advance, except to do his best, and his conception of the governorship as an office whose duties are to be met as they arise, and not beforehand, are favorably received. He is now without doubt the strongest of the three candidates in the field.

Almost equally gratifying, in one way, with the favorable reception of Mr. Stewart's candidacy by Republicans, is the manner in which the Democrats and their allies have already directed the full force of their abuse upon him. The News-Times and their jackal, the Chieftain, have opened in full chorus. He is a corporationist, they say, he is the head of a trust company that floats watered stock, he is the head of a gas and electric trust, he has the promise of getting the flotation of some of the new Tramway bonds for his company, and so on and so forth. Before the campaign ends we may expect far worse stuff than this. Some of the Welton street fakirs have imaginations which have been abnormally developed, and nothing is too ridiculously improbable for them to try to foist on the public. If they were not afraid of him, and did not consider him the leading candidate on the Republican side, they would not thus distinguish him by their abuse.

Now a word to those of our readers who have not the good fortune to know Mr. Stewart personally.

He is not going to travel in this campaign as the personal friend of the President; but it must be admitted that no man can be a close friend of Theodore Roosevelt who is not thoroughly clean, honest, and high-minded. No man can be a thorough believer in the Roosevelt policies, as Mr. Stewart is, who is a "corporation tool" or a "trust hireling." Mr. Stewart is a fearless man—he will talk right out in meeting, and tell the voters just what he thinks. They may agree with him or they may not, but no one who has heard him will fail to grant him the courage of his convictions, or deny that he is straight and square. He is a candidate that will grow during the campaign. The more people who see and hear him, the more votes he will get; and after that, the more they know of him the better they will like him. He is the kind that wears well.

We are living in a day of new things; new political issues confront us; our outlook should be forward, not backward. This is no time for either national or state affairs to be put into the hands of old political hacks on a platform of old political grievances. People have ceased to care for the "crime of '73." It is a good time for new blood. With Mr. Stewart for leader, the party in this state will march forward steadily and fearlessly in the path of progress and prosperity.

JUDGE GABBERT'S CANDIDACY.

CHIEF JUSTICE GABBERT of the Supreme Court has issued a statement to the effect that he is a candidate for re-election, and will be in the race till the polls close. He does not say whether he will go before the Democratic convention, but that is a fair inference, for he has always been a Democrat, with Populist leanings, and elected originally on the Populist-Democratic ticket. From the latter part of the statement it seems fair to infer also that if not nominated by the Democrats he expects to run as an independent candidate.

There has been some talk of having Judge Gabbert nominated by the Republican convention, but it is altogether improbable that this will be done. In some states, New York for example, it is a custom for both parties to renominate a judge who has given satisfaction, regardless of his political faith; but the custom has not obtained in this state, and as it seems very doubtful whether the Democrats will nominate Judge Gabbert, it is certainly not incumbent upon the Republicans to do so.

In his own party, it is needless to say that Patterson is bitterly against him, and will prevent his nomination if possible. Adams is probably almost as bitter as Patterson, for it was the action of the Supreme Court two years ago in taking jurisdiction of the election in Denver which caused the exposure of the Big Mitt, and sent a number of its members to jail for contempt.

Judge Gabbert has done good service on the bench. His decisions, we believe, have been rendered in strict accord with his conscience. It is said by the Patterson crowd that he is a tool of the corporations, but his decisions have not shown any such thing. In fact, no less than three of the more important ones have been against the corporations—the Flat Tax law, the Employers' Liability law and the Eight Hour law for public employes. As for the election of two years ago, it is only fair to assume that Judge Gabbert took the part he did not because he had become a Republican, but because of a high sense of his duty to the state. It would not be complimentary to him to affirm that he should have a [illegible] a Republican reward now for having done his duty then.

If the Democrats put legal training, ability and impartiality ahead of partisanship in selecting a candidate for Supreme Judge, they cannot do better than renominate Judge Gabbert. If they want a tool of Patterson on the bench, or a judge who is committed in advance to decide every corporation case that comes before him against the corporation, then they will name somebody else. There need be no doubt what they actually will do. When such men as Mullins and Lindsey are seriously talked of as candidates it shows the temper of the party. In its present frame of mind even so radical a man as Judge Cunningham is likely to be too respectable and conservative to suit them.

BRYAN'S NEW "CONSERVATISM."

A WEEK AGO we ventured a prediction that Mr. Bryan would before long dissipate the idea which some Democrats have been insisting on of late, that he is a conservative. We did not think he would do it quite so soon or so thoroughly as he did last Thursday night, but he certainly made a complete job of it while he was in action.

The Constitution of the United States has never been amended since the days of "the fathers," except as a result of the Civil war. It is very difficult in time of peace, and while the nation is under no special stress, to get an amendment passed. Scores of them have been proposed, and some of these have got through part way, but now they are wrecks on the sands of time. Notwithstanding this, Mr. Bryan cheerfully proposes two new amendments—one to shorten the time between the election of a House of Representatives and their assemblage for business, and the other to validate an income tax.

But this is nothing to what follows. He wants absolute free trade, because he thinks that would "bust the trusts." Apparently he would not have Congress undertake the job of knocking off all the duties, but he proposes a novel plan which is certainly enough to make Thomas Jefferson turn in his grave and revisit the glimpses of the moon. This plan is to vest in the President the right at any time, upon becoming convinced that an article on which duty is levied is coming in competition with an article made by a trust, forthwith to remove the duty and put the article on the free list. That is, he would make the President absolute dictator of the business world, with power to make or break, to kill or resurrect. The disturbance to business is great when Congress undertakes to revise the tariff in the regular way; but think of the uncertainty and panic that might result from the sudden action of the President, whom Mr. Bryan would invest with the power to change the tariff radically at any time—every day if he chose! What will the "safe and sane" think of this proposition?

And even this is by no means all. Mr. Bryan wants the national government to own and operate through railway lines, and the several states to own and operate the lines within their own borders. He has given a hint of this before, but never has come out so plainly for it. He did not go much into detail, so we do not yet know whether he proposes to have the government acquire the present through lines by purchase or confiscation, or build new competing through lines of its own. The latter is suggested by his reference to the case with which the government might build a transcontinental line from New York to San Francisco.

Still further, Mr. Bryan lays it down as a principle that in general, the government should own and operate whatever there is no competition in—that is, that it should become a giant trust of all the trusts. If this principle is to be followed out to its logical conclusion, we shall hear—we hope not see—some very queer things in this country in the coming few years.

Possibly in order to prevent the necessity of the government's going too largely into the trust business on its own account Mr. Bryan proposes legislation for the license of corporations, the President, in his discretion, having the power to revoke, or withdraw any license, when he has reason to believe that the particular corporation holding it is doing more than ten per cent of that kind of business in which it is engaged.

One very admirable quality about Mr. Bryan is his honesty. He told his people, from the other side, that in some respects he is more radical than he was six years ago. They would not believe him. Now he has certainly proved what he alleged. After this, anyone who can call him conservative has no sense of the meaning of words.

Colorado Comment

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

From the Salida Mail.

Upton Sinclair's labors have proved one thing that most people knew before—that it pays to advertise. Over 2,000 men have applied to the government for the job of inspecting the meat packers' operations.

◆ ◆

COLORADO IS PROSPEROUS.

From the Glenwood Post.

Colorado is enjoying such prosperous times that it will be mighty hard for the demmies to get a foothold this fall. The people are so well satisfied with the administration of Governor McDonald and his associates in the state house that it will take more than the wail of "Alva the Martyr" to turn them aside. They are quite content to let well enough alone.

◆ ◆

CANTALOUPE CROP SMALL.

From the Fowler Tribune.

The cantaloupe campaign this year will not be so large as usual. The increased acreage of beets has curtailed to some extent the usual area of melon culture. Besides this some damage by hail to the cantaloupes has been experienced on some farms down the valley. These conditions may enable the melon grower to command a better price for his product in case his goods are first class and fair dealing can be had with commission firms.

◆ ◆

THE DOUBLE-FARE OUTRAGE.

From the Fowler Tribune.

The trolley line between Colorado Springs and Manitou is kept quite busy during the tourist season. For years this tramway company has been grafting upon the people. Four fares are charged from Colorado Springs to Manitou and return. The same extortionate rates are charged to Stratton park and return. It is reasonable to suppose that the same rates could be charged in the larger cities where long distances are traveled on the trolley lines for one fare. Some of Tom Johnson's Cleveland street car policy may be good for western cities.

◆ ◆

PEACH DAY AT GRAND JUNCTION.

From the Salida Record.

Peach day in Grand Junction this year will be Thursday, September 27. Advices from the committee in charge of the annual fair, which will be held from September 25 to 28, say that the Grand Valley this year will produce the largest fruit crop in its history. This fact following the almost complete failure last year will be received with great satisfaction by the people of this vicinity who depend entirely on the Grand valley for their peaches. Let everybody who can go and celebrate with the fruit growers on Peach day. The railroads will provide low rates.

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

One Hundred Years Ago Today

Tuesday, 2d September.—Marched at six o'clock; halted at ten, and at two o'clock on the side of the Creek, our route having been all the time on its borders. [illegible] informed by a young Indian that Mr. Chouteau had arrived at the towns. I conceived it proper for me to return, which I did, accompanied by Baroney, first to the Little village whence we were accompanied by The Wind to the Grand village, where we remained all night at the lodge of Cheveu Blanc. Mr. Chouteau gave us all the news; after which I scrawled a letter to the General and my friends.

Press Opinions

NATURE THE GREAT HEALER.

From the Detroit Free Press.

In the new system of therapeutics it is as essential that disease be prevented as that it be cured; Nature is the healer and if given proper encouragement it has been discovered that she will right the wrongs committed by ignorance and misunderstanding. If we know of no drug that will heal affected lungs we have learned that right living will prevent the lungs from becoming affected and we know that in the incipient stages fresh air will work a cure. It is singular that the most destructive of all diseases should be curable or preventable by the simplest, cheapest and most readily obtainable of all remedies. And yet it is necessary to drive this simple fact home to every individual in the land by the adoption of an elaborate system of education and the expenditure of vast sums.

◆ ◆

THE CAPACITY FOR WONDER.

From the New York Evening Post.

In the boyhood of all but the youngest of us an air pump was a matter of curiosity; today our offices and apartments are cleaned by the vacuum process. We can recall when there was something awesome in the tiny spark of an electrical machine; now in rainy weather the discharge from the trolley slot illumines a whole street unnoticed, and our offspring amuse themselves with wireless telegraphy. The capacity for wonder has thus become jaded. It still exists, for it responded nobly to the sensational discovery of liquid air and the X-rays; but it requires some spectacular and rather valueless demonstration to give a fillip to the sated imagination of an age to which the marvelous has become the commonplace. When science serves us in our daily lives, we perforce assume towards it that hopersonal attitude, that possibly inhuman lack of curiosity, with which we accept the daily ministrations of our butcher and baker.

◆ ◆

CHECK ON NAVY RECRUITING.

From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Just at a time when the navy is in such dire straits for recruits as at present it is unfortunate that so many cases of discrimination against navy seamen, and merely because they are navy seamen, should have to be recorded. Every ship now in commission is undermanned and the navy department is at its wits' end to devise ways and means of enlisting recruits and retaining them in the service once they are enlisted and trained. These [illegible] of discrimination against the uniform [illegible] to counteract the most earnest efforts of the recruiting officers. The recruit expects and endures much discomfort and actual hardship as a matter of course. He does not expect to be marked out as one with whom his fellow Americans can not associate and to be excluded from public places to which he would be welcomed were he not in uniform. This is merely to place a penalty on patriotism.

◆ ◆

SECRETARY ROOT'S SPEECH.

From the New York Evening Post.

Mr. Root talked at Buenos Ayres very like an anti-imperialist, and an old-time believer in republics, democracies, and self-government. He talked with warmth and grace, and his praise of the Argentine Republic was thoroughly to the point. That country is justifying our American faith in the ability of peoples to govern themselves, precisely as the Filipinos will after they have had a fair chance, and citizens of the United States who follow South American affairs have taken great comfort in Argentina's remarkable prosperity. As an ambassador of good-will and friendship, no one could have done better than Mr. Root in all his speeches thus far. But, unfortunately for the practical side of his mission, his lips are sealed on one subject. He cannot hold out to South Americans a prospect of closer trade relations. He cannot say to them: "By means of reciprocity treaties and otherwise, we shall now seek to have close and mutually profitable business ties with you." He cannot forget, if he would, that McKinley and Hay, after negotiating a reciprocity treaty with the Argentine government, were forced to see it rejected by the senate, and that the bold Roosevelt has not had the stomach for a contest with the stand-patters, on this or any other subject.

Near to Nature

BITES HAND THAT FEEDS HIM.

From the Durango Evening Herald.

Charles S. Thomas is a pretty specimen to howl about corporations. Thomas has made his money from corporations.

◆ ◆

BACK WITH THE SPOILS.

Redick cor. Crowley (La.) Signal.

Albert Thibodeaux returned from Church Point Sunday, bringing a young lady with him, who he introduces as "Mrs. Thibodeaux." Congratulations, Albert!

◆ ◆

ITEMS IN EDITOR WILLIAM A. WHITE'S PAPER.

From the Emporia (Kas.) Gazette.

Mr. Stotler's lost their driving horse last week.

Mr. Evan Reck hauled hogs to town Friday of last week.

Jim Spillman made his usual call at Bugbee's Sunday evening.

Doyle Spellman hauled hay to town last week.

◆ ◆

EDITS JUST AS HE IS.

From the Triplett (Mo.) Tribune.

Some newspaper men are expert hot air gunners, and when they make their debut in a town turn loose the Vesuvius batteries, shelling the community with dream pellets. We come here without a plumed circus band, heading a glittering gold bespangled parade with an air splitting whistle in the rear, but with fifteen years' experience in country newspaper work, a fairly clean laundry character and an ambition to make a respectable living.

◆ ◆

MR. SHOEMAKER FURNISHES A COUPLE OF ITEMS.

From the Grindstone (S. D.) Bee.

Alex. Shoemaker returned from Pierre last week with a heavy load, but the horses were not hauling it.

Alex Shoemaker is busily engaged in putting six new shingles on his palatial home. It improves its appearance greatly and shows the gentleman's interest in our beautiful little city. Let the good work go on.

◆ ◆

LIGHTNING CAPERS IN GEORGIA.

From the Adams (Ga.) Enterprise.

Lightning snapped or burnt a big pine tree in half on Tuesday last. In the half that fell to the ground a bee-gum was found, from which one of our citizens got seventy pounds of honey.

Lightning hit two niggers and four mules on Thursday. The mules died, but the niggers recovered, and have gone to preaching the gospel.

Lightning hit the [illegible] of one of our leading citizens one day. A [illegible], and the shock cured him of the rheumatism.

TWO MOUNTAINS.

By Ella True Conner.

A-lookin' at the mountains, it always
seems to me
You can't help seein' this old world
more like it ought to be!
There is calmness an' right-thinkin' hangs
roun' their purple peaks.
Sometimes when I'm all worried out it
seems they almost speaks.
An' says: "Be quiet, now, an' wait till God
brings things about,
There ain't no use a frettin so, an' wear-
in' yourself out!
Whatever 'tis that can't be helped just
face it like a man,"
Is what the mountains says to me—a-
teachin' Nature's plan.

Now we can't all be preachers—I couldn't
anyhow—
I've got no knack o' saying things an'
never had, I 'low,
But still I've got a right good ear for
hearin' Nature talk,
An' there's nothin' like the mountains
when the old world seems to balk.
She's a mighty stubborn critter when she
gits a bad spell on,
That's when I gits out my old staff an'
paddles off alone
Away up in them stubbly pines, where I
can stretch an' see
How little all this turmoil is! It makes
me feel so free.

On pleasant Sunday mornin's their very
looks is praise!
Then I take my old staff again, an'
tramp a little ways
Up in among the canons an' hear the
waters roar—
It's always tellin' somethin' that I never
heard before.
Now, there's an old verse somewhere that
runs on kinder still—
"Who shall ascend Thy mountains,
Lord? an' climb Thy holy hill?
"Them that has clean hands, an' pure
heart," them old peaks says to me.
An' when I get home all the world's
more like it ought to be.

There's nothin' like the mountains!—an'
take them when you will—
With the first daylight on 'em, all rosy-
like, an' still;
Or when the sun just lights 'em up until
they look like gold;
Or when the storm cloud rushes down
an' clasps 'em in his fold!
I like 'em best when purple mists are
swathin' them about,
An' here an' there the grand old peaks
are kind o' lookin out—
It seems as if some dear old friend you
loved when you were young
Was kind o' smilin' down at you, and
beckonin' you to come!

But lookin' at 'em, night or day, it always
'pears to me,
You can't help seein' this old world more
like it ought to be.

HOBBIES.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

We are told to beware of a man with a hobby. We are warned that he is likely to hold us with his eye as the Ancient Mariner held the Wedding Guest, while he rides his hobby over us and generally conducts himself as a bore. It is quite true that some men are bores. There are two kinds of bores, men who have hobbies and men who have not. Of the two, the one who has a hobby is less a bore than the one who has not. Don Quixote and the Antiquary are good instances of men with hobbies, and if they are bores let us have an empire of boredom. There is reason in everything if we only knew it, and there is a great deal of reason in hobbies. In fact, some hobbies are decidedly desirable and may make all the difference to a man between sanity and insanity. For hobbies are not manias. They are those pursuits which we follow with the most enjoyable zest and energy.

Nay, we will go farther. Every man should have a hobby, and a hobby totally distinct from his daily work. Every woman, also, perhaps; but the wise differ upon the advisibility of consorting with a woman with a hobby. An old proverb says that change of work is as good as a rest. That may not be strictly true, but there is a good deal of common sense at the bottom of it. To go on hour after hour, to let the hours grow into days, to let the days extend into weeks and the weeks into years, at the same daily task, on the same dead level of existence, is to court the attention of a commission in lunacy, and if we escape that, it is the high road to poverty of mind, however it may fill the purse. Here is where the hobby comes in. It is the best means of relaxation, and relaxation is necessary, for the bow which is never unbent soon loses its elasticity. What relaxation is it to go home after a day's work, eat a meal, sit gazing into vacancy, or rush over the place at a speed which would astonish you during the daytime? Get a hobby, instead of sitting still or rushing about, and you will soon find the benefit in both body and mind.

Of course, there are sensible and senseless hobbies—even a fool knows that—and a sane person will choose a sensible one. There is such a wide choice that every man can find one suited to his taste and pocket book. But let us not make a mistake. A wealthy man may desire to possess pictures, engravings, china and a thousand other things. If he merely gives an order to a dealer and then places his acquisitions in his "show room," he cannot claim the freedom of the noble society of men with hobbies. A hobby is something on which, from sheer choice, we spend energy, care, affection.

People often laugh at those who make postage stamps a hobby. Really the laugh is on the other side, for the collector spends time, energy, and positive shrewdness on his scraps of paper, keeps the mind interested, enjoys the pleasure of possession, cultivates the faculties of observation and arrangement. Numismatics is much more sensible, it is true, and possibly it is not more expensive. Autographs, too, are a desirable hobby, for they possess that individual human interest which philately and numismatics do not involve, only the autograph collector is frequently a nuisance.

On hobbies like these you may spend and be spent, but there are some which are entirely uplifting. Think what it would mean to you, to anyone, to steal out of the city at times and collect plants for a herbarium, various forms of insect life, land and fresh water shells, and the like. The advantage of hobbies like these is that they compel you to live in the open air, they train the eye to observation, they quicken the mind with logical classification.

Life would be ten times—nay, a hundred times, if we can measure the comparison—happier and more enjoyable with hobbies instead of follies before us. You may rely upon it that the man with a hobby gets far more pleasure out of life than he who has not one. Even if this were not so, there is still that suggestion of Doctor Watts about Satan and idle hands. Get a hobby and ride it for all it is worth, and keep yourself out of mischief.

Doing Things Well

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

A GLANCE at comparative athletic records or at the annals of almost any sport, industry or field of human endeavor discloses a most surprising and encouraging tale of wonderful progress. The people who play golf today have developed more skill and accuracy than those who played a decade ago. The tournament average and general proficiency in the recent games of professional billiards show a quite remarkable advance over the performances of the predecessors of the present players, and also over the former achievements of these players. It is truly wonderful how great has been the increase of skill in baseball. People who care nothing for the game itself are nevertheless fascinated by the marvelous alertness, accuracy and power displayed by the professionals and amateurs of today.

The same progress is observable in almost every direction. Compare the ordinary circus of today with the circus of the past; "there is no comparison." Not only children, but highly intellectual men, can find matters of surprising interest in the modern—the very recent—mastery which animal trainers exercise over the most intractable and ferocious, "the most untamable beasts." The modern trainer teaches the seal to juggle a ball on the end of its nose; he will play with lions and tigers; he will wrestle with a Polar bear! sit at table with bears, lions, tigers, leopards and dogs, and eat with them while they are all ridiculously perched on chairs or stools.

The admirable thing about these exhibitions is the unmistakable evidence which they furnish of the most wonderful skill of the trainer; his courage and steadfastness over a long period; his almost infinite patience. It may appear to the unthinking that there is nothing very useful in all these pursuits and games; but everything is useful which furnishes to men striking examples of human skill and power, and encourages all men to higher effort by showing them that human powers are capable of constantly widening and increasing development. Men who exhibit the evidence in the useful arts and sciences perform a double service by showing us the extent of human powers and by pushing forward upon the avenues of positive, beneficent achievement.

One of the most valuable examples of the kind is to be found in the case of two or three physicians of the same family in one of the western states. The general public has scarcely heard of these men, but every physician and surgeon of eminence in the world who follows the course of medical progress knows of this wonderful and inspiring family and their remarkable work. Were it not the actual fact it would be almost incredible that an obscure village in a far western state, far removed from hospitals and large populations, with their medical colleges and museums and medical societies, is known the world over as the place where the highest peaks in surgical progress, and especially in the conduct of a surgical hospital, have been scaled. Yet eminent surgeons from Vienna, from Great Britain and from Paris go to that little town and sit as pupils at the feet of these wonderful men; they go as students to observe the best methods, and as patients when they need the highest skill in certain cases. What is responsible for this remarkable triumph by two or three men who were ordinary country physicians and surgeons not so very long ago? The natural answer would be that the men are geniuses, possessing marvelous skill as surgeons. That would not be correct. The surgeons are skillful, it is true. There are other surgeons in this country and in Europe who are probably just as skillful, but never anywhere in the world has there been, according to competent judges, a hospital conducted with the success which has come to the small private hospital of these men, who give a part of the fees to a charity in which they are interested. The hospital has surpassed the most famous hospitals, possessing unlimited resources, in treating certain cases, and the success is due to the utmost thoroughness in every detail and to the high degree of skill and care which the heads of the hospital have insisted upon in every department from all the physicians, attendants, nurses and employes.

When a patient enters the hospital he is subjected to the most rigid examination by highly qualified specialists. Every suspected organ is examined, and when the chemists and pathologists diagnose his case, and when the diagnosis has been confirmed, the surgeon who performs the operation is assisted by a thoroughly trained physician of long experience and known skill in this particular work instead of by the temporary assistant of many hospitals, where the office of assistant is filled by rotation every six months or so.

While the operations is being performed the pathological expert comes into the room, takes a specimen of the tissue, rushes to his laboratory, freezes the specimen and reports, even while the operation is going on, whether or not the tissue be malignant or diseased or in any way abnormal.

The greatest names in medicine in the world pay tribute to these surgeons, who were but a little while ago country physicians, traveling up and down a valley, and they all declare that the great secret of the splendid results, which cannot be gainsaid, are due to the surgeons' love for their work, to their intense, conscientious devotion to their profession, and especially to the extraordinary thoroughness and care bestowed upon every detail of hospital management, from nurse to chemist, from diagnostician to surgeon.

The skill of these men is, of course, now very great; but the one thing which distinguishes this institution from many others, or, according to medical authority, from all others in the world, has been the determination to do things well—positively all things as well as it was possible for the directing heads to do them or to have them done.

Consider for a moment how great and glorious has been the success reared on this foundation of thorough and conscientious endeavor. The surgeons have won a personal success which is the highest triumph in a calling which is doing work for humanity, and in doing their work well they have established new standards of excellence for the world in one of the noblest and most useful fields of human labor.

TO THE AMERICAN HEN.

(Poets may sing of the glory of the eagle, but the American hen that can equal the production of all our mines is entitled to a tribute for her industry.)

Oh, let the country pin
Its faith to you; oh hen,
And it will surely win
The scads that glad all men.
You beat the fruitful mine
When on a record lay,
And so your fame must shine
Forever and a day.
All patriots may dream,
While looking on your hackle
With joy supreme;
The eagle's scream
Is beaten by your cackle.

The painter 'll paint you soon
In purple, gold and green,
Against a misty moon
Upon a lacquered screen;
And laureled bards will join
Until the blue dome ring,
That you upon the coin
May yet outspread your wing.
Oh, hen, you lay by steam,
And when the job you tackle
All shout ahem—
The eagle's scream
Is beaten by your cackle.

Oh, bird of boundless joy,
And cashful industry,
You make all care a toy
That's beautiful to see.
Oh, long enjoy your day
That is a day of gold!
Lay on, oh hen, and may
You ne'er be laid out cold.
With wondrous vim agleam
You make all song and quackle
Like six cents seem—
The eagle's scream
Is beaten by your cackle.

—Puck.

WHICH WAS "ED?"

When the late Senator Wolcott first went to Colorado, he and his brother opened a law office at Idaho Springs under the firm name of "Ed Wolcott & Bro." Later the partnership was dissolved. The future senator packed up his few assets, including the sign that had hung outside of his office, upon a burro and started for Georgetown, a mining camp farther up in the hills. Upon his arrival he was greeted by a crowd of miners who critically surveyed him and his outfit. One of them, looking first at the sign that hung over the pack, then at Wolcott, and finally at the donkey, ventured:

"Say, stranger, which of you is Ed?"

LAMB'S STUTTER.

Charles Lamb stuttered, but always in the right place, as when he went to buy cheese (the story may be quite untrue). The shopman offered to send it home. Lamb inspected it. Then he asked for a bit of string. "I think," he said, "I think I could l-l-l-l-lead it home." But the proper conduct of a stammer is, of course, embodied in a Limerick, for Limericks cover all time and all existence:

Said the old man of Abinger Hammer,
Who was blessed with a wife—and a stammer:
The plague of my life
Is my [illegible] wife,
D-d-d-d-d-d-d-dammer!

GOLD DREDGES IN THE NORTH.

According to Consul G. B. Rav[illegible], of Dawson, a gold-dredging epoch is dawning upon the Klondike.

The rich, early discovered creeks methods been worked over. They are now being subjected to another, more scientific, treatment. A prominent feature of the new system is gold dredging. It has proved eminently successful in the Klondike in spite of such drawbacks as difficulties of transportation, high costs of installation and operation, frozen gravels and short seasons. Gold dredging in the north has passed the experimental stage and become an established and promising industry. Extensive areas of low-grade ground which have been lying idle, because under the former manner of mining the cost of extraction would equal, if not exceed, the returns, are being made productive through the use of dredges handling 3,000 or more cubic yards of dirt every twenty-four hours.

There are now in the Klondike, either in operation or in course of installation, nearly a dozen gold dredges. Next season will witness the arrival of several additions to the northern mining fleet, some of which will be put to work in the Fortymile and Birch Creek districts of Alaska. All of these "gold ships" are of American make. Occasionally it is said that dredges from other countries may enter into competition with American patterns. Such reports are probably idle and merely the result of impatience because American manufacturers can not at present fill all orders promptly. Calls for gold dredges come from California, Montana, Idaho and Colorado. Gold dredging is to be tried in Siberia and in the valleys of the Yalu, the Amur, the Hoangho, and the Kankgtse. The present inability of American dredge manufacturers to supply the demand is perhaps chiefly due to Panama canal requirements.

COLD STORAGE FOR HAY FEVER.

Here is a cure for hay fever that may not come too late for the susceptible victim of that fell malady. The Hospital relates that "a gentleman who was a sufferer from hay fever happened one summer to spend two hours in the refrigerating hold of a steamer." This cured him and he had no further attack that summer. As a remedy "cold storage" has objections, but there are victims who would even be cured at the expense of a frozen foot or fingers, and at any rate the idea is refreshing. Those of us who enjoy novelty, and always the "last thing," might rush for the refrigerator the instant we begin to feel that hay sneezing coming on.

NOT HOUSEKEEPING.

From the Philadelphia Press.

"So, you're married, eh? I hope you've got a good housewife."

"Well," replied the young benedict, "she's only been a fashionable hotel wife so far, and I [illegible] to continue so."

Among Men who Work with Hand or Brain

Why Order Clerks Struck

By Irving C. Jackson.

THE order clerks in the wall paper department of a certain great mail order house recently quit work in a body. It wasn't that they didn't like their places. It wasn't that they were dissatisfied with their pay, with their hours, with their work, or with their prospects for the future. On the contrary they knew that they were paid as well as any other order clerks in the city, that their hours would be bettered nothing by a change, that their work was easier than that of most men in their line, and that their chances for advancement were as much better than that of the average wall paper worker as the firm for which they worked was greater than the average firm of its kind. Still they quit. They couldn't stand the foreman.

The manager made a specialty of listening to the complaints of all employés. He also investigated just why each employé left the firm. He called the departing order clerks into his office.

"Boys," said he, "I understand that you've asked for your time. What's the matter, got an offer from some other firm?"

They told him they had not, that they did not know where they were going, didn't know if they were going anywhere, but they did know that they couldn't work for that firm any longer, not while that firm was represented by the present foreman.

* *

Foreman Was Too Autocratic.

"Why, what's the matter with him?" asked the manager. "Tell me your troubles. Of course we back up our foremen, but you get a square deal."

Then they told him. It wasn't that the foreman didn't know his business. On the contrary he knew it so well that he wouldn't permit anybody else to believe that they knew anything. He was the brains of the wall paper room, they merely were the hands that executed the 'brains' directions. Because he was foreman he had ruled down to the smallest item.

"Now, Mr. ——, you know no man who knows his work can stand for anything like that," said the spokesman of the men. "There's got to be a foreman, of course, and he's got to be the whole works and be boss and all that. But he don't have to be a slave driver just because he is foreman. He's got to have the whole say so where he's running things, and he's responsible for the work of the force; but he can't treat his men like they were a lot of kids who don't know anything. That kind of thing don't go. Why, this foreman would call a fellow for stopping to tie his shoelace. And when there wasn't anything to do for a few minutes he'd holler at the whole gang because they didn't chase around and pretend to be scared of him and make a bluff at working. Then if a fellow made a bull—and anybody will make 'em, I don't care how good he is, he'd get a calling that would send you crazy. It's too much for us to stand; we got to get out."

* *

Boss Was Asked to Resign.

The manager said: "You boys just stay with us another week, while I look up things. Then I'll see whether you're wrong or your boss is. Go back to work, and remember that you're going to get a square deal, and nothing more."

At the end of the week the manager had in his hands reports concerning the work of the wall paper department before and after the advent of the present foreman. These reports showed that there had been no increase in the work done per capita and that the number of errors had increased 25 per cent. And errors in filling orders are the bane of the mail order house. The manager called in the foreman.

"Blank," said he, "what's your idea of a foreman?" The foreman was at a loss for an answer. "Is it a man who runs his department strictly according to the best interests of the firm or one who regards his position as foreman as advantageous simply because it gives him an opportunity to play boss? Apparently the latter. Blank, you aren't cut out to be a foreman, at least not here. I guess you'd better resign."

The great trouble is that there are too few managers like this one and all too many foremen of the stripe described. Too often the head of a firm backs up his subbosses blindly and in full confidence that what they do is right.

* *

Destroys Efficiency of Workers.

An autocratic man in a position of authority over other men can destroy the efficacy of a working force just as surely as a proper man can aid and develop the men under him, gain their confidence, and secure for his firm the best work that is in them.

His position gives him the power to do this. He is the firm to the worker. Through him speaks the voice of the powers that be; upon his orders and directions is the work of the department carried on.

Undoubtedly the first great fault of the subboss is that of being "too bossy," as the vernacular has it. This always is the sign of the small man elevated to a position of some importance. He desires to run things down to the smallest insignificant detail. He is jealous of any hint of independence on the part of his subordinates. He is The Boss, and he doesn't want anybody to make any mistake about it, either. So he bosses his men until they hate him and work only as necessary, and their lack of ambition results in lost opportunities to them and lost service to their employers. The manager has confidence in him and decides that it is the men who are inefficient.

* *

Worker Has No Chance.

The man of autocratic tendencies is the most easily prejudiced of men. Any suspicion that a certain man may lack proper respect, even fear, for him, instantly reveals itself in the form of petty persecutions and tyranny. Again, a mere personal dislike may have the same effect. Thus the worker can be made to appear in a bad light to those who have in their hands the power to promote or set back; and seldom has he any chance against his superior. He may fail dismally simply because of this superior's unwarranted prejudice.

Every large house has this type of subboss, and most workers know him well to their sorrow. He presents a real, tangible obstacle to the worker bent upon the upward climb. That the obstacle has failed of acknowledgment by those who lay down rules for succeeding makes it no less serious. Most obstacles can be surmounted by conscientious effort; effort avails but little against this. It is a case of the bushel and the light, with the light in no position to throw off the thing which so effectively hides it.

Should Boy Go to College? Famous Men Give Reasons.

By Nathaniel C. Fowler Jr.

SEVERAL representative professional and business men were asked to answer the following questions:

1. Why would you advise a boy who intends to enter a profession to graduate from a classical college?

2. Why would you advise a boy who intends to enter business to graduate from a classical college?

3. Why would you advise a boy who intends to enter some mechanical trade or business to graduate from an institute of technology or other high scientific school?

The following counsels and opinions were the result:

Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell university:

"In my judgment, the chief reason why a boy should take a college course is that it will expand his horizon, multiply his interests, enable him to take his bearings in the world, and, in general, make a larger man of him."

* *

By the Governor of Massachusetts.

The Hon. Curtis Guild Jr., governor of Massachusetts, and editor of the Boston Commercial Bulletin.

"I think I can answer your questions precisely in the following single paragraph:

"Gov. Russell once said, 'It is important that Americans should remember that they have not only to make a living, but to make a life.'

"Technical education almost is a necessity for making a livelihood in the present highly developed condition of all the industrial arts. If the republic is to succeed, however, American citizens must be something more than cogs that turn easily in a machine. A man with no knowledge of history, literature, or languages necessarily is without knowledge of the governments that have gone before, and of the ideals that lift a nation from mere commercialism. To the technical education should be added a liberal education, that the successful business man may be also the valuable citizen."

The Hon. Carroll Curtis Boggs, justice of the Supreme court of Illinois:

"I do not think that either in professional or business life the fact that one is a graduate or has a degree will be found of any practical benefit. A classical education is desirable—all learning and knowledge is so—and if a young man can complete a classical course and his professional studies by the time he has reached his twenty-fifth year, he should do so; but I think every man should enter upon his life work not later than at that age, and that it would not be advisable to remain longer in the schools in order to graduate in a classical course. This I believe to be true of either a professional or a business life.

"The knowledge to be obtained in an institute of technology would be useful to every mechanic and every business man, and probably would be almost a necessity in some of the mechanical trades."

* *

Needed for Sake of Community.

William E. Huntington, president of Boston university:

"A young man who is expecting to succeed in any one of the 'professions' in the coming time should have the liberal training of a good college, both for his own sake and for the benefit of the community he is to serve.

"The same may be said to a boy who is to go into business. If he has a good mind and wants to make himself of most possible use in the world (not simply in his business) he should go into life with that mind well furnished and disciplined.

"Even for a mechanical trade a boy should have as broad a training as possible. Technical schools are doing fine work to train eye and hand, as well as mental faculties, for high grade work in trades."

* *

Success Means More than Money.

Harry Pratt Judson, head professor of political science and dean of the faculties of arts, literature, and science, University of Chicago:

"1. I would advise a boy who intends to enter a profession to graduate from a classical college, because, in my opinion, the mental and moral developments derived from such a course are of value, entirely aside from the specific knowledge needed for the given profession.

"2. The same considerations, I think, apply to the young man who desires to enter business. Business means much more than the successful conduct of a specific occupation. The business man who has wide sympathies and who comes into contact with life at many points is qualified to be a business man of the highest type. Moreover, success in business means more than success in making money. It should mean also success in using it, so as to get the largest satisfaction out of life and so to be a most efficient member of society. A thorough college education, I believe, will conduce toward these ends.

"3. An institution of technology will enable a boy who intends to enter some mechanical trade to be far more efficient in his work and better fitted to cope with the higher lines of his employment than would otherwise be the case."

* *

Clearer Light and Broader View.

Prof. William Libbey of Princeton university:

"First, I should advise a boy, who intends to enter a profession, to graduate from a classical college before taking up his professional studies, because of the broader view of life that he will receive, and also clearer light as to the relations of his own professional work to the other branches of knowledge.

"Second, I should advise a boy, who intends to enter business, to graduate from a classical college before doing so, because of the more concise habits of application he will acquire if he attends to his duties faithfully.

"Third, I should advise a boy, who intends to enter a mechanical trade, to graduate from an institute of technology or even a classical college, before doing so, because of the maturity he would gain by such a course, which would enable him to rise faster than he would otherwise."

How to Paint Your House; Hints from a Practical Man.

By T. R. Palmer.

PAINTING one's own house with one's own hands is a proposition which [illegible] has been [illegible] by the [illegible] of ready mixed paints. At the same time no one better than the manufacturer of ready mixed paints knows that the [illegible] of a coat of paint depends quite as much upon the intelligence of its application as upon the quality of the paint itself. The best paint in the world, ill applied, may be far worse than a poorer paint put on evenly and with regard to the surfaces that are to be covered.

* *

Priming Coat Is Most Important.

Time was when the priming coat of paint upon new wood could be regarded as of least consequence. But this was in the day when white pine and poplar were the two woods most generally used in outside work. Today the mighty inroads upon these forests have brought a dozen or more other woods into building service, not because of their peculiar fitness, but because of a common necessity. These different woods and the different textures and saps that run through the same kinds of wood have made intelligence in the application of all paint the chief factor in the evolution of the modern mixed paint and the modern painter. To the layman looking on, the work of the painter covering the side of a house is as simple, almost, as the writing of a newspaper or magazine article appears to be to the person who has been reading such articles all his life. But in the painting, as in the writing of the article, the subjecting of the work to expert criticism is likely to reveal to the amateur the fact that there is art in applying a mixed paint with a perfected brush.

What kind of wood are you going to paint? What is the condition of the paint that you are going to paint over? What is the season of the year? What is the temperature? What is the condition of moisture in the air and if this condition is abnormal did it arise in the shape of dew, fog, or rain?

You will need to know these things and some others!

* *

Yellow Ochre Is Out of Date.

Years ago, when white pine was the great building material, the painter was disposed to put the priming coat in second place of importance, especially in the quality of the paint. Yellow ochre was the body mineral and raw linseed oil was expected to carry it and fix it into the even, porous grain of the wood. Today, considering that the yellow, or Georgia, or Norway pine, as it may be called, is more used in building than is almost any other one wood, the changing nature of this wood within a fourteen foot single strip of weatherboarding is making the work of the painter more guarded, careful, and discriminating than ever it was before, while in the philosophy of the painter the yellow ochre body is more in disrepute than could have been dreamed for it twenty years ago.

Today the best priming paint for best results is the best paint that the wood will receive. It is THE important coat of coats, and if it be not of the best quality, spread in a manner to meet all conditions of the wood, dry and full of resins as it varies, no second and third after coats ever can make amends. There are grades of this yellow pine that never should be exposed to the weather and be expected to hold a coat of paint. But while this is true, sections of the best of it, resin filled, must be painted, and it is in knowing how to prime these portions of the wood that much of the art of the painter is required.

* *

Proportion of Turpentine Is Needed.

An oil paint will not penetrate such sappy wood sufficiently to bind it fast. Turpentine, however, may be used for penetrating the substance of which it is a byproduct and in proper proportion it will carry with it enough oil to bind the paint to the wood as a paint foundation. And, therefore, in proportion as the resinous sap requires, the after coats will need to have their proportion of turpentine to lend to the blending, binding processes.

The principles of painting wood surfaces involve first the use of a proper oil. There is no oil "just as good" as linseed oil, compressed from flaxseed. It is one of the few oils of a disposition to dry while retaining its principal body—and in the drying of the flaxseed oil drying begins at the bottom of the coating. If the priming coat has not enough oil in the mixing to satisfy the wood, the oil disappears, leaving the paint as little more than a dry powder on the surface; on the other hand, if the oil cannot penetrate the wood at all, the paint will not bind to the surface and will crack and scale off.

"Elbow grease" is one of the chief requirements in a job of proper painting and there is no substitute for it. Spreading the paint evenly to satisfy the absorbent nature of the wood, leaving it thick enough to accomplish the purpose of drying and binding and yet not thick enough to "run," or to crack and blister in the heat of the sun—this must be accomplished. Not to leave too much pigment on the hard surfaces of the hard, or yellow, pine is essential. On this pine the paint dries slowly under the best conditions and the last coat should be dry thoroughly before [illegible] follows it.

* *

Price Is Index of Quality.

It is anticipated that the man who paints his own house shall use a ready mixed paint and that he shall distinguish between a paint that is for outside use and the paint that is for interior decoration. The price and the reputation of the house mixing the paint should be indices of the quality, and under no circumstances should boiled linseed oil be used for the undercoatings. The first coat for priming will need to be thinned especially for yellow pine, and in the general treatment of the surface it is better to have three coats of thin paint, well brushed in, than to attempt two coats which may need to be too thick on this surface to escape cracking and blistering.

Oil reduction becomes necessary in the use of the flaxseed product. A paint of "full reduction" contemplates only one-thirty-second part of turpentine to the gallon of raw oil. A "liberal" reduction is one-eighth of turpentine to seven-eighths oil, and in neither of these proportions is the luster of the paint destroyed. The "medium" reduction, carrying 25 per cent of turpentine, may destroy some of the luster, but it will allow of deep penetration of the hard surfaces of the wood. Light shades will require less turpentine and dark shades more in order to flatten and penetrate. The light shades may need only one-eighth turpentine, while the darker shades may require three sixteenths of turpentine for the same relative effect.

Turpentine does not "burn" paint, as many persons believe. It evaporates more slowly than do any other of the paint solvents, and should be used liberally in the priming and middle coats. Especially in repainting an old surface the coat must be reduced with turpentine according to the porous nature of the surface. If hard and flinty in nature, more turpentine is necessary.

* *

One Coat Often Better Than Two.

Mildew is something to be considered. It is a vegetable growth made possible by dampness, and an oil paint is not destructive to it. Turpentine is, however, and in the washing of the spots with turpentine used freely, afterward removing the flaking paint, one removes the cause of [illegible]. Never apply two coats of paint to an old surface where one coat properly reduced and spread will suffice; there is as much danger from too much paint as from too little. These repeated heavy coats of paint not only may break away from the wood, but may scale from one another. Scraping or burning may be necessary as the preparation for more paint that shall last. Some of the best judgment of the painter is required to determine if the old coating is such that his paint mixture that is to be brushed in will penetrate the old coat and into the wood.

No wood should be painted in cold weather. Not only are its pores closed to oil, but the oil itself is unduly thick and heavy. But if it is not well to paint frosty surfaces, so, too, an overheated surface from the summer sun is not susceptible to the best results. When it may not be too warm to paint with white, the absorbent nature of tints may make it too hot for the darker shades. Blistering is the result, especially on old paints. In the spring follow the sun with your painting; in the heat of summer let the sun follow you without overtaking you. If the house has a damp basement, open the basement windows wide, releasing the moisture; otherwise the dampness will rise with the heat through the house and seek exit through the walls which you are painting.

* *

[illegible] Weather [illegible] Be Avoided.

Heavy, damp weather is bad for painting. The dampness from a rain, too, may be less serious than is the dampness from a heavy dew or from a rising fog. This moisture is penetrating in deceptive measure.

Painting without a proper "kit" is poor economy. The brush kit should include one large brush for the [illegible], the width depending upon the size of the weather boarding and from three to four inches long; a full stock [illegible] brush, well [illegible] in; a one inch chiseled varnish brush, for brackets and moldings; a half inch flat chiseled varnish brush, for sash colors; a [illegible] and a scraping knife and putty knife.

New brushes never should be put into water. When done with the first day's work lay the brush full of paint smoothly on a board. Repeat this process for several days; then they may be kept in a brush trough. Never leave them on the brush end in either the trough or the paint. If the paint has hardened around the top of the brush or through the bristles, leave the brush in a liquid paint and varnish remover for a few hours, afterward brushing them out on a board. Then clean the bristles thoroughly in benzine or turpentine. In using a brush the sides should be changed alternately, in order to wear the brush to a chisel edge. In painting into corners and crevices the paint should be worked lightly in, not jammed in, making stubby tools.

"All Work and No Play;" an Old Maxim Made Over.

By Marion Brundage.

"ALL work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," quoth the junior partner to the old head of the firm who was discoursing upon the loose habits of many of the minor employés of the office.

"Of course," said the head. "That has been repeated enough times by people shirking work to make it quite unnecessary for you to repeat it here. Nobody wants Jack to work all the time. Nobody wants to deny him the right or opportunity to play. Play after work is right and good. The only trouble with the play program is that Jack so often is such an ass that he 'plays' in a manner to offset what he does when he works. It's safe to say that 25 per cent of the men who fail do so not because of the way in which they spend their working hours but because of the way in which they misspend their playing hours. If I was in the proverb making business I'd get out my tools, take apart that one you just quoted, and make it over. Instead of 'all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy' I'd have it, 'All play when not working is pretty apt to make Jack a first class failure.'

"Would I deny the value of recreation to the workingman? Nonsense! What I just said doesn't intimate that, does it? The substance of it is that if you spend all your spare time in playing—all work and all play, you understand—you're apt to be distanced before you strike your gait. And when you do strike your gait it's apt to be a poor one.

* *

As Jack Plays, So Will He Work.

"I know what you're going to say—'a man can't work all the time,' or words to that effect. I've had it shot at me often enough to know it. Who wants anybody to work all the time? Not I. But I do want a word to say about the kind of playing Jack indulges in when he is on my pay roll. Just as he plays, so will he work. You can put that down as a dead cinch bet at any time anybody offers you any money on it. I've been watching people come and go here for the last twenty years and I know something about what I'm talking. The fellow who doses himself with ten or twelve beers or a half dozen whiskies when he goes out to play is going to dope along through his work the next day. The fellow who takes his mind off the day's hard work by sitting behind a pair of deuces and trying to make the other man believe that he's got a full house is going to hand you a fourflush when he gets down to the office and starts to grind out the stuff you pay him for handling.

"But that's all common stuff, and everybody knows it. But here's something that you may not have noticed. The fellow who seeks recreation in an entirely innocent way during the hours away from the office, without thinking of anything but putting in the hours between 7 and bedtime in a pleasant manner, stands just about as good a show of winning a good spot on the ladder for himself as the fellow who turns his salary over to the barkeepers or the banker of a small game.

* *

Reading Is Best Kind of Play.

"Why? Simply because he's doing nothing to push himself along, doing nothing to keep himself polished up and bright, when he's not working. He's possibly doing good work here in the office in the job he's holding, possibly he's just holding on. But, whatever he is doing, you'll find that the fellow who wins is the fellow who spends a little time and thought on his self-improvement and development when out of the office. He may not be an angel, may drink a little and sit in a little game once in awhile, although the chances are that he won't do either, but he does other things besides.

"How does the self-improvement trick work? O, well, there are any number of good ways. But reading—r-e-a-d-i-n-g—with a capital R—tells the story, in the quickest and best fashion. Reading what? Don't care much what, so long as it's something that will keep the young fellow abreast with things and keep his head full of other ideas than those he gets in the office, in the street car, or in the saloon. Of course the ideal thing for him to do would be to read up on things that would apply to business and his line in particular, but it's probable he'd find that dull, and even if he didn't it wouldn't give him the general roundness and variety of ideas that come from promiscuous reading. I don't want bookworms—anything but that—but fellows who keep even with things, which means that they read.

* *

Mingle with Other Men.

"After that I'd put association with other men, business men, no matter what the line—old men, young men, I don't care what kind. A young fellow who's some day going to have his name on the roll of honor here joined a club the other day. 'Jim,' I said to him, 'what are you joining that club for? You don't drink, you only smoke one cigar a day, and you smoke that at home, you don't play cards, and billiards you never will master. What's your idea?'

"'There's a whole lot of good men in that club,' he said. 'They get together and talk—it's the only place that they do let themselves out in that line. I don't talk much, but I listen. It's helped me considerably, that talk has.'

"You get the idea; rub up against your fellow men, get a little of their dust, and give them a little of yours. It's a good kind of trading, for nobody gives as much as he receives.

"But you can't make the average Jack see things this way. Rounding or wasting the time in some other way, that's their idea of playing. And that's why I sometimes feel like walking around the desks and kicking myself lame. Also, it's why the poor places are overcrowded and the good ones often empty."

The New Colorado Chieftain Magazine

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Saturday, September 8, 1906

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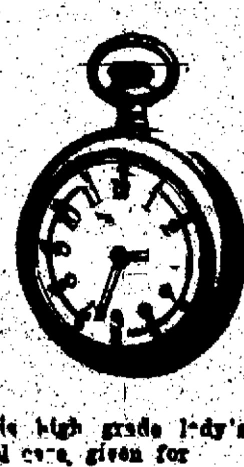

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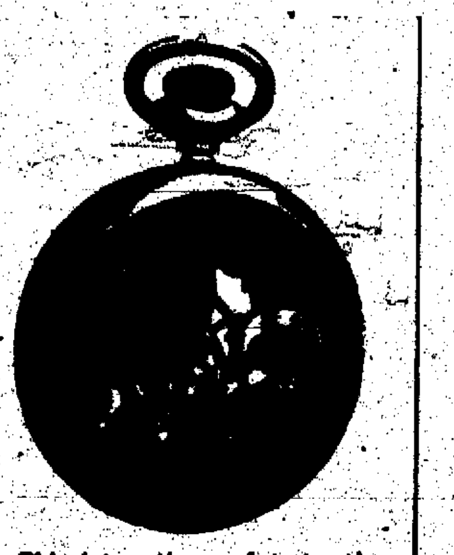

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Publication Offices: PUEBLO NEW YORK DENVER

WHAT THE PRESS AGENTS SAY

THEODORE LORCH & COMPANY AT OPERA HOUSE THIS WEEK

The Russian actor, Theodore Lorch, supported by Miss Josephine Deffry and his own company of players, in high class repertoire of eastern successes, will be the attraction at the Opera house all this week commencing tomorrow evening. The plays will be changed every day. They will give three matinees during the week on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. The matinee prices will be [illegible] adults 25c. Evening prices 25, [illegible] and 75c. Their opening [illegible] evening will be a romantic [illegible] drama, "A Soldier of the Kingdom," followed by the [illegible] "Story of Tennessee," [illegible] Missouri," [illegible] "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" and "Lady of Lyons." This is the [illegible] company that has [illegible] in this city at popular prices and none of these plays have been seen here at these prices." An Exchange has the following to say about the star, Theodore Lorch, the star, is an actor of unusual power, and a man of strong and magnetic personality. His changes from Jekyll to Hyde and the one great change from Hyde to his better self, were accomplished with wonderful rapidity, care and great effect. His facial expression is thoroughly under his control and admirably adapted to every mood which he portrays. In his dual part last evening he played the gamut of the emotions of an intense, intellectual, ambitious man, saddened to death by the power of evil which had passed his control, and he struck no note that did not ring true. He has a fine stage presence and a most admirable mastery of dramatic technique."

MISS META MARSKEY,
Leading Lady with Theo. Lorch Co.,
at the Opera House This Week.

EXCELLENT OFFERING AT THE EMPIRE

The management of the Empire promises that in the presentation of Gilbert's one-ring circus, the greatest educated animal act in the world, which includes goats, monkeys, dogs, horses and ponies, it gives the public an act worthy to [illegible] that of the sensational [illegible] who played last week. This act is truly an innovation in vaudeville, and as one sits looking at the performing animals in a miniature circus ring, one becomes oblivious of the surroundings and imagines a full-fledged circus is in full operation.

The Kings, billed as refined novelty artists, have a very unique and entertaining wire act. Their stunt is so unlike other acrobatic wire acts as to warrant its being termed a high-class comedy sketch. The McIntyre sisters, singing and dancing comediennes, are pleasing entertainers.

Otto Jeancon, who is making the hit of his professional career singing illustrated songs, promises to render a ballad this week that will eclipse anything thus far produced.

The moving pictures are excellent. The overture, "Mooning," will be rendered. It surely looks like a very good bill.

SUN REALTY COMPANY MAKES MANY SALES

Sales aggregating $50,000 have been made during the past month by the newly-organized Sun Realty company, which reports a great increase in the activity of local real estate.

Following are the sale reported by this firm for August:

Two three-room cottages at 117-119 N. Pitkin street to A. Comer, for $1,000; the property at 615 South Nevada avenue, consisting of a six-room house and full lot, to Clara A. Southworth for $3,000; a four-room cottage in Oakview addition to Clara A. Southworth for $1,200; a five-room cottage on Arch street in Colorado City to O. G. Everston for $650; a four-room house on Calvert street in Colorado City to J. H. Water for $600; a ten-room, fully modern house with full lot at 815 North Weber street to E. D. Bond for $7,000; an improved 200-acre ranch in Elbert county to A. Willett for $3,000; a four-room cottage located at 232 West Willamette avenue to H. K. Thomas, $1,500; a six-room modern cottage with full lot at 915 E. Cimarron street, to W. R. Allen for $2,000; a four-room cottage at 911 East Vermijo street, to E. M. Huffman for $1,000; lot 2, block 14, Hastings Fifth addition, to J. W. Doolen for $350; a fully modern house at 827 South Cascade avenue to E. C. Heinly for $2,850; a fully modern cottage at 614 South Cedar street to W. J. Slocum for $1,500; eight five-room houses and sixteen lots in South Colorado City to Frank Whittlesey for $6,400; the property at 1627 Washington avenue, to H. K. Thomas for $2,000; this firm has also sold the property belonging to ex-Mayor Irvine at 221-223 North Weber street, consisting of two fully modern houses and a full lot to a prominent attorney in Illinois who has been spending his summers here for several years, for $7,000; the six-room modern house at 22 East Jefferson to S. E. Ashton, for $3,000; a vacant lot at 12 Cheyenne boulevard to G. W. Johnson for $1,500; the Sun Realty company has also purchased the entire Bellevue addition located in the eastern part of the city and will soon offer lots therein for sale.

HARRY SCOTT DIES.—Harry Scott, aged 55 years, for a number of years bartender at the Hiawatha in Colorado City, died yesterday morning at the St. Francis hospital in Colorado Springs after an illness of several weeks. Scott has no relatives and as yet arrangements have not been made for his funeral. The [illegible] of Colorado City will arrange for the burial.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES

The date for the annual Anti-Cigarette league field meet, which is the principal athletic event in which the grade schools of Colorado Springs take part, will be set at a meeting of the executive committee of the Anti-Cigarette league on Saturday, September 15, at noon. It has been customary for the A. C. L. to hold two meets annually, but the committee may decide to hold only one meet during the coming school year. The first meet will probably be held during the early part of October.

A number of the boys of the Y. M. C. A. will meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the "den" with J. G. Arnold, secretary of the Boys' department, to arrange plans for the Sunday afternoon boys' meetings to be held during the coming year. The Rev. I. J. Heizer, assistant pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will address the boys. Dwight Sisco and Frank Cheley, who recently represented the association at the annual Boys' conference at Lake Geneva, will tell of their trip and of the conference. At the close of the meeting the boys will attend the entertainment given in the auditorium by Miss Runals.

A meeting of the active members of the Colorado Springs Young Men's Christian association will be held in the association parlors Tuesday evening for the purpose of electing six new directors.

Joseph W. Erps, of Waco, Tex., who recently accepted a position with the Colorado Springs Y. M. C. A., arrived in this city yesterday to begin his duties. Mr. Erps comes highly recommended and is said to be one of the most competent physical directors in the south and middle west.

Mrs. Mittie Brooker and little daughter, Janie, have returned from California and are visiting Mrs. Brooker's sister, Mrs. George L. Walker, 219 North Institute street.

REV. C. P. CROSS WILL ARRIVE ON SEPT. 12

The Rev. C. P. Cross, who has been assigned by the Colorado conference as pastor of the First M. E. church, South, of this city, will arrive here from his former charge at Atlanta, Tex., on September 12, and will probably assume immediate charge of the local church.

The Rev. James C. Rrawlings, who has been the Colorado Springs minister for the last four years, will leave this city the latter part of this month for his old home in Kentucky, where he will spend a six weeks' vacation before going to northern Texas, to which district he was assigned by the recent conference at Denver. He will not receive his new appointment until November.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy Better Than Three Doctors.

Three years ago we had three doctors with our little boy and everything that they could do seemed in vain. At last when all hope seemed to be gone we began using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and in a few hours he began to improve. Today he is as healthy a child as parents could wish for.—Mrs. B. J. Johnson, Linton, Miss. For sale by all druggists.

NEW ORDER OF THINGS IN OREGON

Oregon's new senator, Jonathan Bourne, of Portland, represents a new order of things both in his state and in the nation. He is the first senator ever elected by a popular vote. Senator Bourne will be a business senator. He is a millionaire. He will be one more Harvard senator and one more Bay stater, for he was born in Boston a little more than fifty years ago. Thirty years ago he went to Oregon and has lived there ever since.

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SIXTY CENTS PER MONTH.

A Thrilling Scene in a Poker Game

Four Aces Against Quartet of Jacks Cause Suspicion of Cheating

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat

"At a little town called Gila Bend in southern Arizona, pretty nearly a few years ago when I was at work on one of the sections of the recently built Southern Pacific railroad I witnessed a scene which for force and intensity goes far beyond the most thrilling climax in any lurid melodrama that I have ever paid the price of admission to see."

Ham Moss, grown gray in the railroad business, sat in the waiting room of the Union station a few nights ago and between train times entertained a policeman and the writer with yarns of the old days.

"There were the usual number of train hands, half a dozen greasers and tame Apaches, a bunch of professional gamblers and three or four bad men, the worst of whom was Hank Belden, said to have a private graveyard of his own and known throughout the district as a quick puller and a dead shot.

"I'd been in the place a week or more, wishing fervently for a chance to go east again when I made the acquaintance of Walter Doely. Doely was a young fellow from southern Illinois and although he hailed from a Yankee state and his folks did too, his father had fought under the terrible Morgan as one of the intrepid confederate leader's raiders.

Possessed of Gambling Passion.

"The elder Doely, as Walter told me, was a Methodist clergyman with a church either at Cairo or some other place near it. I don't just remember where, and the young man had come west with a party of engineers who were prospecting for a firm in Wall street.

"Doely was a fine manly chap and associated with few people at Gila Bend. Not that he was proud or haughty but he was usually a melancholy sort and fancied me because I was a bit gloomylike myself sometimes. Doely had one fault, he loved to gamble and his favorite pastime one evening in the week was a try at poker down in the Silver Horn saloon. One Saturday night I strolled into the joint and saw Doely sitting at a table under the flickering glare of a bum lamp, playing poker with two greasers and a man whose back was to me when I entered the door.

"I was surprised on walking around the table to discover that the player with his back to the door was Belden. A bad man doesn't generally take such chances. It's too easy for an enemy to enter and plug him full of lead before he knows it, but when I looked closer I saw that Belden was taking no chances, for on the wall opposite to where he sat was a big looking glass, the first of its kind in Gila Bend I reckon, and by glancing into the mirror the desperado could see every one who passed the front door.

Shows Effects of Liquor.

"Belden, looking up from his cards, nodded casually to me and Doely greeted me warmly and asked me to take a seat and wait for the next round of drinks which he was going to pay for. The round made up of the foulest kind of firewater, such stuff as used to set the Apaches on the war dance when they got too much of it, came and another followed and I noticed with uneasiness that my young friend from Illinois was getting a bit husky in voice and a little wabbly in motion. Every time he'd throw down his cards I could see his body lurch and sway far to one side and concluding that he was well under the influence of liquor, I tried to persuade him to give up the game and go to the quarters.

"Belden cast ominous glances in my direction when I suggested to Walter that it was time for him to turn in and, not wishing to have a run-in with such a notorious gun fighter, I became less insistent, especially as Walter himself seemed bent on playing all night.

"The two greasers who hadn't entered with much nerve cleaned up soon and the game was between Belden and Doely. Doely had about $50 worth of chips and risked his pile on three knaves. In the draw he got another and turning to me borrowed all the money I had in my pocket at the time—$25—to bet on his hand. Belden coolly took the $25 bet and on the call threw down four aces.

Challenges the Youth.

"Doely stared in surprise and quick as a flash snatched up the balance of the deck and ran through the pasteboards to see whether there were any more aces among them, having the idea doubtless that Belden was cheating. Belden looked across the table at his late opponent and such a cloud gathered on his face as I never saw depicted on a human countenance before. Black rage and offended pride were combined in the expression and the rugged bearded face was transformed into that of a demon.

"Belden half rose from his chair, leaving his winnings neglected on the table before him, and leaning across the table placed his right hand on his holster, shoved his face close to Doely's and said in slow, steely tones, 'So yer think I'm a skin, do yer? All yer wrong. I'd kill yer where yer sit if yer wusn't such a young 'un an' green too. Now get up an' pull yer shootin' iron. I'll give it t' yer.'

"I looked at Doely and I saw the young man straighten up and then [illegible] far back in his chair. His hands, with fingers wide spread over the mass of cards, were on the table so Belden could not fear a gun play from under cover, but Walter's face instead of expressing fear [illegible] on the instant became rigid, the lines about his mouth deepened and the flash in his dark eyes told [illegible] sentiment.

Doely Shows He Is Game.

"'You've got the drop on me Hank,' and Walter's voice, easy and natural, did not tremble in the least, 'and if you feel like shooting, shoot and be hanged to you, but if you want to give me a chance, thank you for it, I'll go you.'

"Doely slowly arose from his seat, placed the chair close to the table and turning his back on Belden walked to the center of the room, where he wheeled around and faced his enemy with arms folded across his broad chest. 'Wait a minute Hank,' he cried, keeping his arms motionless and his right hand away from his holster. 'There is no use to endanger any innocent lives, let's give Ham here a chance to vamoose.'

"Belden still standing at the table, his hand on the butt of his revolver, said nothing but only looked at Doely, and as his arm dropped to his side he remarked 'You're game, young fellow, and I like to see such grit as yourn. You ain't got a chance with me in a gun-pullin' match, cause I'd have my popper out and a piece of lead in yer head before you think, and I'm going to even up matters. See these cards here?' running his hands carelessly through the mussed-up deck. 'Well, we'll pile 'em up nicely an' then you an' me'll cut 'em. The man that gits the low card stands up again the wall an' lets the other fellow take a shot at him. Are you game for that?'

Doely Cuts Low Card.

"'Any way you say will suit me,' was Doely's cool return to the daring proposition. 'You're square, so am I; let's get to the business and be through with it.' Walter walked over to the table and gathered the cards up in a neat pack and placing them in the center of the table stepped back and said 'You cut first, Hank, or shall I?'

"'No difference to me,' the gun fighter said. 'I'll cut, though, to start the fun.' Those two desperate men, each as brave as the bravest, were in deadly earnest in their stirring acting and neither quivered so much as an eyelash or went a shade paler. Hank took the cards in his left hand and lightly let them fall one on top of the other back into the original position. Then he cut and held aloft a queen. 'It's a high one to beat, boy,' he cried. 'Have your try.'

"Doely, a smile of unconcern playing about his lips, bent over the table and took the top cards off the remainder of the deck. It was a four of diamonds, and my heart dropped into my boots. Doely looked at the card and saying never a word whisked the thing over the counter behind which the barman still crouched, and then he quietly walked across the room and stood, drawn up to his full height, with his back against the wall.

Refuses to Take Life He Won.

"'I'm ready for you, Hank,' he remarked in his usual tones, and, heaving a sigh of disappointment, waited for his death and watched its approach unflinchingly. Belden strode to a position directly in front of Doely and, pausing about ten yards from the man whose life by all rules of border chivalry belonged to him, surveyed the unmoved figure. It seemed to me that Belden must have stood there undecided for a full minute and then he said: 'I've put quite a few fellers away, but even if folks do say mean things about me behind my back I always killed fair. I can't do no butcher business like this. Say you didn't mean I was a skin, an' let's shake hands.'

"Doely stepped from the wall and as he grasped Belden's half-extended hand he muttered: 'I know you're not a skin, a feller to act like this can't cheat at cards, and if I offended you I'm sorry.' And so the thing ended and down in my heart I fervently thanked God, because I liked Doely and I knew that he wasn't Hank's match at any style of the fighting game, unless it was with fists. We had a few more drinks and separated, and I never saw Hank Belden again. I heard afterward that he was killed by some sheriff in New Mexico while resisting arrest for a cattle-rustling deal."

MISUNDERSTANDING.

From the Chicago Tribune

The new girl at the summer resort was letting her arm hang idly over the side of the boat and dipping her fairy fingers in the cool, rippling water.

"All this sort of thing is new to me," she said. "How do you do when you hook a big fish?"

"You have to play him with some skill," answered the girl who was handling the oars. "Don't let him have his head too much. Yield a little to his impetuosity, but keep a firm grasp. Accept his presents, such as candy and the like, but—"

"I was speaking of a real fish, you mean thing!" indignantly exclaimed the other.

A PUBLIC BATH IN STOCKHOLM.

From Social Sweden in the Craftsman

The useful and the beautiful go hand in hand in Sweden, everything bears the stamp of the artistic. The central public bath in Stockholm is in a park, the interior is decorated in green, the right shade of lavender and white, the little dressing rooms are daintily furnished, the swimming pools bordered with palms and growing plants with a little island of them in the center, and on the top floor are two large halls for indoor tennis, dances or other public amusements.

STRUCK TROUBLE AT ONCE.

From the Chicago Tribune

Scarcely had the Russian emigrant set his foot on the soil of the New World when sounds of a dire conflict assailed his ears.

"What [illegible]?" he asked. "Has a revolution broken loose here, too?"

"No," answered his former neighbor and compatriot, who had met him at the steamer dock, as with blanched face he hurried him to a place of safety. "It's a gang of rooters for the Giants mobbing an umpire!"

The Original Rooster

Habits of the Jungle Fowl Ancestor of All Kinds of Hens Are Being Studied in a Boston Park—Six Little Birds from the Distant Himalayas Attract Thousands of Visitors—The Hen in History Known in China 3,000 Years Ago—Incubators Used in Egypt When the Pyramids Were Young

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—The answer to the celebrated question "Why is a hen?" may be discovered this summer by those who visit a modest collection of fowls maintained as part of a miniature zoo in the Middlesex Fells reservation of the metropolitan park system of Boston. Not that any considerable number of the thousands of Bostonians and strangers from every section of the country who alight from the Boston Elevated company's cars in Medford and Melrose and make the delightful trip through the great forest park established by the efforts of the far-seeing Elizur Wright, the celebrated insurance expert, and who peer into what seem to be ordinary chicken coops at the reservation headquarters on the shores of historic Spot pond, are aware that among the domesticated fowls there present are half a dozen of their great great, great grandfathers and grandmothers, many times removed. From the beautiful little jungle fowl of the East Indian wilds to the useful bird of our barnyards it is, so to speak, a far cackle in point of time although the outward differences between the original and some of our ordinary bantams are so slight as almost to defy detection by the ordinary layman.

Not so many of these bright colored breeds of hens. It is however practically agreed that all the varieties—except the silky fowl—were derived from this same jungle fowl which lives wild in the thickets of northern India, Indo-China, islands of Malay Archipelago and in our colonial possession the Philippines. Darwin's main contention regarding the derivation has been established. But the ways by which after the little creatures were first tamed they were handed on to the races beyond the great mountain wall of India—all that is as unknown as the origin of the human race itself. Only the Chinese have any definite tradition bearing on the subject, a celestial encyclopedia of the sixteenth century stating that the hen was introduced from the southwest about 1400 B. C. For the rest it is simply known that at the dawn of history civilized man was already awakened by the loud crowing of the cock earlier in the morning than his natural inclination would have induced him to arise, that the Egyptians, those pioneers in so many modern inventions, had great incubators in which forty or fifty thousand chickens could be hatched at a time, and that all classes of the Greeks, besides using the products of the hen, were ardently devoted to that sport which now is so characteristic of the under world, cock fighting.

Countless generations of poultry breeders have had practical, though never until recent years, scientifically accurate, knowledge of the laws governing the establishment of distinct varieties. Most of the breeding, that is to say, has been done instinctively. Some men in every community readily note differences in points among fowls of the same brood, and are quick to decide what points they want to emphasize. Without any fine-spun theories, they breed for those points by choosing the individuals which correspond most closely to their ideals and mating them, a process which is continued generation after generation until a new type has become fixed.

FORTY CENTURIES SEPARATE THEM.

The Rooster to the Right Is the Original Jungle Cock; His Companion Is the Red-breasted Game Bantam, With Tail and Comb Trimmed.

bantams as they appear to be have ever been brought to this country it is said, and the sight of half a dozen in the fells picking up grain, grasshoppers and maggots along with derived varieties representing no one knows how many centuries of cultivation, is one to suggest speculation as to the long course by which leghorns, Plymouth Rocks and all the other innumerable chickens which lay several hundred million eggs annually in the United States, ever came to be.

For the average American, however, he may survey with pride the well-plumed chanticleer in his barn yard—or his back yard—is not usually ready with an answer to questions regarding the origin of a fowl whose early rising habits have called a hundred, perhaps a thousand, generations of men from their downy couches. He knows about eggs and dressed poultry and possibly a little something which he ought not to know about the fighting qualities of different breeds of gamecocks, but the explanation of the long processes by which hundreds of different types have become fixed to such an extent that only through human neglect will they revert to their original type—why, even after two generations of Darwinism there are plenty of people who don't know what is meant by selection, natural or artificial.

Not all the "whys" can be answered, anyway. Just by what processes of artificial selection each variety of fowl has been established is not a little obscure. The historians of our race have generally been more concerned with recording the battles of human gamecocks than the evolution of egg-laying

This, of course, is all there is to it, a simple, easy, demonstrable principle, although most people outside the fraternity of breeders of poultry, horses, stock and other human assistants have no conception of the remarkable results that have been achieved, sometimes within a very few years. The improvement of the gamecock—one of doubtful value to humanity—is in direct illustration. In some parts of this country and particularly in several of the southern states, a process prevails of farming out a large number of roosters together and allowing the better fighters among them to triumph over the feeble. The strong perpetuate their kind so that generation after generation an increasingly doughty class of fighting cocks is evolved. The men in this nefarious business, having a certain end in view, are able to produce varieties which have the abbreviated comb, sharp spurs, and general lack of appendages easily fastened upon which are desirable in fighting fowl. In exactly the same way the more useful types, the great layers and good broilers, have been established by fanciers working slowly, patiently, toward a given end.

Far as many of the varieties of the present day have traveled from the Gallus bankiva, or original jungle fowl, which is now on exhibition in the nucleus of what is expected to become Boston's big zoo, the preservation through all courses of experimentation of some of the primeval characteristics is very apparent. The jungle fowl looks like a little hen. When it and the red-breasted game bantam are exhibited in the same cage the layman is puzzled to tell which is which. They behave alike. They do not fight with one another more than would be expected of any two scions of different breeds.

Comparison is usually made with a bantam rather than with a full-sized rooster or hen. That is only fair, since the smaller variety is necessarily more of a size with the original jungle fowl than are the great creatures fattened for the market. The bantam, of course, it should be explained, is not any separate variety, but represents a condition that can be established in any variety. Did you ever think how these little fellows are produced? They can be created from almost any type of fowl by selecting the hatchings that come late in the season, taking the smallest of the resulting chicks, feeding them scantily through the winter, and continuing this process for several generations until a race of hardy dwarfs has been produced. In this way of the red-breasted fowl a bantam is reached which looks surprisingly like the little fowl that is the great grandfather of the whole clucking family. The difference is [illegible] feathers of the tail, though the close observer will also see that the primary feathers of the jungle fowl are a little longer than those of his domesticated cousin. He is, in fact, somewhat nearer to the aboriginal bird which flew, and indeed, in his native habitat he does lift himself out of danger from foxes and other sly creatures of the ground. One is the natural product of the East Indian wild, the other represents no one knows how many centuries of human interference with the workings of natural selection.

The jungle fowl, experience in the Boston park has shown, thrives surprisingly well in the climate of the northern United States. He is widespread in northern India, and lives up to a height of about 4,000 feet in the Himalayas. A detailed description shows a similarity of his appearance to many of our barnyard varieties. His comb is ample, with an irregular outline, and with narrow strengthened lobes arising from the crown. The head, back and sides of the neck are covered with long hackles of a clear, brilliant golden-orange color. Below the hackles the upper part of the back is bluish-black and the center of the lesser wing coverts are of a deep, rich chestnut. The quills are brownish black, edged with pale, reddish yellow. The tail is black with rich green and blue reflections.

The habits of the jungle fowl in captivity are not so different from those of other hens. The males have voices which are heard in the gray dawn, giving thanks for deliverance from the dangers of Renard the fox, Pussy the feline, and other prowlers of the thicket. It is noted, however, that the last note of the jungle cock's crow is rather less prolonged.

Interesting though an American colony of jungle fowls is by reason of the history unwritten, but not unimportant, which its presence suggests, he is at best only a curiosity. Commercial usefulness cannot be claimed. The eggs are small and would command no great price even in the season when tubs of limewater are giving up their contents. There would be no especial value in using him to cross with later varieties, or in developing new varieties without crossing. Natural evolution is rarely repeated and artificial evolution hardly more frequently. But as a spectacle in a little cage of his own he is quite the cock of the walk.

VERY VALUABLE INSTRUMENTS

Insignificant enough in the enormous property loss at San Francisco was the destruction of the instruments of the Metropolitan opera house orchestra, yet musicians know what the loss of a favorite instrument means. Moreover, many of the violins were old and impossible to replace. There were lost fourteen violins, five violas, three cellos and four basses, representing with the bows a value of about $11,000. Most of them were old Italian, French or German instruments, worth, for lack of a pedigree, only from $200 to $500. But in the list was a Guarnerius $1,000, a Guadagnini $1,000, a Daluglio $800, a Gagliano $500, an Amati $250, violas by Stainer, Maggini, Landolphi and Klotz, a cello by Santa Seraphin, and a bass by the late George Gemunder. Almost every large fire or shipwreck reduces the number of the precious old instruments and brings nearer the time when only wealthy collectors can afford to own them. It is already true that only an exceptionally fortunate musician can [illegible], and the instruments of the less famous makers are also steadily rising in value.

GRUESOME SOUVENIR CARDS

Souvenir postal cards bearing pictures of two negroes as they appeared swinging from a limb of a tree on the morning after they were lynched have been mailed at Salisbury, N. C., which place apparently takes pride in the lynching. The postal cards have been held up pending a decision by the department authorities in Washington whether such things can properly be transmitted through the mails. There ought to be no doubt about the decision.

GERMANY'S GREAT SCULPTOR

Reinhold Begas, probably the greatest German sculptor, has just passed his 75th birthday. Ten weeks before Bismarck's death Begas appeared at Friedrichsruh to get a final impression of Germany's most striking figure before beginning work on the great Bismarck monument voted by the reichstag. When Begas stated his mission Bismarck [illegible]. "But why do you [illegible] me a great monument? Represent me as being on crutches."

POSTOFFICE AS DEBT COLLECTOR.

A debt-collecting agency which is run as a part of the regular postal system is the newest "improvement" of the postoffice of Austria. Despite the novelty of the enterprise the plan has worked admirably, so that many thousands are collected annually by the postman throughout the Austrian empire. The system is very simple. Suppose a tradesman in Vienna has an account due from a customer in, say, such a distant town as Budapest, which he wishes to collect. Distance does not matter in the least. He merely sends the bill to the postoffice in the capital, whence it is at once transmitted to the postoffice at Budapest. There are postman presents it to the debtor, collects the cash and remits it to the Vienna postoffice, whence it is delivered to the tradesman by postman. In the event of [illegible] the [illegible] is [illegible] of the fact, and valuable time is thus frequently saved.

Minnesota As a Pearl-Fishing Center

Gems Worth More Than $1,000,000 Found in Waters of State Last Year

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Minnesota is [illegible] center for the pearl fishing industry. With the success of the pearl fisheries along the lower Mississippi there has been a corresponding increase in those on the upper river between Minneapolis and La Crosse, especially on the Minnesota side of the river. Simultaneously the industry has been gradually extended to other streams and bodies of water within the confines of the state until at the present there is hardly a river or a lake of any size in the northern or central part of Minnesota that does not have its pearl fisheries, says the Minneapolis Tribune.

That pearl fishing is no inconsiderable industry may be seen from the fact that the value of all the fresh-water pearls produced in the United States during 1905 amounted to fully $5,000,000. Of this amount rather more than a half represents the value of the pearls that were gathered from the streams and lakes in the middle west, the Mississippi valley as it were, in the strictest sense of the name. Just what the figures were for the total value of the pearls gathered in Minnesota during last year it is impossible to say. It is a safe guess, however, that $1,000,000 will not cover it, and it is almost as safe to predict that inside of a couple of years the yield of the state's rivers and lakes will more than double in value.

As a matter of fact, even if the state's yield does not increase a pound in amount from year to year, the present indications are that the value of it will double and perhaps triple within the next few years. The price of fresh-water pearls is unmistakably on the rise, and pearl dealers throughout the country are unanimous in their opinion that the increase in price of 200 to 500 per cent, that has taken place in the last three or four years will be hardly a circumstance to the rise that is due for the next half decade.

Pearl as Large as Marble.

Think of a pearl as large as an ordinary marble with a rarity of coloring that makes it impossible to be matched. Such a pearl as this was taken out of the Mississippi within a month, and has since been sold for about $70,000, a veritable fortune for William Bates, of Red Wing, the lucky finder of the stone.

Without doubt there is not another pearl in existence that will compare with the one that Bates took out of a Mississippi river clam a few weeks ago. That there are larger pearls in the world goes without saying, and that there are pearls on which a higher market value is set is likewise a truism. Nevertheless, for delicacy of coloring and oddity of the marking, the Bates pearl, as it is called, is without a peer.

Pearls found in foreign countries are valued for the evenness of their coloring and the ease with which they can be matched. Thus, it is not an unusual phenomenon to find that all the pearls taken from a certain locality are marked exactly alike, and in buying pearls to be worn in necklaces and other ornaments, the principal desideratum is to get stones that match one another closely.

American fresh-water pearls, however, are valued for just the opposite qualities. The coloring, far from being even, is most irregular, and in the general run of domestic pearls the rarity of color is the salient characteristic. As for matching American pearls, it is almost impossible to get anything like resemblance even in two stones, not to speak of the dozens and even scores that enter into the make up of the most famous necklaces and tiaras.

The Bates pearl, as a typical American stone, is remarkable not alone for its size, but also for its wonderful marking. With a net diamond weight of 85 grains the jewel is perfectly round and absolutely without a flaw. The flesh-colored tinting gives a beautiful luster to the pearl, which appears opaque in the light and almost transparent and translucent when [illegible] slightly.

How Pearls Are Formed.

The old story anent the formation of pearls was that they were developed inside the oyster as a protection against grains of sand and other foreign substances that had worked in between the mollusk's body and its shell. Like many another pristine theory in the world of science this explanation of the raison d'etre of the pearl has gone by the board.

The latest view on the subject is right in line with the theory of the ubiquity of the germ.

In effect it is that the oyster contracts a disease, due to the presence of a microscopic insect known as the distoma. This fluke-like creature infests oyster beds and causes disease among the mollusk inhabitants that undoubtedly yields more valuable results than any other in the whole known realm of therapeutics.

The substance of which pearls are formed is a sort of secretion that is exuded from the disease-affected part of the oyster's body. Pearls have exactly the same chemical composition whether they are called fresh water or salt water, or whether they are taken off the coast of Australia or out of the Mississippi river at Minneapolis. In all cases they are made up of calcium carbonate, water and a certain quantity, varying in different pearls, of animal matter.

Pearl fishing as an industry in this country dates back but a few years. As a matter of fact, it is not too much to say that the industry is really a development of the past decade.

Ten years ago isolated fishermen eked out a hard existence along the lower Mississippi river, especially in Missouri, Illinois and Arkansas. With only the crudest appliances for the work, the lone pearl hunter toiled at the hardest kind of manual labor, [illegible] with a rake and has in the [illegible] in the river bottom and now dragging a clumsy rake at the stern of a small boat.

Today, according to a recent estimate, there are 30,000 men and women engaged in an industry whose product last year was valued at upwards of $5,000,000. Furthermore the industry has reached the stage where companies, backed with plenty of capital, are in the field, and at least one of these companies is equipped with a line of boats built especially for fishing on the Mississippi and equipped with suitable machinery for dredging the river bottom for the pearl-bearing oyster.

Pearl Fishing Due to Accident.

Pearl fishing in its inception was an accident and now it is a gamble.

The industry had its beginning in the discovery of a few valuable pearls among the tons of clam shells that were annually dug out of the lower Mississippi to supply the demand of the manufacturers of shirt studs and buttons.

At one time a ton of clam shells brought $8 on the shore, and a half a ton of shells as the result of a day's work was not unusual for a good man. Then the price dropped as the result of a glutted market, and nothing but the fact that pearls were occasionally found among the shells kept the shell industry from petering out completely.

Shell Industry Side Issue.

At the present time the shell industry is a side issue. The men and women, too, who are to be seen along the whole length of the river between St. Paul and Prairie du Chien industriously dredging for the hard-shelled mollusks are pearl hunters first and shell gatherers afterward. They can get from $2 to $3 a ton for the shells, but they can get from $2 to $5 an ounce for the smallest, most imperfect stones—they call them baroques down the river—and they can get almost fabulous prices for the best pearls.

And any fisherman, without regard to his skill or previous experience, has a good chance of "striking it rich" at any time by bringing up a pearl of great price. In fact, that is where the gamble comes in. William Bates, [illegible] of the $70,000 stone of recent fame, fished for several years with [illegible] ordinary luck and then he gave a [illegible] to the game by bringing up the grandfather of all the [illegible] pearls.

And it is [illegible] most of the members of the craft gamblers from the ground up. [illegible] in and stick out the [illegible] bushel of clams and [illegible] over every mollusk in the hope of finding "a big fellow."

LEATHER VESTS THE VOGUE.

Leather waistcoats for [illegible] are to be the rage during the [illegible] winter, according to the prophets at the National Shoe and Leather fair which opened yesterday at the First Regiment armory. Not the familiar "sack-like vests" of the laboring man, but a dainty creation resembling silk which comes in all colors and patterns and is warranted to outwear one dozen of the ordinary [illegible]. The vests are suitable for wear with evening clothes and, despite their texture, will not come under the classification of "kid stuff," for "Cholly" will be obliged to [illegible] with considerable of the filthy lucre before he can become the possessor of one of the novelties.

"[illegible]" is another display of the leather art, in which [illegible]. The latter are studded with [illegible] stones and are valued at $50 a pair. Uncle Sam has contributed to the exhibition a collection of [illegible] which the department [illegible] furnished for the [illegible] of [illegible] the leather and shoe fraternity in supplying footgear for the colonials. The shoe men declare that it will avail little, however, in the face of the Chinese boycott. A large collection of [illegible] of all nations adorns the east wall, from the walrus hide moccasin of the Eskimo to the dainty foot covering of Mademoiselle de Paris.

The [illegible] of the space-covering capacity of the hide has puzzled the world from the time of the bull's hide real estate deal of Greek mythology to the present day, but at last the problem has been solved by a machine which will accurately measure the number of square inches in a hide in the process of passing between two rollers. The machine is the product of a Massachusetts manufacturer and is said to mean a saving of thousands of dollars a year and quantities of work to the leather dealer.

A half ton chair is a novelty which the [illegible] will not appreciate, but this massive piece of furniture is the property of a South American trading company and is manufactured from "quebracho," a wood which is found in the Argentine republic and is rapidly taking the place of oak and hemlock in the production of tanning compounds. As it takes about 700 years to produce a specimen of the quebracho which is sufficiently large for such purposes the manufacturers are endeavoring to corner the visible supply in the hope that their competitors will be obliged to start a quebracho nursery.

Artificial rubber forms the subject of another display, and if the elasticity of the product is half as great as the claims of the makers, the visitors declare that the substance will require a stretch of the imagination to conceive of its possibilities. The fair closes next Saturday.

ADAM NO BACHELOR.

From the New York Press

An old friend writes: Adam was not a bachelor. Adam was a twin. In the first chapter of Genesis read: "God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him; male and female created he them. And God blessed them, and God said unto them, Be fruitful [illegible]. And the evening and the morning were the sixth day." Of course, what applies to [illegible] applies to [illegible]."

SECOND ANNUAL BREAKFAST COLORADO SPRINGS FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

Largest Social Affair of This Week

[illegible] intended for the Society department of the Sunday Gazette should reach the editor, Mrs. Ella Celeste Adams, 230 East Boulder street, telephone Main 282, or Gazette editorial rooms, telephone Main 2[illegible], not later than Friday afternoon.

THE second annual breakfast of the Colorado Springs Federation of Women's clubs will take place on Saturday morning, September 8, at 12 o'clock, in the east dining room at the Antlers. Mrs. Ila M. Hamilton, president of the federation, will be the toast master, and the toasts will be responded to by the following speakers:

"The Nation," Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker, president National Federation of Women's Clubs.

"The State," Mrs. Harry E. Churchill, president of Colorado Federation of Women's clubs.

"The City," Mrs. William E. Riddle, second vice president of Colorado Federation of Women's clubs.

"The Women," Mrs. Richard Aitken, of the North End W. C. T. U.

"The Men," Miss Flansburg of the Four O'Clock Progress club.

"The Bachelor Maid," Mrs. Warren Woods, of the Monday Progress club.

"The Attitude," Mrs. Peter Grooms, of the West Side Fortnightly Literary club.

"The Stranger," Mrs. Nellie E. Pyles, of the Open department of the federation.

"In Conclusion," "Some Parting Shots," Mrs. Decker.

The dining room will be elaborately decorated in green and white, the federation colors, and an especially fine menu will be served by the hotel management. While the breakfast is in progress, the hotel orchestra will render a number of pleasing selections. The members of the federated clubs and any visiting club women in the city will be eligible to attend, and they can each bring a guest. Tickets should be obtained from Mrs. H. S. Hawks, 420 North Weber street, by September 5. The occasion promises to be one of the pleasantest in the record of Colorado Springs club life and a large attendance is expected.

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Colonel Charles M. MacNeill gave an elaborate reception and ball on Friday evening, at the Cheyenne Mountain Country club, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Chalomer B. Schley of Broadmoor. The appointments were of the most lavish description, yet in perfect taste.

The receiving party was stationed in the reception hall, which is so handsomely finished and furnished in old Mission style. The mantles were exquisitely banked with seasonable garden flowers and exotics. The main room, the home of the members, was also beautified with a profusion of flowers, and the musician's alcove was screened with smilax, into which was interwoven the design of a harp. [illegible] orchestra, augmented to a dozen pieces, discoursed alluring music for the reception and dancing.

The porches were ideal with their soft lights supplementing the moonlight, and the effect of a forest attained by the clever arrangement of evergreens and potted plants. The south porch was set apart when supper time arrived for the guests of honor and their particular friends, and the others in attendance at the ball were seated at small tables, which appeared as if by magic.

Among the guests invited were Mr. and Mrs. D. Bryant Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Marsden Cooke, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Whipple, Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Stimson, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Berger, Mr. and Mrs. Crawford Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Harry English, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Wood, Mr. Thomas F. Walsh, Miss Evelyn Walsh, Miss Archer, Miss Lillian Hurd, Mr. William Stapleton, Dr. Walter Jayne, Dr. Charles F. Powers, Mr. Horatio Brown, Mr. Bert Hall, Mr. J. H. P. Vorhees, all of Denver; Mr. and Mrs. Percy Hagerman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Connell, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Shields, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Tutt, Mr. and Mrs. Butler Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene P. Shove, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dawson Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Farnsworth, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest H. Every, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. Kurnal R. Babbitt, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus C. Thayer, Mr. and Mrs. Orlando B. Willcox, Mr. and Mrs. J. Addison Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Alan Arthur, Mr. and Mrs. William O'Brien, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Fox Gardiner, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Russell Wray, Mr. and Mrs. Walter F. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Drexel Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Curtin, Mr. and Mrs. James C. Connor, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Edsall, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Mellon, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. C. MacNeill, Colonel and Mrs. Franklin Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hine, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard E. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison I. Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Randol, Mrs. John Terrill Clark, Mrs. Frank Avery, Mrs. W. A. Burrowes, Miss Burrowes, New York city; Mrs. Susan Grinnell, Mrs. Francis W. Goddard, Miss Holmes, Mrs. William H. Scudder, Miss Lucy Hayes, the Misses Palmer, General William J. Palmer, Mr. Samuel Cupples, St. Louis; Dr. Eugene DuPuy, Paris; Mr. Herbert Tod, Mr. Arthur Brabazon, Mr. Richard J. Bolles, Mr. Horace K. Devereux, Mr. Matthew, Mr. William B. Rogers, Mr. Jefferson Hayes Davis.

* *

The committee of arrangements for the woman's portion of the program of the Pike Centenary met last Wednesday, with the chairman, Mrs. Francis W. Goddard. Mrs. Edwin A. Sawyer was elected treasurer, Mrs. James A. Lockhart, chairman of the entertainment committee, and Mrs. Oscar Robbins, chairman of the information bureau. An important meeting of the committee will be held Wednesday morning, September 5, at ten o'clock, with Mrs. Goddard, 805 North Cascade avenue.

* *

The Colorado Springs Musical club will present a program of original music by local composers after the Christmas holidays. All composers resident in Colorado Springs are invited to send their MS. to the chairman of the program committee, Miss Josephine Trott, 23 West Washington street, or the first vice president, Mrs. John Speed Tucker, 817 North Weber street, not later than October 1, 1906. A careful selection will then be made and the successful numbers announced. The club programs are ready for distribution and will soon be in the hands of the members. The committee has sent to Germany for a quantity of music unobtainable in this country.

The Social Board

A prettily appointed luncheon was that given at the Cheyenne Mountain Country club Wednesday, by Mrs. Leonard E. Curtis for her daughter, Miss Helen Curtis, and several of her young friends. Pink phlox was employed in attaining an artistic decoration for the table.

In the party were Miss Violet Gardner, Miss Tousalin, Miss Burrowes, Miss Elizabeth Lockhart, Miss Marjorie Hine, Miss Katherine Williamson, Miss Martha Scudder, Miss Mildred Greble, Miss Dore DeWitt, Miss Abbie Lansing, Miss Ann Silsbee, Mr. William Howbert, Mr. George Timmins, Mr. Carter, Mr. Lewis Carpenter, Mr. Albert Gardiner, Mr. Pierce, Mr. Albin Swenson, Mr. Jefferson Hayes Davis, Messrs. James and Morris Davis.

* *

Mr. Sherwood Aldrich entertained a "stag" dinner party Thursday evening, to meet former Governor Herrick, of Ohio. The other guests were the Hon. Franklin E. Brooks, Judge Kurnal R. Babbitt, Mr. W. Kennon Jewett, Mr. Clarence C. Hamlin, Mr. Henry McAllister, Mr. E. R. Coffin, Mr. Eugene P. Shove, Mr. Henry Hine, Mr. Dwight W. Morrow, Mr. J. Addison Hayes, Mr. Orlando B. Willcox, Mr. Leonard E. Curtis, Mr. Winfield S. Beynton, Mr. Rufus C. Thayer.

* *

Mrs. John Terrill Clarke, 1029 North Nevada avenue, entertained informally at dinner Tuesday evening, to meet her guest, Mrs. William Swinburne, of Washington, D. C.

* *

Dr. Gallaher entertained Mr. Evans and Miss Evans of Pittsburg, Penn., at the Broadmoor hotel last week.

* *

Mr. Davis entertained a party of six at the Casino last Monday evening. Tuesday evening Mrs. Pastorius entertained five guests. Among the visitors at dinner Wednesday evening at the Casino were Mrs. Sears, Mr. Knowles, Mr. L. L. Sachs, Mr. D. A. Johnson, Mr. Rubin Goldmark, Mr. H. B. Wade.

* *

Mrs. Soutter is entertaining [illegible] friends at a series of musicales, honoring her sister, Mrs. Harry Lee of New York city, and Miss Gladys McMaster, of London, England. Saturday, Mr. Hale rendered piano solos, Mrs. Soutter, violin solos, with Mrs. Frederick A. Faust at the piano, and Miss Palmer sang. Mrs. Francis J. Hobbs and Mrs. Gilbert McClurg poured and Miss McMaster served the ices. Monday afternoon Miss Josephine Trott and Mrs. Soutter played violin duets with Mrs. Clarence Carpenter at the piano. Mrs. Francis W. Goddard poured the tea and Mrs. Horace G. Lunt poured coffee. Miss May Howbert served the ices.

*

Mrs. James W. Scott entertained at tea from 4 to 6 o'clock Thursday, in compliment to her niece, Miss Cora Berkey, of Kansas City. The ladies assisting were Mrs. James R. McKinnie, Mrs. [illegible] and Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks, Mrs. William H. Spurgeon, Mrs. Andrew D. Aitken, Mrs. Fred K. Pratt, Mrs. J. Raymond Lowe, Miss Marie Sill, Miss Jeannette Scholz and Miss Ruth Beaty.

* *

Mr. William Howbert was the host, Thursday evening, of a young people's dinner party out at Broadmoor Casino. Covers were laid for thirty-four.

* *

The Neighborhood Sewing club will be entertained by Mrs. [illegible] Noble [illegible], Tuesday afternoon, September [illegible], at [illegible] Tenth street, Ivywild, instead of Monday, as has been the custom with the club.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Pope entertained at dinner Sunday evening at Broadmoor casino. Covers were laid for five.

* *

A party of young people, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Quinby, will make a trip to Bruin Inn this evening, and have a supper. Among those participating will be Misses DeWitt, Silsbee, Greble, Gardner, Messrs. Raynor Gardner, Lewis Carpenter, Albin Swenson and George Lockhart.

* *

The Misses Wilcox gave an informal tea Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss Virginia Estill and Miss Edith Reinhardt.

Engaged--Married

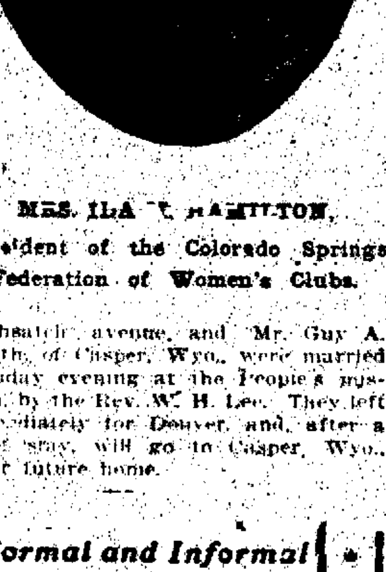
The marriage of Miss Clara Cotterill and Mr. Joseph Slaughter will be quietly celebrated tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in the home of the bride's parents, 426 East Bijou street, the Rev. J. H. Franklin, pastor of the First Baptist church, officiating. After a short wedding trip the young couple will select a home in this city. Miss Cotterill has been in the employ of the Colorado Title & Trust company and Mr. Slaughter is bookkeeper for the Colorado Springs Fuel company.

* *

Miss Miriam Baker of Battle Creek, Mich., and Mr. Stanley Harold of Denver, were married in this city last Wednesday, the Rev. James C. Rawlings, pastor of the M. E. church, south, officiating. After a short stay in Colorado Springs, Mr. and Mrs. Harold will go to Denver, their future home.

* *

Miss Dorcas D. Carter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George M. Carter, 9 South Wahsatch avenue, and Mr. Guy A. Smith, of Casper, Wyo., were married Monday evening at the People's mission, by the Rev. W. H. Lee. They left immediately for Denver, and, after a brief stay, will go to Casper, Wyo., their future home.



MRS. ILA M. HAMILTON,
President of the Colorado Springs Federation of Women's Clubs.

Formal and Informal

Mr. Raynor Gardiner planned and successfully carried out a romantic picnic party by moonlight last Tuesday evening in the Garden of the Gods. The chaperones were Mr. and Mrs. Theodore E. Quinby and Mrs. Henry Hine.

Participating were Miss Tousalin, Miss Gardiner, Miss Burrowes, Miss Lockhart, Miss Hine, Miss Williamson, Miss Scudder, Miss DeWitt, Miss Greble, Miss Lansing, Miss Silsbee, Mr. Griggs, Mr. Lewis Carpenter, Mr. [illegible], Mr. William Howbert, Mr. Albert Gardiner, Mr. Pierce, Mr. Raynor Gardiner, Messrs. Morris and James Davis, Mr. George Timmins, Mr. Jefferson Davis, Mr. Carter and others.

* *

The dancing party of Mrs. N. W. [illegible], 830 East [illegible] street, Tuesday afternoon was in honor of Miss [illegible] and Miss [illegible] Dorsey, of Chicago, Mrs. L. W. Hall, of Texas, and [illegible], of Kansas City. Music by Misses Dorsey, Dwinell and [illegible] was a charming feature.

The guests invited were Mrs. [illegible] and Mrs. [illegible] of Kansas City, Mrs. [illegible], Mrs. E. D. [illegible] Dwinell, Miss [illegible] Dwinell, [illegible], Mrs. [illegible] C. Randolph, Mrs. J. M. [illegible], Mrs. W. K. [illegible], Mrs. Robert Kerr, Mrs. [illegible] Roberts, Mrs. L. A. [illegible], Mrs. W. W. [illegible], Mrs. [illegible] Robinson, Mrs. [illegible], Mrs. Edgar T. [illegible], Mrs. [illegible] W. [illegible], Mrs. Henry F. [illegible], Mrs. [illegible] W. Scott, Miss Flansburg, Miss Alice Flansburg, the Misses [illegible], Miss Lucy Smith, Miss Caroline Miller.

* *

Miss [illegible] Worthing, [illegible] North [illegible] street, entertained Friday afternoon [illegible] of Miss Mabel [illegible] of New York city, at a [illegible] party. The [illegible] were devoted to [illegible], and the dining room was beautiful with pink and white sweet peas. The refreshments were carried out in the colors. Mrs. James P. Bussey poured the coffee.

The guests were Mrs. W. R. [illegible], of Little Rock, Ark.; Mrs. Whiteside, of Canon City; Mrs. Henry Dwinell, Mrs. Spicer, Mrs. Carl W. Plumb, Misses Stella and Mora Wilcox, Misses Mabel and Lela Stark, Misses Helen Carruthers, Sadie Bussey, Edith Allen, Neil Estill, Ethel Rice, Marie Hoffman, Mary Randolph, Augusta Williams, Marjorie Cooper, Jean Auld, Misses May and Lina Brunner.

* *

An enjoyable event of the past week was the musicale given Monday evening at the home of the Young Women's Christian association, 327 North Weber street. Mrs. Sue Thornton Stout, who is greatly interested in the welfare of the home, has agreed to arrange programs for musicales to take place each month and the guests are anticipating great pleasure. The attendance at the initial musicale taxed the capacity of the spacious apartments and porches.

The entertainment program included the following numbers:

Pianoforte Solo—
Minuet Antique ....Seebrock
Midsummer Night's Dream
..................Mendelssohn
Miss Annie Robinson.
Vocal Solo—
Chanson de Toreador, from Carmen.
O Dry Those Tears.
Lullaby.
Jacob Jaffe.
Vocal Solo—Contralto—
Indian Love Lyric ....Fielder
Irish Love Song ....Margaret Lang
Miss Wuerst,
of Nebraska Conservatory of Music.
Miss Annie Robinson, accompanist.

* *

Miss K. F. Benton entertained at high five Tuesday evening in celebration of the reopening of "Mayhurst," near Stratton park. The guests of the house and their friends had a most enjoyable evening.

* *

Mr. Robert W. Stevens leaves tonight for his season of musical work with the University of Nebraska at Lincoln. Several of his pupils will go to Lincoln in order to continue their studies with him. Included are Charlotte James, the wonderful child pianist; Helen McNeen and Ruth Manning. Some others are contemplating going to Lincoln. Among them are Miss Faye Anderson, Miss Ruth Beaty, Miss Bessie Manning, Mrs. Springer and Ruth Urquhart.

* *

Tuesday evening, an informal musicale was given at the home of Mrs. H. Thomas, 1825 Washington avenue. Piano solos were rendered by Miss Kittie Meara, of Chicago; Miss Beatrice Thomas played piano selections. Duets were rendered by little Mary and Lela Magee, and vocal numbers by Mrs. Chas. Garriott and Mrs. Thomas. Among those present were Mrs. Robert Magee, Mrs. Harney and Mrs. Hoff, of Kansas City.

* *

The Misses Lizzie and Edith Walker entertained a few friends Wednesday evening at their home, 824 East Madison street. The guests were presented with dainty favors and the color scheme in the decoration was pink and white. Included among the guests were Miss Lela Mitchell, Miss Essie Cox, Misses Pearl and Ruby Gustafson and Miss Lina Merwin.

* *

Mrs. Fred Parker, 324 East Yampa street, entertained informally, Thursday afternoon in compliment to her sister, Miss Della Gandy who leaves soon for Riverside, Cal.

* *

The West Side Card club gave a farewell picnic last Monday in South Cheyenne canon in honor of Mrs. L. M. Field. Fourteen guests sat down to an elaborate dinner.

* *

The ladies of Mrs. A. T. Gunnell's district of the First Presbyterian church will meet next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Charles L. Hemming, 1829 Wood avenue. All members are especially requested to be present.

* *

Mrs. E. J. Clark entertained last Monday evening in honor of her brother, the Rev. F. A. Russell. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. H. Decker, Mr. and Mrs. Ryden, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. R. E. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Simmons, Misses Elsie Russell, Effie Duncan, Eva Harris, Bertha Duncan, Nellie Duncan, Stella Duncan, Marguerite Percival, Bessie Galland, Bessie Osborne, Lillian Decker, Verna Simmons, Happy Shearer, and Messrs. F. J. Alger, Richardson, Carl Porter, Don Harris, Carl Decker, and Elbert Clarke.

* *

Professor and Mrs. Edward Dietrich, of South Wahsatch avenue, entertained Thursday evening in compliment to Mrs. Burks, of Chicago, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Persinger.

Card Parties

The high five party of Mrs. John W. Sheldon, 1126 North Nevada avenue, was a pleasant affair and all enjoyed meeting the honor guests, Mrs. W. F. Grosbeck, of Burlington, Kas., and Mrs. Floyd Baker, of Topeka, Kas. Mrs. Bernard received the first prize, the picture "Nedra." Mrs. D. N. Heizer won consolation, a Japanese picture, and Mrs. Grosbeck, the guest prize, a cut glass olive dish.

Some of the other guests were: Mrs. Charles F. Potter, of Denver, Mrs. Charles Edward Heizer, Mrs. Willis R. Armstrong, Mrs. Henry S. Hawks, Mrs. Charles H. Dudley, Mrs. Charles W. [illegible], Mrs. J. A. Sill, Mrs. W. W. Price, Mrs. [illegible] Cox, Mrs. William Strachan, Mrs. W. H. R. Stote, Mrs. B. F. Shepherd, Mrs. Edgar Howbert, Mrs. Julia R. Hemenway, Mrs. Winfield S. Tarbell, Mrs. Martin Slaughter, Mrs. William A. Campbell, Mrs. Willard K. Nichols, Mrs. Beverly Tucker, Mrs. Edward W. Giddings, Mrs. Louis A. Giddings, Mrs. J. K. Miller, Mrs. Arthur Perkins, Mrs. Samuel H. Kinsley, Mrs. Frank G. Peck, Mrs. Benjamin F. Lowell, Mrs. Arthur G. Sharp, Mrs. James A. Morrison, Misses Jane and Kate Burns, Miss Frances Heizer.

* *

Mrs. Earl C. Heinly, 309 Colorado avenue entertained at cards Tuesday afternoon, and a delicious two-course lunch was served. Mrs. J. W. Scott received the head prize, a hand-painted china vase, and Miss Carrie Eakin, of Aledo, Ill., the guest prize, a hand-painted cup and saucer.

The participants were the guest of honor, Miss Edna Gregg, of Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. J. R. McKinnie, Mrs. Carl W. Plumb, Mrs. W. H. Spurgeon, Mrs. J. W. Scott, Mrs. A. D. Aitken, Mrs. L. L. Aitken, Mrs. F. A. Bissell, Mrs. A. C. McKeehan, Mrs Richard McKinnie Aitken, Miss Nellie Skirving, O'Neil, Neb.; Miss Vina Campbell, Misses Rue and Mary McKinnie, Miss Jeannette Scholz, Miss Mary Strachan, Miss Jo Moore, Miss Cora Berkey, Kansas City; Miss Alice McKinnie, Miss Rule Aitken, Miss Rowena Brown.

* *

Miss Jeannette Scholz gave a charming hearts party Wednesday afternoon at her home on North Nevada avenue, in compliment to Miss Grace Dudley, whose marriage to Mr. Ralph T. Davis, will take place in October. The floral decorations were carried out prettily with pink and white cosmos and sweet peas, and in every conceivable way, hearts were in evidence.

* *

Mrs. G. S. Milone entertained informally at bridge last Thursday afternoon at her residence on Wood avenue.

Personal Mention

Mrs. Boswell P. Anderson and her daughter, Miss Eleanor Anderson, sailed for Europe last week and will join Misses Laura and Margaret Anderson and Miss Bessie Curtis in Paris. The middle of October, Miss May Howbert, Miss Dore DeWitt and Miss Frances Curtis intend going abroad to spend the winter with the party.

* *

Dr. and Mrs. [illegible] B. Griffith and their little daughter, Alice Hester, left on Friday for their home in Springfield, Ill., after a several weeks' visit with Mrs. Griffith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Giddings, 404 North Tejon street.

* *

Senator and Mrs. Nathan B. Scott, of West Virginia, are the guests of their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Howbert and Mr. and Mrs. William Lennox, of this city.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Alan Arthur spent a day at Manitou park recently, en route for a visit at "Wolhurst" with Mr. Thomas F. Walsh and family.

* *

Mrs. Swinburne, of Washington, D. C., wife of Admiral William Swinburne, U. S. N., in charge of the Pacific squadron, is a guest of Mrs. John Terrill Clarke, 1029 North Nevada avenue, en route to join her husband.

* *

Dr. Du Puy, a noted physician from Paris, France, is the guest of Mr. and Miss Anna Briggs of Ivywild have have been in Glenwood Springs a portion of the week.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Egbert Smit, former residents of Broadmoor, but for the past four or five years in Mexico, are guests at the Broadmoor hotel.

* *

Rev. and Mrs. John B. Hunley of Canon City were guests of Judge and Mrs. Allen T. Gunnell over last Sunday. Mr. Hunley filled the pulpit of the First Christian church, and in the evening Mrs. Hunley sang several enjoyable selections.

* *

Mr. W. M. Hager and party made an auto trip to Manitou park last week in an hour and fifty minutes.

* *

Mrs. A. F. Vedder and her son, James, of Hammond, Ind., have been the guests of the Misses Gandy while in the city for a few days.

* *

Mrs. H. H. McCombs, 839 East Kiowa street, is entertaining Mrs. W. A. Wheeland and Miss Myrtle Andrews, of Kansas City, Mo.

* *

Mrs. Charles Arnold Logan and her little daughter, Jacquelin, of Lampasas, Texas, are guests of Mrs. C. S. Baker, 116 East Washington street.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Burns are entertaining Mrs. Burns' father, Mr. J. A. Parker, of St. Joseph, Mo.

* *

The Misses Mary and Katherine McDonald, of Fort Smith, Ark., sisters of Mrs. Edward H. Lile, left a few days ago for home after a number of weeks' stay in this city.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. C. Duer are receiving a visit from Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Montgomery, of Kahoka, Mo.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Calhoun, of Denver, spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Pyles, 501 East Caramillo street.

* *

Miss Adeline Matthews, a Chicago singer, was the guest of Miss Josephine Trott, 23 West Washington street, last week. Sunday morning Miss Matthews sang a solo during service at the First Christian church.

* *

Mr. E. C. Matthews, of England, has been the guest of his brother, Mr. W. J. Matthews, en route to the Pacific coast.

* *

Mrs. Olmsted, of Denver, wife of Dr. George K. Olmsted, of Denver, and her little son, Joseph Nye Olmsted, are guests of Mrs. Olmsted's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Nye, 427 North Nevada avenue.

* *

Miss Bessie McAleavy, the Misses Murphy and their niece, Miss Genevieve Murphy, have returned to their home in Iowa City, Ia.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar M. Marbourg and son have been spending a short time at Manitou park.

* *

Miss Florence Perkins leaves soon for Minneapolis, Minn., where she will resume her musical studies.

* *

Mrs. L. M. Field has gone to join Mr. Field in their new home at Eugene, Oregon.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Crissey leave this morning on a two months' trip including Yellowstone park, Washington, Oregon and California.

MRS. SARAH PLATT DECKER,
President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

MRS. HARRY E. CHURCHILL,
President of the Colorado Federation of Women's Clubs.

D E R N 'S

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Dern Tea and Coffee Co.
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Additional Society

Mr. Charles Farnsworth and daughters have been at Manitou park.

* *

Masters Wynant and Charles Hubbard of Kansas City, nephews of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ashley Hubbard, accompanied by their maid, are staying at the Broadmoor hotel for some weeks.

* *

Mrs. Jennie M. Cadwell has returned from a trip in the east.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Moore have removed to Los Angeles, Cal., where Mr. Moore has accepted an appointment in Occidental college.

* *

Mr. Harry N. Shallenberger and a party of Philadelphians are making a trip of three weeks through California and the Yellowstone.

* *

Miss Eloise Quinby, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore E. Quinby, is visiting friends in Detroit, Mich., and will spend this winter in Boston, Mass., studying music.

* *

Miss Charlotte Hemenway has returned from a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Bailey.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Horace F. Lunt are again at home after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Bailey at their ranch near Fort Garland, Colo.

* *

Eugene D. Preston, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Preston of Denver, has been visiting Harry Woodward and Dudley McClurg for the last week or more.

* *

Mrs. W. E. [illegible]thy and Miss Belle Shick of Seward, Neb., are in the city for a ten days' stay.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Pope are entertaining Mrs. Frank Bolles and son of Cincinnati, O., and Misses Ida and Anna Mahoney of Wichita, Kan.

* *

Miss Virginia Estill will spend this winter in Chicago, continuing her musical studies.

* *

Miss Eulalie Reinhardt has accepted a position as teacher in the schools at Cripple Creek, and will spend the winter in that city.

* *

Some of the guests at the Broadmoor hotel are Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kappler of Denver; Miss June Brown of Denver; the Misses Denison, Redlands, Cal.; Mr. Walter Dunner, Birmingham.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Bailey of Denver spent last Saturday and Sunday at the Broadmoor hotel.

* *

Mrs. David Sanders and Miss Lucile Sanders of Leesburg, Ohio, are spending a month with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Slaughter, 122 East Jefferson street.

* *

Miss Verita Addams Slaughter has returned from a three months' visit with relatives and friends in New Lexington, Ohio.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Williamson and Miss Anna Briggs of Ivywild have been spending the week at Woodland park.

* *

Mrs. C. W. Fairley and her daughter, Miss Bessie Fairley, are at Glenwood Springs for a fortnight's outing.

* *

Mrs. Charles L. Tutt and sons are expected home from Washington today.

* *

Mrs. W. H. Leonard and family have returned from Manitou park.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Guy [illegible] Hardy of Canon city, and Miss Genevieve Becker, of Janesville, Wis., have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford W. Hardy the past week.

* *

Mrs. John Speed Tucker and her sister, Miss Jessie Aiken, are visiting relatives in Milwaukee, Wis.

* *

Mr. John H. Hobbs has returned from a business trip to Nevada.

* *

Major Philip G. Wales, U. S. A., and his children, from Fort William McKinley, Philippines, left for the east the first of the week after a visit with Brigadier General and Mrs. William H. [illegible]ck, 631 North Weber street.

[illegible] WILLARD [illegible]

Aged three and half years, who walked up Pike's Peak last Saturday. He is the youngest child that ever made the ascent on foot.

* *

Judge J. A. Elston has gone on a business trip to Battle Mountain, Nev.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Antoine and their daughter, Erma, have gone to Denver, where they intend to make their home for the future.

* *

Mr. Albert C. Pearson has returned from Duluth, Minn., and is again located in the city for the winter.

Club News

The East Side W. C. T. U. met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. Willison, 228 East St. Vrain street. The paper of the day was entitled "Why We Belong."

Mrs. David Ross and Mrs. M. Van Lopik gave enjoyable vocal solos, and Miss Evans contributed a piano solo. Miss Cecil Jordan so pleasingly rendered a recitation that an encore was insisted upon. Light refreshments were served.

EASILY CONJECTURED.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"I see you had ham and eggs for breakfast," observed the amateur detective with a far-away, inscrutable Sherlock H. Gillette look in his eyes.

"Ha!" exclaimed the man in the faded Prince Albert, frowning darkly; "you inferred the eggs, mayhap, from the traces in me beard! But you guessed at the rest, be Jove!"

"Not at all. 'Ham' is written all over you."

"THE DITCH BOOK."

"The Ditch Book," compiled and published by T. D. Pyles, Colorado Springs. Price $[illegible].

The Gazette is very glad to place upon its ready-reference rack an advance copy of a work just coming out, entitled "The Ditch Book—District No. 10, containing an exact copy of all Decrees and Complete Alphabetical List of all Statement Ditches, Pipe Lines and Reservoirs in El Paso county, Colorado."

"The Ditch Book," as its title indicates, is a compilation of all water-right matters in this county. It is prepared and published by T. D. Pyles, of this city, who was water commissioner of the district from 1887 to 1903. Mr. Pyles is a recognized authority on water matters, and the fact that he stands sponsor for this publication should be sufficient guarantee for its accuracy.

The book contains practically everything that pertains to the water rights of every character in this county. It gives verbatim copies of all the decrees that have been issued by the courts of the county. The publication of these decrees in compact form is in itself alone of great importance to all who own or expect to own lands or water rights. To each decree in this book is added the quantity allowed by the state engineer, the location of the head-gate by the number of the land, the size and length of the ditch, the book and page of record in the referee's report and in the district clerk's office and also in the county clerk and recorder's office, and all other matters of record, in many instances with pertinent comments.

The statement ditches (ditches recorded but not decreed) are arranged in alphabetical order, and a complete list is given in which the name of the ditch, name of owner, source of supply, section and township and range of its head, its size, grade, capacity, date, book and page and file or record are recited, all in a concise form with the name of the ditch in bold faced type.

Reservoirs and pipe lines are arranged and treated in the same manner as the statement ditches—the location and capacity of reservoirs and pipes being comprehensively given in little space. We note in this connection that Colorado Springs's statement filings are segregated from the alphabetical list and placed together under the heading "Colorado Springs Water System," occupying four compact pages of the book. The Glen Eyrie system is also placed under its proper heading and occupies two pages.

There are three valuable charts in the book—one giving the relative position of the decreed ditches on the streams; one giving the number of decreed ditches, number of statement ditches, and number of reservoirs in each township; one locating the various towns by townships. In the back of the book there is a useful table filling three pages, which indicates the actual priority of every ditch in the district, without reference to the different streams.

A very interesting and valuable portion of the book are the articles written by Mr. Pyles on various water topics—the pedigree of Colorado ditches, the district, the streams, artesian water in the county, storage, law points, how to locate a water-right, the great need of reservoirs, water measurements, water values, the Kansas-Colorado suit, etc.

Altogether the Ditch Book practically exhausts the subject of water matters in this county—except that it does not discuss the Hydro-Electric bugaboo. It is a book that will be in demand by the farmer and the lawyer, the seller and the buyer, the land user and the land speculator, and Mr. Pyles should have no trouble in disposing of the very limited edition which he has printed.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

From the Chicago News.

Fools brag where wise men only admit.

Habit is stronger than either judgment or passion.

Men who beg are usually those who formerly squandered.

The man who lacks polish doesn't always lack humanity.

It isn't what a man owes, but what he pays, that keeps him poor.

After all, a woman's effort to beautify herself is but a vain attempt.

Some spinsters advance step by step until they finally become stepmothers.

Women ought to make satisfactory angels because they are so fond of "harping."

Our idea of strong will power is that of a man who can fast until he starves to death.

The scenery along the straight and narrow path is less attractive than that bordering on the broad road leading elsewhere.

POPULAR SONG OUTLOOK.

This is the season of the year when the "provinces," as those states and territories are called that pay theatrical tribute to New York, have a welcomed vacation from the popular song. True, there are still the parks where one may hear the lonely wail of the musical minstrels exiled from "dear old Broadway," but these artists are generally content to work over the favorites of the past, and tired ears and memories are not jarred by their doleful cadences.

It is the newest "musical hit," the thing that clamors to get into your head in word and melody, that is worrisome. Old pieces that have illumined the footlights for several seasons are rather soothing than otherwise. For instance, as we wander aimlessly through the park of a summer night the ripple of an accompaniment floats out from the beer garden and wafted to us on the vagrant breeze come the words,

"... and unto him these cruel words she then did softly say," with the caress of an old friend. However much we may deprecate the fact that father is still unemployed, we feel no resentment now when a big blonde with asthmatic valves merrily carols the unchallenged message:

He sits around all day,
Feet propped up to the fire-place,
Smoking his pipe, etc.

But out of the east comes word that the army of song writers in "Tinpan Alley" is working with frenzied energy on the 1906-7 crop of popular songs. Already some of these have "tried out" in East side restaurants and the roof gardens. Although it is not always good to anticipate trouble, it is sometimes advisable to heed warnings. It is well to know in advance some of the impending musical inflictions so the shock may not be too severe.

In reviewing the present situation we find that sentiment is still the guiding light of song-composing genius. But, while sentiment has been pretty well worked over, there is a decided breaking away from Indian love ditties and coon songs, and even the tear-compelling "mother" melodies have been left at the post. The present tendency seems to be along lines suggested by "Kiss Me On the Cheek, My Lips Are Cracked" and "I Love [illegible] Best Till He Kissed Me on the Face." We have been surfeited for years with a deluge of songs about roses, honeysuckles, vine-clad cottages and other greenhouse obligations, world without end. A [illegible] variation only new writer takes up beneath the hops and softly warbles: "When the Onion Blooms Again, Sweet Imogene." That ought to bring tears. As a further concession to vegetarianism we are to have the soul-melting ballad: "The Turnip Picking Time Upon the Farm," with naive disregard of the well-known agricultural fact that turnips are pulled or plowed up, not picked from trees. One of the new things that fairly exudes sentiment goes back to the old, overworked mill, now grown very feeble:

While the old mill wheel is turning, I will
love you, Annie dear;
Let your heart be full of sunshine when
I'm far away from here.
Kiss this rose and say, "He loves me, and
he'll soon be homeward bound."
While the old mill wheel is turning,
sweetheart, round and round.

But something gets the matter with the old mill wheel and it stops, and with it "his love" and also, fortunately, the song. One enthusiast cannot resist the temptation to write a gloomy, sentimental thing that ought to bring applause from the gallery autocrats bearing the soulful title, "Only a Message From Home, Sweet Home." It should be explained, however, that the "Jack" referred to is a tenderfoot on a Texas ranch. He gets a letter and his cozy corner associates pass the merry quip about it being from a sweetheart. Instead of standing pat and telling a convenient lie about its coming from a correspondence school that teaches practical horseshoeing in ten lessons, "Jack" gurgles forth:

It's only a message from home, sweet
home,
From loved ones down on the farm,
Fond wife, and mother, sister and brother,
Praying to guard me from harm.
And baby is lisping a prayer tonight
To bless me where e'er I roam,
"We'll welcome you, Jack, if you'll only
come back,"
Was the message from home, sweet
home.

—They should certainly quash the indictment and let "Jack" come home when he gets as bad as that.

But it isn't all crepe and calla lilies in the music market. The general melancholy is broken, even fractured, by several popular "[illegible]." "Beat it, While Your Shoes Are Good," and "Waltz Me Around Again, Willie," are fair samples. One verse of the latter will be enough to indicate the motif:

Waltz me around again, Willie,
Around, around, around.
The music is dreamy, it's peaches and
creamy,
Oh, don't let my feet touch the ground.
I feel like a ship on an ocean of joy,
I just want to holler out loud, "Ship
ahoy!"
Oh, waltz me around again, Willie,
Around, around, around.

DERBY WON BY A RINGER.

English Classic Event of 1844 Followed by Sensational Trial.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

The history of the turf contains many stories of fraud, but none more audacious and impudent than that associated with the English Derby of 1844, which has been described as the most sensational race on record—at least in its developments. The Derby of that year was won, as the records tell, by "Mr. A. Wood's Running Rein, by Saddler, out of Queen Mab, by Duncan Grey," ridden by Mann. The [illegible] horse had won a two-year-old race at Newmarket in the previous year and it was then rumored that he was a year older than was claimed, and when he romped in first in the Derby Colonel Peel, whose horse, Orlando, ran second, promptly lodged an objection against the winner and obtained an injunction against the payment of the stakes to Mr. Wood until the dispute had been settled in the law courts. Messrs. Weatherby accordingly paid the stakes into court and left Mr. Wood and Colonel Peel to fight the matter out.

Colonel Peel's contention was that the winner of the Derby was none other than Maccabbeus, a four-year-old horse bred by Sir Charles Ibbetson and thus disqualified by age for the Derby. And so zealously and successfully did he and Lord George Bentinck collect evidence that when the great action Wood against Peel came on for hearing before Baron Alderson at Westminster they were in a position to prove their case up to the hilt. Scarcely ever has a cause celebre created so much excitement.

The court was crowded to suffocation. Hundreds were unable to gain admittance and feeling ran dangerously high. After counsel had opened the case for the plaintiff the judge very sensibly suggested, "produce your horse and let him be examined by experts. That is the best answer to the whole question," and the case was adjourned for the production of Running Rein on the following day. When the next day came, however, plaintiff's counsel had to confess that the horse was nowhere to be found—it had been spirited away. Whereupon Baron Alderson was furious.

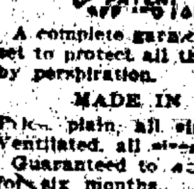
"This is horsestealing," he exclaimed, "a case for the central criminal court, and if I try the parties and they are convicted I'll transport them for life, to a dead certainty." Under the circumstances Mr. Wood withdrew his action, stating that a gross fraud had been practiced on him by his rascally trainer. A verdict was given for Colonel Peel and Orlando was declared winner of the 1844 Derby in place of the fraudulent Running Rein, exposed and deposed.

"What are you looking so happy over, old man?"

"I am rejoicing over the birth of twins."

"Great Scott! I congratulate you!"

"Don't congratulate me, go and congratulate Jones; he's the lucky man. I never did like that chump."—Houston Post.



THE SHIELD OF QUALITY IS THE "Always Ready" VENTILATOR

Always ready to wear. No [illegible] no sewing in.

A complete garment worn under the corset to protect all the clothing from injury by perspiration.

MADE IN CALIFORNIA

Price, plain, all sizes 50c
Ventilated, all sizes 75c

Guaranteed to wear and be satisfactory for six months. Thoroughly sanitary. Can be laundered in hot water; see directions on each envelope. Takes the place of a dozen ordinary shields.

The Ever-Ready, a similar shield smaller in the perspiration proof portion; all sizes, plain or ventilated, 50c.

FOR SALE BY
KAUFMAN'S DEPT STORE, 121 S. Tejon Street.

When ordering by mail send bust measure. Beware of imitations; look for our name on every shield.

C. BENEDICT CO., Inc., Oakland, Cal.

CALL FOR REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

Pursuant to the action of the Republican county central committee, a convention of the Republican party of El Paso county, Colorado, is hereby called to meet in the court house, in Colorado Springs, on Monday, the 10th day of September, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent said county in the Republican state convention, to be held in the city of Denver, September the 14th, 1906.

Also for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent said county in the Republican congressional convention for the Second congressional district of the state of Colorado, to be held in the City of Colorado Springs on September the 17th, 1906.

Also for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent said county in the Republican judicial convention of the Fourth judicial district of the state of Colorado, to be held in the city of Colorado Springs, on Wednesday, September the 12th, 1906.

Also for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent said county in the Republican senatorial convention of the Third senatorial district of the state of Colorado, to be held in the city of Colorado Springs on Sept [illegible] the 12th, [illegible].

Also for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent said county in the Republican [illegible]torial convention of the Twenty-[illegible] [illegible]torial [illegible] of the state of Colorado, to be held in the city of Colorado [illegible], on [illegible] 12th, [illegible].

Also for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent said county in the Republican legislative convention for the legislative district composed of El Paso and Teller counties, to be held in the city of Colorado Springs, [illegible], on Wednesday, September the 12th, [illegible].

And for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several offices to be filled by the people of said county at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1906, as follows:

One county sheriff.
One county clerk.
One county treasurer.
One county assessor.
One county superintendent of schools.
One county coroner.
One county commissioner for the first commissioner's district.
One county surveyor.
Two justices of the peace of the Colorado Springs justice's precinct.
Two justices of the peace of the Colorado City justice's precinct.
Two constables for the Colorado Springs justice's precinct.
Two constables for the Colorado City justice's precinct.

Also for the purpose of electing a county central committee and [illegible] thereof, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said convention.

The precinct primaries, for the purpose of electing delegates to said convention, to be held on Saturday, September the 8th, in the city of Colorado Springs, in the city of Colorado City, and in the town of Manitou, from 2 o'clock p. m. to 7 o'clock p. m. In all other precincts between the hours of 2 o'clock p. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of the same day.

The apportionment in said convention shall be one delegate for every [illegible] votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Hon. James H. Peabody for governor at the general election of [illegible].

No. 1—[illegible]tonville	[illegible]
No. 2—Table Rock	2
No. 3—Monument	2
No. 4—Husted	2
No. 5—Colorado City	3
No. 6—Colorado City	4
No. 7—Colorado City	4
No. 8—Colorado City	3
No. 9—Arensdale	2
No. 10—Fountain	3
No. 11—Buttes	2
No. 12—Manitou	4
No. 13—Manitou	4
No. 14—Ramah	1
No. 15—Lytle	2
No. 16—[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 17—Calhan	2
No. 18—Surber	[illegible]
No. 19—Ellicott	2
No. 20—Falcon	2
No. 21—Palmer's Home	2
No. 22—Roswell	2
No. 23—Palmer Lake	2
No. 24—Green Mountain Falls	2
No. 25—Peyton	2
No. 26—La Varane	2
No. 27—Broad[illegible]	2
No. 28—C[illegible]tie	2
No. 29—Ivywild	2
No. 30—Pike View	2
No. 31—Lake Hill	2
Ward 1, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	5
Ward 1, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	6
Ward 1, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	5
Ward 1, Precinct 4, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 2, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	[illegible]
Ward 2, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 2, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 3, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	5
Ward 3, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 3, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	[illegible]
Ward 3, Precinct 4, Colorado Springs	6
Ward 3, Precinct 5, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 4, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	6
Ward 4, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	5
Ward 4, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 4, Precinct 4, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 5, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 5, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 5, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	3
Ward 5, Precinct 4, Colorado Springs	3
Ward 6, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 6, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 6, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	3
Ward 7, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 7, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 7, Precinct 3, Colorado Springs	4
Ward 7, Precinct 4, Colorado Springs	3
Ward 8, Precinct 1, Colorado Springs	3
Ward 8, Precinct 2, Colorado Springs	4

Republican precinct committeemen are hereby requested to call primaries in the several precincts as provided in this call and to certify the names of delegates elected at such primary election to the chairman or secretary of the Republican county central committee before [illegible] at the [illegible].

Each [illegible] at [illegible] shall [illegible] three [illegible].

By order of the Republican county central committee.

[illegible] B. [illegible], Chairman.
[illegible], Secretary.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN

USE

Cuticura SOAP

Assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or undue perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

[illegible] "How to Cure [illegible]"

Baby's Picture

should be taken frequently. It's interesting to note the rapid change and development, and without a photograph taken now and then you'll soon forget how they used to look. Baby's picture is

Framed Sunshine

and carries light and happiness everywhere you send it, and will always be a pleasant reminder of by-gone days. If we take baby's picture for you it will be

Finely Finished

and you will have the best of the best because it will be taken instantaneously and just at the proper moment.

Chas. F. Emery,
Phone 679.
Cor. Cascade Ave. and Kiowa St.

WANOUS' SHAMPOO BAG

IT CLEANSES THOROUGHLY

This purely vegetable preparation takes the place of [illegible] lather (lather is caused by alkali and is injurious). Leaves the hair beautifully soft and sweet, adds new vigor and lustre to the hair, gives it new beauty and stimulates its growth. Easy and pleasant to use. Test its merit.

10c each, 3 for 25c.
For sale by
ROBINSON DRUG CO.

MISS WANOUS
Patentee and Manufacturer,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Take It Easy

While you can and don't forget that with a

Gas Range

You can have better cooked food. Why? Because you can regulate the heat. You can have a clean house. Why? Because there is no soot or ashes. You can do your work quicker and with less exertion. Why? Because there is no coal to carry in and no ashes to carry out. Gas for fuel is economical as you can have your heat just when you want it and then turn it out. See

The Gas Co.

107-11 E. Kiowa Street

Just received a few pieces of Choice
SATSUMA
Showrooms 30 E. Kiowa. KINGSLEY BALLOU

Japanese Embroidered Silks
Kimonos
Embroidered Shirt [illegible]
Fujiura Art [illegible]
Nippon Art Store
[illegible]
the Hinomoto
[illegible]

The New Fall Styles in **"Peerless Patterns"** are here 5c, 10c, 15c

C. J. HEATH DRY GOODS CO.
111 S. Tejon St.

MONDAY—LABOR DAY—Our store will be closed all day

Tuesday—Extra Special For the School Children Only

500 School Tablets to Give Away

Every child from 6 to 10 years old who begins the new school term this week will be given a 500-leaf School Tablet FREE—No Cost—who will call at our Store either Tuesday or Wednesday

THE HEATH DRY GOODS CO
111 South Tejon Street.

Call in and see our NEW FALL GOODS

All the latest styles in hats and clothing.

Rafield the Clothier

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado College weather bureau for 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	76
Temperature at 12 m	76
Temperature at 6 p. m.	73
Maximum temperature	80
Minimum temperature	54
Mean temperature	64
Max. bar. pres., inches	24 11
Min. bar. pres., inches	24 01
Mean vel. of wind per hour	2
Max. vel. of wind per hour	4
Relative humidity at noon	30
Dew point at noon	44
Precipitation in inches	0

City Briefs

[illegible] pupils [illegible] Amby's spect[illegible]

[illegible] furnished [illegible] Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—Goods to fill out car for Portland, Oregon. 122 East Bijou st.

R. W. HUNTER, perfect piano tuning, 1719 N. Corona St. Phone Main 1474.

A FEW CHOICE ROOMS can still be had at BROADMOOR HOTEL. Phone 271.

NO CALL MONDAY—There will be no call at the Colorado Spring Mining exchange tomorrow, Labor day.

MONEY TO LOAN on improved city estate Kinney & Kinsley, attorneys, 32-33 P. O. building. 'Phone 231

WILL LECTURE—The Rev. T. W. Woodron will lecture on "the Fall of Babylon" at Carpenters hall at 8 o'clock this evening. The public is invited.

BIRTH—Mr. and Mrs. William A. Gillis, of Manitou, are the parents of a son, born yesterday morning at the home of Mrs. Powers, 1016 Cheyenne road.

CHANGE OF TIME—Beginning with this evening, the evening services at the various churches in Colorado Springs will commence at 7:45 instead of 8 o'clock.

WILL SPEAK—The Rev. C. J. Wilson, who will soon begin work as a missionary in China, will speak at Caledonian hall, 18 East Bijou street, tomorrow evening.

NEW THOUGHT MEETING—The Rev. Mr. Acht[illegible] will speak at the New Thought meeting this afternoon at 3:15 o'clock in the hall at 112 East Pike's Peak avenue.

TO PICNIC—The Asbury Methodist Epworth league will give a picnic at Stratton park tomorrow afternoon at 3:11 o'clock. Those who attend are requested to bring lunch.

LOVERS of good music will enjoy the Sunday afternoon and evening concerts at Broadmoor Casino. See program elsewhere in paper. Table d'hote dinner 6.30 to 8. Phone 271.

MY FALL and winter stock is now complete. All of the latest novelties in suits and trouserings. J. D. Gillaire, 20 East Bijou, under Caledonian hall between Cascade and Tejon.

GARD DIES—Word has been received here of the death of J. M. Gard, water commissioner at Palmer Lake, at St Luke's hospital in Denver, as the result of injuries received from being struck on the head by a stone thrown by his brother William Dalton a few days ago. Dalton was quarreling with his brother Lloyd when Gard interfered and was hit by a stone.

MISS C. A. BACHELDOR will show stylish [illegible] in fall hats this week. 21 East Kiowa Street.

LICENSED TO WED—License to marry was issued at Denver yesterday to Peter J. Schmidt, 813 North Wahsatch avenue, and Sarah E. Ballinger of Denver.

WOMAN'S club members can get tickets for the Federation breakfast from Mrs. H. S. Hawks 420 N. Weber.

AFTER a successful year in the east Mrs. H. L. Newgeon has returned and will give class instruction in piano and harmony. Illustrated system. Studio 503 N. Wahsatch avenue.

SPEND Sunday or Labor day at Cascade, Green Mountain Falls, Woodland Park—50c. Round trip, trains 9.00 a. m. D. & R. G. depot, 1.65 a. m. Santa Fe depot.

FLOWER SHOW PRIZES—Secretary Fred F. Horn of the El Paso County Horticultural society, announces that the flower show prizes are now ready for distribution, and that the winners should call at his office, 104 North Tejon street, for them. All bills against the society should be presented at once.

"RALLY DAY"—Rally day services will be held at the People's M. E. church today. The congregations of other colored church people in this city are invited to these services.

A full and complete line of cutlery, toilet articles and barber supplies will be found at Lotz & Saenger's, 8 E. Bijou.

$200 REWARD.

I will pay the above reward for information that will lead to the arrest of any person guilty of poisoning DOGS or other valuable domestic animals, in Colorado Springs, at any time during the year 1906

ALEXANDER ADAMS,
Chief of Police
Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 10, 1906.

Labor Day

Monday, being a holiday there will be no auction sale. The store will be open till noon for the selection of goods and arrangement of stock. Sales resume Tuesday as usual. 10:30, 2:30 and 7:30.

ASHBY
Opp[illegible] Joseke

OUR Optical Department

Is one of the best equipped in the city, where your wants in this line may be supplied by optical experts

LAUTERMAN
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
Phone Black 233. 121 N. Tejon

FOR SALE

New House of 9 Rooms and Bath, finely located on large lot

$7,500

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE
Established (with the town) 1871.
Out West building. 15 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

SPECIAL MUSIC AT THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Miss Mabel St. John, who studied music in Boston during the last winter and a graduate of the Colorado Springs high school in 1905, during which year she was a popular member of the [illegible] club at the high school, will sing at the First Baptist church this evening. At the evening service Mrs. Chas. A. Fiedler and Mrs. Charles V. Grosvenor will sing. The pastor, the Rev. Geo. H. Franklin, will conclude a series of talks on "Applied Christianity" at this service with a sermon on "Christ in the Home." The solos have been selected with reference to the subject of the evening sermon.

You save money by buying cutlery, toilet articles and barber supplies at Lotz & Saenger's, 8 E. Bijou.

Pure Best Paint sold at the Brown Wall Paper and Paint Co. 212 N. Tejon

Delicious Cakes

We bake all sorts of delicious cakes—layer cakes, old fashion pound cakes, wedding cakes, cakes for special occasions, wafers of all kinds—and ours are so light that they literally melt in your mouth. If we were to undertake to tell you all the many nice things that have been said about our cakes, it would take a lot of newspaper space—but don't be satisfied with testimony; test them for yourself. Store will close at 11 a. m. Labor Day. Last delivery 10 a. m.

W. N. BURGESS
112-114 North Tejon Street.

A HORSE

shows his age by his teeth.
SO WILL YOU
if your teeth are not properly cared for
THIS WEEK
we are making a specialty of dentifrices all styles. Guaranteed Tooth Brushes, Dental Floss, in fact everything the teeth and mouth require.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

D. E. MONROE & CO.
Phones 311 and 3[illegible]
TEMPERANCE PHARMACY,
Corner Tejon and Bijou Sts.

SHAW'S TOILET PARLORS

Shampooing, Manicuring, Chiropody, scientific scalp and facial treatments a specialty. Hairdressing in the most approved styles. Our parlors are strictly up-to-date and first class in every particular. Jessie M. Shaw, 23 N. Cascade Ave., Phone 665-A.

FOR THE BEST IN THINGS MUSICAL
SEE
HILTBRAND
125½ N. Tejon St.

KODAKS
and Supplies.
EMERY'S
Cor. Cascade and Kiowa.
One Block North of the Antlers.

THE ANTHONY MOTOR & MFG. COMPANY.
Agents for
Peerless, Columbia and Franklin motor cars and Columbia electrics.
Automobiles for rent.
115-117 N. Cascade. Phone Main 56.

"PIKE CENTENNIAL"

Medals, tabs, hat pins and pocket pieces finished in gold, silver, bronze and gray. See them in our window.

Warren Jewelry & Optical Co.,
1? North Tejon St.

Columbia Livery
AND BOARDING STABLES
Saddle horses for ladies a specialty
In the rear of 1423 N. Nevada ave.
F. L. CROWL, Prop.
Phone 896-A

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL
MUSIC CO., 226 N. TEJON
"Pianos With a Reputation"
Renting a Specialty

Warsop & Co.
208 N. Tejon

SPECIALIST.
Diseases of Lungs, Throat and Heart.
DR. W. A. SHEPARD.
Offices, 2 and 3 [illegible] Bldg.
Hours 10 to 12 a. [illegible]
Residence, 105 Cheyenne [illegible]

THE KEYSTONE

112 S. Tejon St. Phone 13?.

THE

Store That Broke The Sugar Trust

WILL CLOSE

At 11 A. M. Labor Day

THE PEOPLE'S

Grocery and Market—S. James & Son.
??? E. Pike's Peak. Telephone Main 868.

THE BUTTER OF QUALITY.

RICHMOND CREAMERY BUTTER

Pure, wholesome and appetizing; makes poor bread good, and good bread better.

REMEMBER:
21 lbs. granulated sugar..........$1.00
with a $1.00 cash order.
25 lbs. granulated sugar..........$1.00
with a $5.00 cash order.
30 lbs. granulated sugar..........$1.00
with a $10.00 cash order.

Store Will Close 10 a. m. Monday

Extension Telephone

For either business or residence costs but $12 per year.
The advantages of the convenience are many.
Give the extension telephone a trial and be convinced.

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE CO.,
R. F. MORRIS, District Manager.
130 E. Kiowa St. Telephone, Main 327.

Rock Island

Only One Way East

THE WAY EAST

is via this popular route.

Excursion Rates Daily

$39.00 Chicago
AND RETURN.

$32.50 St. Louis
AND RETURN.

And many others.

Get details and full information at City Ticket Office. Also passage tickets via all principal steamship lines to Europe and the Mediterranean.

W. W. WOOD, C. P. A.,
2 Pike's Peak Ave.,
Colorado Springs.

G. W. MARTIN,
General Agent,
Denver.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS VIA MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

Extremely Low Rates

From Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo to the following and hundreds of other points East

Destination	Rate	Dates of Sale	Extreme Return Limit
St. Louis	$32 50	Daily to Sept 30	Oct 31st
Chicago	$39 00	Daily to Sept 30	Oct 21st.
Hot Springs Ark	$29 95	Daily to Sept 30.	30 days
Toronto	$43 05	Sept 1 3	Oct 24
Chattanooga	$40 15	Sept 1 1?	Oct 29
St Joseph	$18 15	Sept 2? 26	Oct 15
Kansas City	$18 15	Oct 5 9	Oct 31st.
Dallas	$26 95	Oct 6 7	21 days
Rock Island Ill	$25 55	Oct 6 9	Oct 18
Buffalo	$48 50	Oct 10 12	Oct 19
New Orleans	$37 35	Oct 11 14	Nov 26.
Chattanooga	$40 15	Oct 14-16	Nov 26.
Memphis	$28 00	Oct 15-18	Nov 26.
Kansas City	$18 15	Nov 18-21.	Dec 15.

Train schedules, berth reservations and detailed information will be cheerfully furnished on application to

H. C. POST, G. W. F. & P. A.
Denver, Colorado

J. M. ELLISON, C. T. A.,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

A Few Reasons

why you should place your plumbing orders with us:

Every order receives the personal attention of one of the firm.

We employ a large number of mechanics and can attend promptly to all orders.

We carry the largest stock of plumbing and heating material of any shop in the state, buying in quantities and giving you the advantage.

We employ only first class mechanics (no "handy men"). When your work is done by us it carries with it an absolute guarantee.

Our charges are just as reasonable as is consistent with good work.

Remember we charge no more than is charged for inferior work.

Your patronage solicited.

St. John & Barnes
THE PROMPT PLUMBERS.
Phone 13
206 N. Tejon St.

GIDDINGS BROS.

Sotre Closed all day tomorrow Labor Day

Well-Equipped Hair Dressing Parlor. Experienced and Courteous Attendants.

THE MANITOU BATH HOUSE
MANITOU, COLO.
Carl Kihlberg, Prop.
Soda Water Used for Bathing.
All Kinds of Baths Given in a Scientific Manner.
Massage Treatment Given by Appointment.
[illegible] PLUNGE [illegible] PLUNGE

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

Colorado Springs CREAMERY Butter

Churned fresh every day right here at home.
FRESH BUTTERMILK and SWEET CREAM.

The Colorado Springs CREAMERY

228 N. Tejon St. JOHN LENNOX, Prop.

Get on Pike's Peak and See How the World Is Built

Trains leave Manitou station, 9:25 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.
Returning, arrive Manitou 1:13 and 5:13 p. m.
Street Car Connections from Colorado Springs.
Sunrise Train Every Thursday Morning at 2:15 a. m.

$8,500

It's Surely a Beauty

GRACEFUL WITHOUT

ARTISTIC WITHIN

HONEST IN WORKMANSHIP

9 GOOD ROOMS

EVERYTHING MOST MODERN

CHAS. P. BENNETT

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS.

?5 EAST PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
And
152? NORTH TEJON STREET

The Playground of the Republic

The Sunday Gazette's Tour among the resorts of the scenic Rocky Mountain Region

COMINGS GOINGS HAPPENINGS

Conducted By the Gazette State Tourist Bureau of Information

COLORADO SPRINGS

The Antlers

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Open Summer and Winter. 250 Guest Rooms. European Plan.
Magnificent Ball Room. Bowling Alleys.
Telephones and Every Modern Convenience.
Absolutely Fireproof Throughout. Purest Mountain Water Filtered.
Best Sample Rooms in the State.
Special Rates for Commercial Men.
W. S. DUNNING, Manager.

THE PLAZA HOTEL

Corner Tejon and Cache la Poudre.
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
American and European.
120 Elegantly Furnished Rooms.
50 En Suite With Private Baths.
SPECIAL RATES BY WEEK.
Opposite Largest Park in City.
Take Car North on Tejon Street.

New Elk Hotel

COLORADO SPRINGS.
The most popular medium-priced hotel of the city most centrally located—opposite the Postoffice electric cars pass the door to depots and Manitou.
European Plan. Rooms $1.00 and up.
Special Rates by the Week.
24 Rooms with Private Baths.
WARD & CONWAY, Props.

SPAULDING HOTEL

J. A. HIMEBAUGH, Prop'r.
Opposite Court House and Alamo Park.
American Plan, $1.50 to $2.00 per day; European Plan, 75c and $1.00 per day and up.
Special rates by the week. Table d'hote, 35 cents.

BROADMOOR HOTEL and CASINO

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Concert and dancing every evening except Sunday. Sunday concerts afternoon and evening. Boating on the lake.

Table d'hote dinner a specialty.
Hotel [illegible] plan.
Phone 221
A. W. BAILEY, W. O. BRINKER,
[illegible] Manager.

American Home Meals. Nicely Furnished Rooms. One block from P. O.
YE CHELTEN INN.
225 East Pike's Peak Ave.
Special rate for board and rooms by the day, week or month. Single meals, 25c; Sunday dinners 50c. Phone 533-B.
L. E. EHRENFELD, Prop.

Bruin Inn

Head North Cheyenne Canon on High Drive.
Meals, Lunches and Refreshments.
Special Rates to Picnic Parties.
Curios, Souvenirs, Photos, Etc.

The Ballymena

314 E. Pike's Peak.
NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS.
American and European Plan.
Prices Reasonable.
MRS. TERWILLIGER, Prop.

BOULDER.

The Boulder-Colorado Sanitarium

employs the same system of treatments as the Battle Creek (Mich.) Sanitarium and is operated on the same physiological principles. Rates reasonable. Address for catalogue
THE COLORADO SANITARIUM,
Boulder, Colorado.

Medical and Surgical Sanitarium, Boulder, Colo.

CHRONIC STOMACH TROUBLES AND SURGERY SPECIALTIES.
Baths, Electricity, Massage, X-Ray, and the most modern methods of examinations and treatment.
Write for estimate for entire care. Address,
THE PLACE SANITARIUM, Boulder, Colo.

SALIDA.

Commercial Men's Headquarters.
Largest and Only Modern Hotel in the City.

St. Clair Hotel.

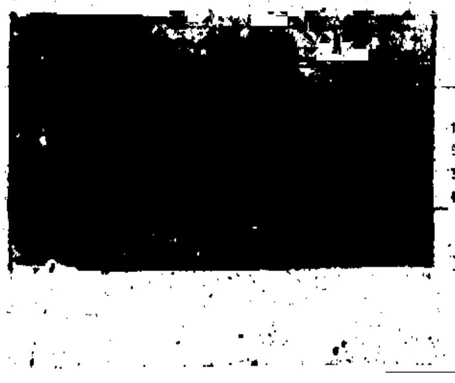
SALIDA, COLO.
Elevator. Free Bus.

GREEN MOUNTAIN FALLS.

Green Mountain Falls Hotel

Modern Hotel. First-Class Table. Rates $2 to $3.50
Special season rates.
Address, J. E. ROBERTSON.

PUEBLO.



THE CLARK MAGNETIC MINERAL SPRINGS

This water has acquired a national reputation for curing Bright's disease of the kidneys, rheumatism, diseases of the stomach, liver, blood, skin and urinal tract.
Correspondence solicited.
D. E. CLARK, Prop. PUEBLO, COLO.

AT MANITOU PARK

SCHOOL OF FORESTRY DOING GOOD WORK. MANY GUESTS WILL REMAIN DURING SEPTEMBER.

The weather bureau at Manitou park, the gift of General William J. Palmer to the Colorado School of Forestry, is now in full operation and daily observations are taken of the maximum and minimum temperature, the amount and kind of precipitation, (hail, rain or snow), the relative humidity of the atmosphere, the dew point, the atmospheric pressure and other data in regard to the weather. A thermograph and a barograph make continuous records of atmospheric conditions day and night. It is interesting to note that only on three days during the summer has the thermometer at the park registered over eighty degrees, while the average temperature has been sixty-one degrees.

The quiet, dignified and thoroughly satisfactory way in which the college helpers have done their work at Manitou park has been appreciated by every guest this summer. In recognition of their many kindnesses, Mrs. W. H. Leonard gave a moonlight drive last Monday evening, which was greatly enjoyed by the college people.

Professor J. Fred Baker, M. F., of the Colorado College School of Forestry, a graduate of the Yale Forestry school, and a trained forester, with practical experience obtained in government employ under Dr. Pinchot, is hard at work in the park gathering material, not only for the use of the students in the Colorado School of Forestry, but for experimental stations in Colorado and other states.

Last week, Dr. Burnes, resident physician at the park, shot one of the largest hawks seen in that region for several years. So perfect was the bird that Professor Baker, of the Colorado School of Forestry, is having it mounted for the museum at Colorado college.

September promises to be such a beautiful month in the park, that the management has decided to keep the hotel open until about the middle of the month.

The late arrivals at the park include the following: Colorado Springs, Prof. Florian Cajori, Dr. E. M. Marbourg, George H. Timmins, Chester M. Angell, Mrs. W. A. Anderson, Miss Woodruff, Miss Jay, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Williamson, Miss Briggs; Wm. W. Wareham, Baltimore, Md.; Miss Anna Cajori, Omaha, Neb.; Miss Mary J. Palm, Austin, Tex.; Dr. and Mrs. C. Barlow, Miss Barlow, Robinson, Ill.; D. P. Ledham, Chicago, Ill.; Bryce Cal Garrett, Indianapolis, Ind.

AT GREEN MOUNTAIN FALLS.

Those registered at the Green Mountain Falls hotel are: Col. A. S. Graham and wife, New Orleans; C. T. Smith, Victor, Colo.; James A. Plotne, Kansas City; Robert B. Austin, Topeka; W. N. Redwine, McAlester, Indian Territory; Mr. and Mrs. Mustenmes and son, Wichita, Kas.

Mrs. Jim Miller and son, who have spent several weeks tenting in Howard camp, left Friday for their home in Ottawa, Kansas.

Mrs. McCormick, of Colorado Springs, arrived Friday and will spend a short time visiting friends here.

Miss Vera Spangler, of Colorado Springs, who has been spending the first ten days in Lakeside, returned home Friday morning.

Miss Harriet Wilson, who has spent the summer clerking in the Dusenbury store, returned to her home in Enid, Oklahoma, Friday.

Miss McNair, a teacher from Colorado Springs, returned home Wednesday after visiting friends for a short time at Livengood camp.

Mr. Mesel Petersen started for Denver Thursday, where he will join his parents before they start for California, where they will make their future home.

Miss Mary Parr came from Denver Thursday to visit her former home in Crystola.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Moore and family returned to their home in Concordia, Kansas, Wednesday.

Mr. Sawyer of Colorado Springs, aided by Mr. Prichard and Hal Brown are surveying several lots in this town both for the Town company and individual parties.

Mr. and Mrs. Lively started for their home in Hutchinson, Wednesday.

School will open Monday, September 16, and will be conducted by Miss Lela Stark of Colorado Springs.

Mrs. Kirkwood and daughter of Emporia, Kansas, returned home last Wednesday.

Misses Marie and Hazel Hotchkins, who have been spending the summer with their father, returned to their home in Oklahoma, Thursday.

Miss Laura Anthony and friends of Clay Center, Kansas, who have been spending a few days in the Whitlock cottage, returned to their homes Friday morning.

Miss Bertha Hunting of Nebraska, started for Boulder, Saturday, where she will make her future home.

Mrs. Hersh and Mrs. Bergsman, of Pueblo, are visiting their friend Mrs. Sonneborn in the Garland cottage.

Miss Bower, of Colorado Springs, arrived Thursday and will spend a few days visiting her friend Mrs. J. P. Martin.

The Stewart & Atchley grocery store closed last Wednesday. The proprietors report a very prosperous season.

Mrs. Benedict, who spent the season in her summer cottage on the Mesa, returned to her home in Lawrence, Kansas, Friday.

[illegible] Montgomery and mother, will room at the Lake View Terrace for a few weeks.

Mrs. Hedlund and children returned to their home in Emporia, Kansas, after spending a few weeks in camp Wadchukantu.

COLORADO CITY

John H. Pape, of Colorado Springs, will preach at the Methodist church in this city this morning and evening in the absence of the pastor, the Rev. Charles F. Seitter, who is attending conference at Greeley.

The Rev. A. V. Wilson, rector of St. Paul's church at Clay Center, Kas., will preach at the Church of the Good Shepherd this morning and evening.

Miss Edna Locke and Miss Lulu Sallman, of Hutchinson, Kas., who have been visiting in Colorado City, left for home yesterday.

C. A. Cowley and family, who have been spending the summer here, have returned to their home in Cottonwood, Kas.

Elbert M. Vines, of Elida, N. M., who has been stopping in this city for a short time, left yesterday for his home.

Mrs. Anna McCune has returned to her home in Keokuk, Kas., after a short visit in Colorado City.

The regular meeting of the Colorado City council will be held tomorrow evening.

Miss Lou Binson has returned to St. Louis, Mo., after a visit in Colorado City.

The City Market will close 10 a. m. Monday, Labor day. F. H. Borst.

Store your goods. Dust-proof warehouses. Call up C. M. Sherman.

COLOR SENSE IN ANIMALS.

Possessed to High Degree by Some, Especially by Birds.

From the Scientific American.

A hypothesis that the sense of colors is possessed to a high degree by animals and especially by birds furnished a basis for some of the most beautiful and fecund of the Darwinian theories of sexual selection. No Darwinist doubts that the brilliant colors of male birds are to attract the attention of the female birds, and this presupposes naturally on the part of these birds a fine sense of color.

Wallace has asserted that to the fact that certain plants bear fruit of brilliant colors is due their preservation; the animals, attracted by these colors, break the fruits from the trees or plants, carry them off and thus indirectly assist in the dissemination of the seeds which they contain over large tracts of land. And this function of selection on the part of animals presupposes in them a certain sense of color. Still, scientific documents in support of these hypotheses are rare.

Dahl, alluding to the scarcity of them in an article in a recent number of the Naturwissenschaftliche Wochenschrift, relates some interesting experiments which he made with a monkey. He colored some sweets with a certain coloring dye and some bitter substances with that of another color and declares that after a few attempts the monkey learned to leave without even tasting these articles food colored with the dye which indicated bitter-tasting substances and seized at once upon those which indicated the sweets.

Varying the experiments sufficiently, he found that the monkey distinguished all the different colors readily save only dark blue. Dahl calls attention to the fact that Mayer has stated that many savage tribes can not distinguish dark blue from black and that even children do not distinguish this color until later than all others.

A.—The decision has gone against me. I've got to pay Miss Weber a thousand pounds for breach of promise of marriage.

B.—My dear fellow, I am delighted. (Shakes hands warmly).

A.—What, you are delighted?

B.—Yes. Excuse my feelings, but it is impossible for me to hide them. I'm engaged to her, you know.—Pearson's Weekly.

MANITOU NEWS

With the coming of September slightly cooler weather has been ushered in, but it has caused no appreciable falling off in the number of visitors at Manitou. People continue to come and go as earlier in the season. All the hotels are planning to remain open longer this year than formerly—probably later than October 1—partly because of the Pike Centennial and partly because of the inclination of the guests to remain later than has been their custom.

Howard Allen of Pittsburg, who with his sister, has been at the Cliff for several weeks, has returned home, leaving Miss Allen for an indefinite stay. Friday night Mr. Allen took a party to the Garden of the Gods to witness the festivities arranged for the newspaper men.

Late arrivals at the Navajo are: John C. Berry, Denver; Kate Jones, Lawton; Mrs. L. M. Jones and daughter of Kansas City; J. C. Haessler, Deshler, Neb.; Miss Eva Louden, Denver; E. and L. Graham, Topeka, and Charles H. Seamans, Chicago.

Misses Anna and Kate Costilla and Mike Costilla of Denver, are guests at the Iron Springs hotel. Other arrivals at this hotel are F. S. Treacell, Wichita; C. Ward and wife, Guthrie, Okla.; Lou Varrell, Denver, and Fred Ching, Denver.

W. E. Porter, Mrs. Porter, Miss Dora Porter, with Mr. and Mrs. Rodney E. Curtis, all prominent Denver society people, came down from that city Friday evening in their autos, and will remain over Sunday at the Cliff house.

Late arrivals at the Cliff are: Hewlett L. Lovelace of Kansas City; D. G. Simonson, wife and son, of Denver; Oscar Reinard, Tampa, Fla.; S. Mathews and daughters, Adeline and Lynette, of Hutchinson, Kan.

George M. Bellamy, the prominent politician of Oklahoma, accompanied by Miss O'Connor of Chicago, and Miss Kramer of Oklahoma, has returned to the Cliff house, after a visit to Salt Lake City.

F. J. Kasdorf and wife, A. J. Malouey and Mrs. F. L. Helebarger, all of the Denver Post, were in Manitou, Friday, registering at the Navajo. Mr. Kasdorf is the state editor of the Post.

E. W. Miller and wife of the Chicago Post, who are here with the Press league, spent Friday visiting the scenic points adjacent to Manitou. They were guests of the Navajo.

R. M. Hanson Salt Lake; Miss Charlotte Woods and mother of Guthrie, Okla.; Charles Oezin, Yonkers, N. Y., and Marion R. Vincent of Orange, N. J., are late arrivals at the Mansions.

Judge A. C. Phelps and Mrs. Phelps are at the Cliff house for a couple of weeks, making their usual fall visit to Manitou.

Miss Katharine James expects to leave Sunday for Boulder, where she will continue her school work.

Mrs. Crawford of Topeka, Kan., is a late arrival at the Sunnyside.

H. F. Lyman and wife of Manhattan Kan., are registered at the Navajo.

W. F. Althoff of Denver is registered at the Mansions.

D. M. Collins of Denver is a guest at the Mansions.

ROOMS IN A TREE.

A singular maple tree on the left bank of the Oder, in Germany, is at least a century old, and has been twisted and cut into a kind of circular house of two stories. A firm, leafy floor has been formed by causing the branches to become gradually woven together. Above this is a smaller second floor, similarly formed, and the ends of the branches have been woven into solid walls, in which eight windows on each story have been cut.

FORT COLLINS.

ANTLERS HOTEL

FORT COLLINS, COLO.
The most modern and up-to-date hotel in northern Colorado. All stages and conveyances leave this hotel daily for Mountain Resorts. Rates, $2.00 per day.
FRANK F. DENNIS, Prop.

EAGLE.

Hotel Montgomery

Headquarters for Sportsmen and Traveling Men.
MRS. A. MONTGOMERY, Prop.
EAGLE, COLORADO.

LEADVILLE.

Hotel Vendome

Only First-Class Hotel in City.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN
Harrison Ave. and Seventh St.
Leadville, [illegible]

MANITOU.

THE NEW Mansions

MANITOU, COLO.

Over $25,000 laid out in new additions, including steam heat and a sun parlor, over 2,200 square feet, with the finest maple floor in Colorado. The transformation in this hotel must be seen to be appreciated.

Special Rates to Families

Under the same management of
E. G. BOSWELL
(Formerly of New York.)

IN THE HEART OF THE SCENIC ATTRACTIONS OF THE PIKE'S PEAK REGION.

The Cliff House

MANITOU, COLORADO.
WILL REMAIN OPEN UNTIL NOV. 1ST.
Steam Heat and Every Comfort for the Fall Months.

Only 100 yards from the celebrated Manitou Springs. Two hundred rooms, seventy-five of which are ensuite, with private baths and parlors. The elevator service. Modern in all its equipments. Ladies' and Gentleman's Billiard Room and Buffet.

Special Weekly Rates.
E. E. NICHOLS & SON, Proprietors.

HOTEL NAVAJO

MANITOU.
Directly on the trolley line, opposite Sulphur and Soda Springs Park, and the new Park House. American Plan, $2.50 per day up. European Plan, $1.00 per day up. Special rates by week. Table and service first-class. C. A. POLLEN, Owner and Mgr.

Halfway House

ON PIKE'S PEAK COG ROAD
and
PIKE'S PEAK BURRO TRAIL.
A Rustic Hotel in the heart of the Rockies.
J. B. PAULSGROVE, Proprietor.
Halfway House P. O.

Well-Equipped Hair Dressing Parlor. Experienced and Courteous Attendants.

THE MANITOU BATH HOUSE

MANITOU, COLO.
TRY THE PLUNGE.
Otto Kihlberg, Prop.
Soda Water Used for Bathing.
All Kinds of Baths Given in a Scientific Manner.
Massage Treatment Given by Appointment.
TRY THE PLUNGE.

CRIPPLE CREEK.

New Collins Hotel

Rates $2.00 to $2.50 Per Day.
Meals 25 Cents.
M. E. SHOOT, Prop.
North Third St., Opposite Postoffice.
CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO.

MANITOU PARK.

The well known summer resort in the pines. Twenty-five miles from Colorado Springs. Opens June 15.
Trout Fishing. Tennis. Golf. Riding. Driving.
Address, Manitou Park Hotel, Woodland Park P. O., Colorado.

PALMER LAKE.

The Rockland

PALMER LAKE.
Bracing mountain air, outdoor sports, 23 miles from Colorado Springs. Rates $2.00 to $3.00 per day $12.00 to $20.00 per week.
Hal D. Van Gilder, Owner.

BUFFALO PARK.

BUFFALO HOTEL

Buffalo Park, Colo.
Cottages for rent for the season. Situated one block from railroad station. The most convenient and best-conducted hotel in the Park. Private spring supplying mineral water of greatest value for stomach trouble and run-down systems. For rates address DR. C. H. BLANK, Proprietor.

WAGON WHEEL GAP.

WAGON WHEEL GAP, COLORADO

[illegible] altitude 8,500 feet above sea level. Perfect sanitation and [illegible] service. The most perfectly appointed mineral water bathing establishment in the west. Saddle and driving horses. 20 miles of trout streams. For accommodations at hotel, or other particulars address, [illegible] ELLWOOD [illegible]

TO CELEBRATE THE DISCOVERY OF PIKE'S PEAK

COLORADO WILL DEVOTE A WEEK TO THE PROPER OBSERVANCE OF THE CENTENNIAL

Both the Federal and State Governments Will Lend a Hand, and There Is Every Prospect of Such a Result as Will Be a Revelation to Those Who Are Unacquainted With the Enterprise and Resources of the Centennial State.

NOT to be outdone by her sister state of Kansas, which has just been celebrating with remarkable enthusiasm the semicentennial of the John Brown episode at Osawatomie, Colorado is about to engage in a week of festivity in commemoration of the centennial anniversary of the discovery of Pike's peak. The Pike centennial celebration is to be held at Colorado Springs during the week beginning Sept. 23, and it promises to be one of the most notable and interesting affairs of the kind ever attempted in America.

That it will be an occasion of unusual importance is made manifest by the fact that those who have been instrumental in bringing it about have succeeded in obtaining both federal and state co-operation, and that congress has ordered the coinage of 100,000 souvenir medallions of silver and bronze to commemorate "the transformation within a century of an undiscovered country, peopled only by a few hundred roving Indians, into a state containing over 600,000 white men, the opening of fabulously rich mines, the building of railways, irrigation works, towns and cities, the development of complex and highly differentiated industries, the conversion of vast areas of unproductive plains into gardens and grain fields and the creation of hundreds of millions of capital."

Vice President Fairbanks, senators and members of the cabinet, Speaker Cannon and many leading congressmen, diplomatic representatives of foreign powers and patriotic organizations in great force, have arranged to be present to help celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the time when Zebulon Montgomery Pike first raised the American flag in this part of the comparatively unexplored Louisiana Purchase.

It was on the afternoon of Nov. 15, 1806, that Pike caught his first glimpse of the lofty mountain which was destined to bear his name. Four months before he had been put at the head of an expedition consisting of fifteen men and sent by the commanding general of the army, James Wilkinson, who was also governor of the newly purchased territory of Louisiana, to explore the region west of the head waters of the Mississippi. The previous season he had made a military excursion to the upper Mississippi, but had not penetrated farther.

That General Wilkinson had implicit confidence in Pike is evident from the fact that he permitted his only son to accompany the young lieutenant on his second expedition. Although several attempts were made, not a member of the company was able to set foot on the summit of the height which they had discovered. Two days after Lieutenant Pike and his men sighted the peak he made this entry in his diary:

"Pushed on with an idea of arriving at the mountains, but at night found no visible change in their appearance from that of yesterday." Seen through the dry, clear atmosphere of the great divide, the elusive mountains mocked him by their apparent nearness, just as they do the unsuspecting tenderfoot of today.

Arrived at the foot of the peak, they prepared to ascend it. For six days they struggled bravely to accomplish the feat, but it was too much for them. The weather was bitter and the men's feet were frozen. Pike made this entry in his journal:

"The summit.. bare of vegetation and covered with snow, now appears at a distance of fifteen or sixteen miles. It is as high again as what we have ascended, and it would take a whole day's march to arrive at its base. I believe that no human being could ascend to its pinnacle."

It was twelve years later when the first ascent was made. Dr. Edwin James, a member of the Long expedition, which explored the region in 1819, ascended the summit with two companions, whose names are unknown. They were undoubtedly the first white men to accomplish the feat.

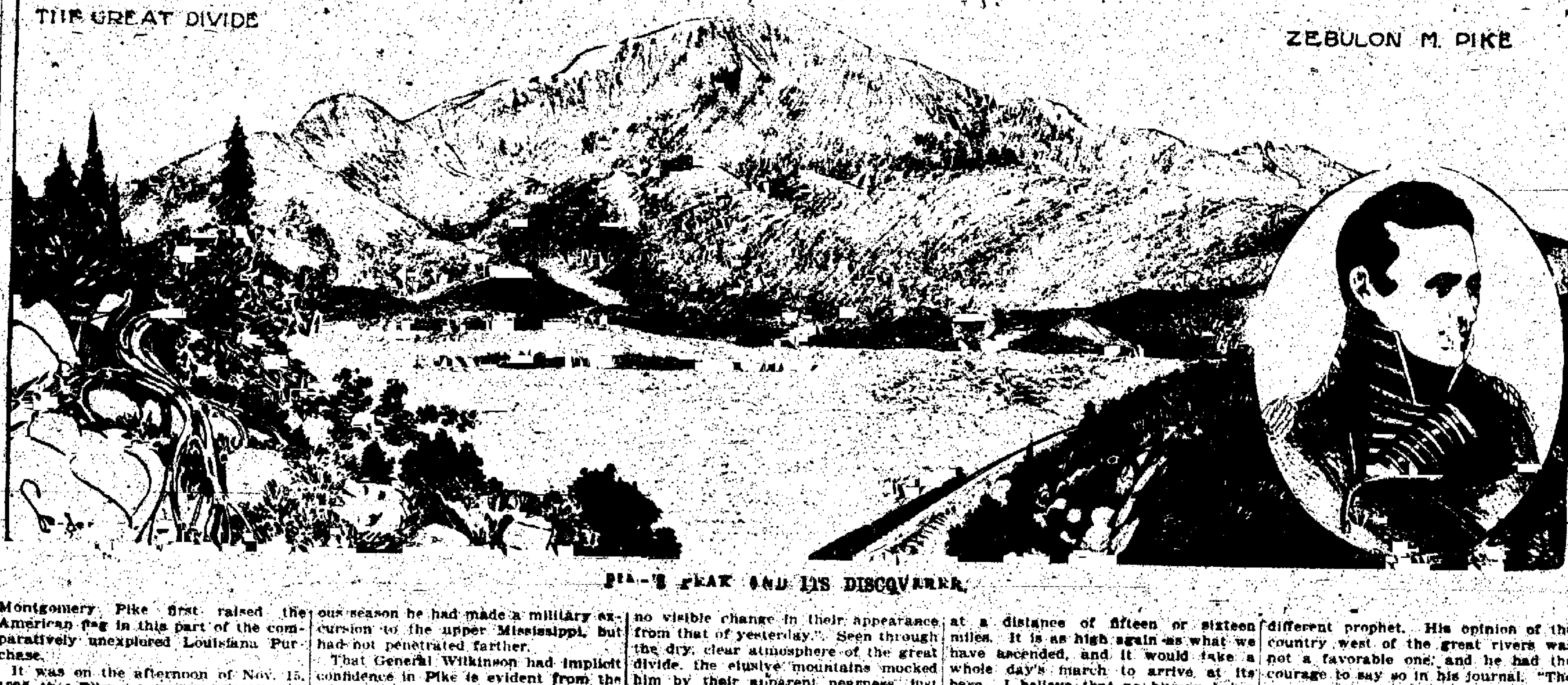
Although he was a good soldier Lieutenant Pike was an exceedingly indifferent prophet. His opinion of the country west of the great rivers was not a favorable one, and he had the courage to say so in his journal. "The great plains between the Mississippi river and the mountains," he writes, "are but a providential barrier which will restrain the American people from diffusion and thin. Prone to rambling and extending themselves on the frontier, our citizens will be compelled to leave the prairies to the wandering and unincumbered aborigines." Greater men than Pike stand on record to the same effect, yet the present wealth of Colorado is estimated at $2,000,000,000 and the per capita wealth of the state is put down at $2,850.

Zebulon Montgomery Pike was a native of Trenton, N. J., and for that reason the citizens of that city are taking an especial interest in the coming festivities. He was the son of another Zebulon, who was a captain in the Revolutionary forces. When he was very young his parents removed to Easton, Pa., and afterward to Dearborn county, Ind. Young Pike entered the army at the age of fifteen and was appointed an ensign in 1799. When he had reached the rank of lieutenant he married Clarissa Brown, daughter of a fellow soldier from Kentucky. The only child of this marriage who reached maturity, a daughter, became the wife of the son of General William Henry Harrison, who was afterward president of the United States.

After Pike's return from his various exploration campaigns he became lieutenant colonel of the Fourth infantry and was stationed at Washington for some time as quartermaster. He was then made colonel of the Fifth infantry and sent to Buffalo, which was the frontier in those days. In 1813 he was raised to the rank of brigadier general, but he never knew of the fact, for he was killed in that year while leading an attack on Fort York, Toronto. He was buried at Madison barracks, near Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Attempts have been made to implicate Pike in the Burr conspiracy to found a republic in the south, but without success. At the time alleged he was a prisoner in the hands of the Spanish governor of Chihuahua, having been captured while exploring Mexican territory. His commanding general and friend, Wilkinson, was accused of complicity in the treasonable plot, tried and acquitted.

W. E. MAXWELL.



PIKE'S PEAK AND ITS DISCOVERER.

THE QUAKER CITY'S ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST CRIME

ALTHOUGH the City of Brotherly Love has in some way acquired the reputation of being the most conservative spot in America and the least addicted to sensation of any description, it has actually committed itself to one of the most radical experiments ever attempted in this country. Surgery has long cherished the theory that the tendency toward criminal development in the very young might be checked by prompt interference, but it has been left to the surgeons of Philadelphia to make the first daring venture in this direction.

The idea that criminal tendencies may be modified or even obliterated by medical and surgical treatment is not especially novel. Philadelphia, however, is the first municipality to take the matter up officially, calling on the surgeon and the general practitioner to ferret out cases of physical and mental abnormality and by proper treatment restore to them as perfect a physiological equipment as the present condition of medical science makes possible.

Much of the credit of this remarkable series of experimentation is due to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children and its secretary, Benjamin C. Marsh. When he was a student at the University of Pennsylvania, Mr. Marsh became deeply interested in the study of the homeless man, so much so, indeed, that when he had finished his course he made up his mind to investigate the problem for himself. To that end he became a tramp. In this disguise he penetrated the slums of all of the large American cities and also [illegible] of Europe, living as a tramp and associating only with the homeless. In the course of time Mr. Marsh satisfied himself that in almost every instance of depravity, extreme ignorance and invincible poverty which was brought to his attention there existed some physical defect or abnormality. This manifested itself in various ways, some of the most frequent being partial blindness, throat trouble, deafness and feeble mindedness. This physical blemish was so universal that the question finally presented itself, Is not this a cause, or at least one of the causes, of the criminality and misery of these unfortunates? In the train of this there followed the subsequent inquiry: Would not the removal of this physical bondage by medical and surgical means create a new and healthful atmosphere for these afflicted persons?

When he had convinced himself that he had arrived at a true solution of the matter he returned to Philadelphia and began at once to advocate his theory in quarters where it was likely to take root. Finally he managed to interest the board of health, and after much deliberation it was agreed that every child that came within the observation of this organization should be given the most rigid physical and mental examination. Every magistrate in the city was asked to report children belonging to any man or woman arrested for crime and brought under his jurisdiction. Mr. Marsh's agents took charge of these children.

At this point the active co-operation of no less a medical authority than Dr. S. Weir Mitchell was secured. When this distinguished man of science and letters identifies himself with any movement there is small probability that it will fail to attract the attention of the world. The eminent specialist in nervous disorders gave his unqualified sanction to the investigation and consented to assist a board of medical experts in preparing a formula for the proposed examinations. These are now held five times a week and between 200 and 300 children have thus far been passed upon.

So it is that each child that comes within the jurisdiction of the bodies mentioned is given a physical examination by two of the health board's physicians and a mental examination conducted by an expert selected by Dr. Mitchell. Five times a week the little patients assemble in a large room at the society's headquarters and answer as best they can the minute inquiries into their physical condition. They are of all ages and seem to look on the proceedings of the health officials with the deepest awe and interest. There is more curiosity than fear in their deportment. They are stripped to the skin by the attendant nurses before appearing before the doctors, and even this proceeding is regarded by them as a part of some strange ceremony, the outcome of which may not be devoid of some thrilling adventure.

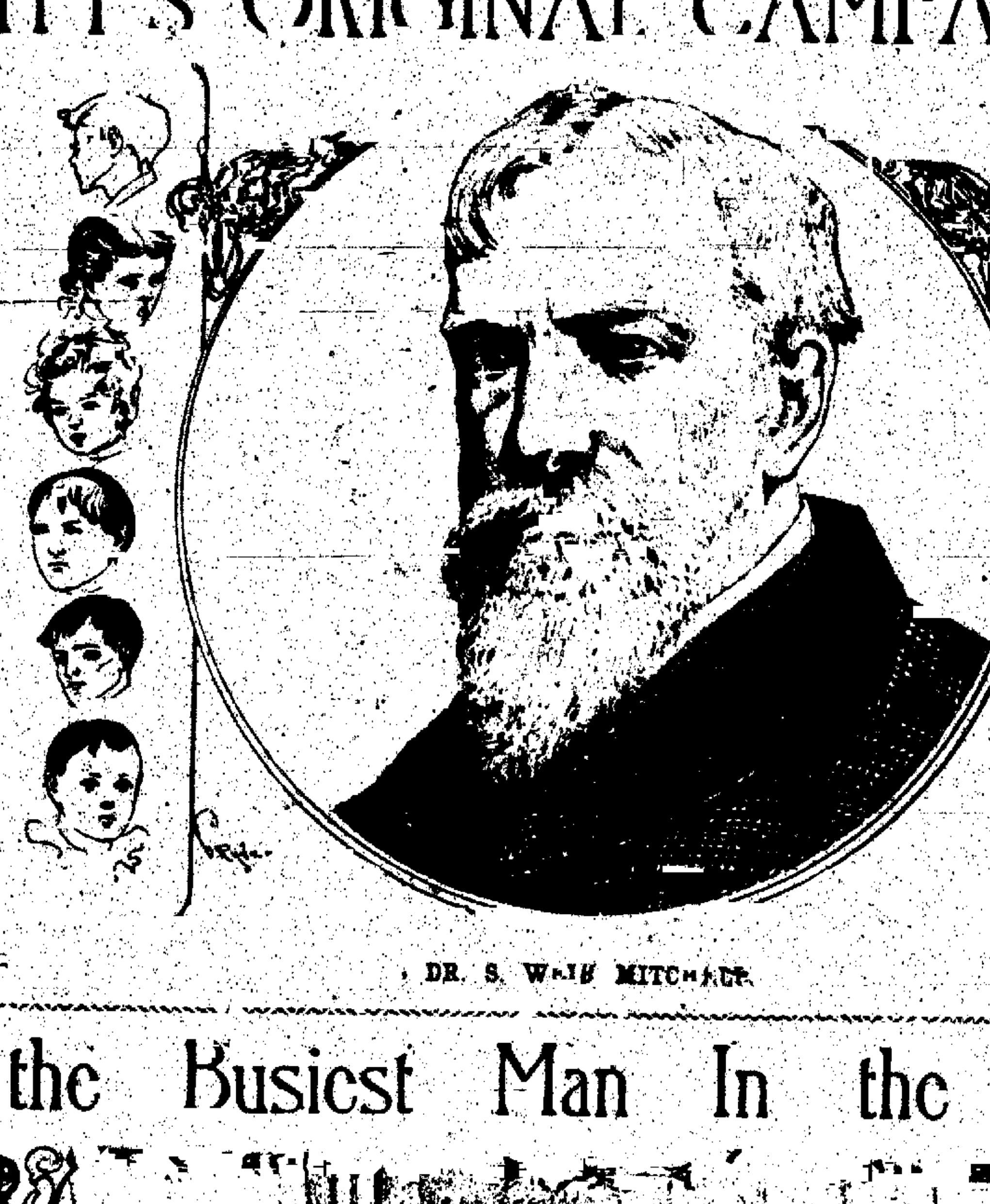
Most of these children are found to have some physical defect that may continue to develop with age and eventually ruin their lives. Although to the unprofessional eye they may not seem to be below the normal in intelligence or physique, it is a fact that not more than 20 per cent of them are found to be so. The boys lead in the column of incipient degeneracy. Of the 20 per cent of children found to be normal nearly all are girls.

The impression has in some way become current that these enterprising surgeons of Philadelphia resort to brain operations whenever the slightest mental abnormality is suspected. As a matter of fact, not a single operation of this character has ever been attempted. To cut the brain of a feeble minded person with the expectation of producing intelligence or to remove the tendency to degeneracy would be too heroic a measure even for contemplation. All of the surgical interference up to date has embraced only minor operations, the removal of adenoids from the throat or perhaps an enlarged tonsil, the correction of a simple refractive error of the sight or something equally simple and free from seriousness.

The chief business now at hand is to determine the exact condition of the children examined. When that is accomplished it is easy to proceed—to give proper mental training to the feeble minded, special treatment to the abnormally immoral and the isolation of the asylum to the hopelessly deranged.

Philadelphia's experiment will be watched with the keenest interest both by the profession and the laity in America and in all the civilized world. If it shall come to pass that the mending of physical imperfection by the aid of medicine and surgery can be made to result in the wiping out of moral degeneracy, the millennium will not assume to be a matter of such abstract speculation.

P. S. SINGER.



DR. S. WEIR MITCHELL.

J. Knox Taylor, the Busiest Man In the United States Treasury

ONE of the busiest men in Washington—none busier in the country, he maintains—is J. Knox Taylor, supervising architect of the United States treasury. His title sounds rather formidable, but it is actually far too short to express his real duty as sponsor for all public structures and the one skilled man in the government service who has to keep in touch with every detail of their construction and see to it that the proper material goes into them and that the work meets the requirements.

Do not imagine for a brief moment that this job leaves much time for outside diversion. Be it known, also, that these same government requirements are most rigid. Every stick and every stone that goes into a public structure must not only stand the test of the skilled mechanic's eye—which is usually a wide open one—but they must also be found perfect by the experts at the government laboratories.

So it happens that every minute of the night and day when a new building belonging to Uncle Sam is in process of erection, no matter how slowly the work is going on, either Mr. Taylor or some subordinate for whose faithfulness he is responsible must watch it with unflagging attention.

During the closing days of the last session of congress, as if it had been guilty of a sin of omission which it purposed to wipe out at a single effort, the construction of about 200 public buildings was authorized and upward of $20,000,000 was appropriated to that end. That sum and the $50,000,000 already set aside to be spent on buildings and bridges in and around Washington afford some idea of the responsibility which has been resting and still rests on the very capable shoulders of J. Knox Taylor.

Mr. Taylor is well qualified for his undertaking, stupendous as it is. This has been made manifest by his previous experience in handling big building projects for the government. He has held his present position nine years, having received the appointment in 1897. He was selected from a list of sixty applicants who were anxious to try their hand at the business. That Uncle Sam struck a bargain in the selection of Mr. Taylor has been proved to the satisfaction of all those who are supposed to understand such matters. For a salary of $4,500 per annum he renders a service that no private architect of equal ability would undertake for more than ten times that amount.

As a partial showing of the improvements made in the national capital during the last few years, most of which have been conducted under the intelligent supervision of the public architect, let it be remembered that when the senate and house office buildings are completed the plaza east of the capitol will be almost enclosed by one of the most magnificent groups of buildings in the world. The north and south sides of the plaza will be bounded by the senate and house office buildings, which are to cost about $7,000,000. The west is bounded by the imposing structures of the capitol, the eastern front of which is to be extended in marble at a cost of $1,230,000. The eastern side of the plaza will be partially filled by the splendid new library of congress, which has cost $6,820,000. The other blocks of ground east of the capitol plaza will soon be occupied by a noble structure for the supreme court. The capitol and its proposed extension, the senate and house office buildings and the library will represent an expenditure by the government of $32,500,000.

Until a few years ago the government architect was required to make all the plans for public buildings. This was found to be a source of great public dissatisfaction, and the outcry against the practice of leaving everything to the taste and architectural preferences of a single individual was very general. By the provisions of the Tarsney act, which became a law in 1904, it is arranged that while the supervising architect shall have a general supervision over both the plans and the work of construction there shall be competition between architects of recognized merit.

The treasury department, which is charged with the preparation of plans and specifications for postoffices, custom houses and all other public buildings erected by the national government, has recently issued a call for a hundred additional draftsmen in order to get out the plans for the 200 new buildings ordered by congress at its last session. The regular force of engineers, draftsmen, computers, bookkeepers, stenographers and other office employees numbers about 200, and the new recruits will add to Mr. Taylor's manifold distractions.

But he is not a man to be perturbed over an increase of responsibility. His ability to maintain a level head under almost any pressure was one of the points that led to his appointment as supervising architect. He had been employed in the office for two years and during that time had shown marked executive readiness. In the competition which the law requires before a new supervising architect can be appointed Mr. Taylor obtained a general average of only a little over 33 per cent. One applicant succeeded in gaining 90 per cent. When the decision was made, however, Mr. Taylor's experience was taken into the consideration, and the examining board, composed of leading architects from all over the Union, reported in his favor.

Since he took charge of the office every new public building has been of a classical style of architecture. In this course he has received the commendation of the best architects in the country. The history of public buildings in the old world makes it certain that those built on classical lines have survived the criticisms of ages and are now as attractive as ever. Among all the public buildings in the United States those most generally admired are classical modifications.

Mr. Taylor is an exceedingly modest man and is averse to publicity. He will not consent even to receive the praise so manifestly due to him for the increased technical and artistic perfection which now marks the work on public buildings. He prefers, he declares, to regard it as an evidence of the general advancement of architectural taste and understanding among the people of the United States.

CHANNING A. BARTOW.

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT J. KNOX TAYLOR AT HIS DESK.

BRIEF AND TRUE.

Some of the railway lines in Russia have smoking cars for ladies.

Licenses issued to certain French ladies to wear male attire cost $10 yearly. Six have been issued.

The robes worn by the speaker of the house of commons are identical with the judicial costume of the master of the rolls, an office which in [illegible] years was frequently united with the speakership.

Cock crowing competitions are popular in Belgium. Such contests usually last about an hour, at the end of which time the owner of the bird which has executed the largest number of crows wins the prize.

The elementary school authorities at Crediton, England, have ordered that the girls must have their hair plaited and tied behind their heads. The parents will appeal to the board of education in the matter.

That the earth is growing temporarily warmer is shown by the mountain glaciers. These are made by varying temperature and moisture to increase and diminish in size during periods of years that may be found to be more or less regular cycles, and a period of quite general decrease began about forty-five years ago.

A French nobleman, the Vicomte Raoul de [illegible], who has just completed, for a wager of $60,000, the feat of making the tour of the world on foot, has arrived in Paris. It has taken him ten years to do so, and in the course of his extraordinary rambles the vicomte has passed through Europe, America, Africa, Spain and Portugal, supporting himself in compliance with the conditions of the wager by the proceeds of sketches executed by himself en route.

The thoroughfare which can boast the shortest name of any in London is D Mews, in the locality of Regent's park. It is the only surviving "alphabet" street, as streets whose names were simply a letter of the alphabet, Some years ago nearly every letter in the alphabet gave its name to a thoroughfare, but D Mews is the only one which has not had its name lengthened.

There are other thatched churches in the United Kingdom besides the church at Markby. One of the most perfect of these is Harleston church, three miles from Stowmarket, Suffolk.

Among the Arabs of Syria a man changes his name after the birth of his first son. He calls himself by his son's name, with the prefix of Abu or Father.

It is said that General Sir Redvers Buller is such an excellent cook that he would have little difficulty in obtaining a first class chef's position in a West End hotel in London.

In Bohemia courtships are abnormally long. In that country engagements frequently last from fifteen to twenty years.

The Latest Fashions

Various Phases of the Separate Blouse

IN LACE MELANGE

PLAIDS MAKE POPULAR TRIMMING

IN THE TAILORED STYLE

THE PRETTY GIBSON WAIST

ONLY MORE ELABORATE

The Plain Tailored Shirt is Prominent—Men's Shirtings Much in Vogue—Clever Touches of Novelty Drawn [illegible] Waists More and More Extravagant—Fine Net Blouses With Colored Slips Beneath—[illegible] Collars and Cuffs Are Very [illegible] the [illegible] of Real [illegible]—The [illegible] a Vexed Question.

With the return of the severely plain [illegible] made for autumn wear the equally plain and severe tailored shirtwaist—the [illegible] refer to it as a short, and have it made by a [illegible] her [illegible] into the forefront of things.

It is not so very different, this plain and severe shirtwaist, from what it has been in the past. Pretty much the same lines and the same materials appear, although the search for [illegible] little novelty to introduce by way of [illegible] on [illegible].

One [illegible] the perfectly plain cut, with no more fulness to it than a man's shirt, upon which it is modeled, prevails. Others again, equally "tailor-made" in appearance, present a number of pleats at [illegible] yokes are [illegible] to break the monotony of the style.

Linen is in high favor for such purposes, both the heavy German weave and the finer round-thread linens of [illegible] manufacture. The old reliable standbys, the cotton cheviots [illegible] is introduced a cotton serge as well—and the [illegible] of fine ginghams and the [illegible] imported Scotch shirtings, are all on view, as well as some of the daintiest [illegible] in either white or delicate tints, with a tiny figure in a [illegible] color printed on the surface at far intervals.

The latter [illegible] have attracted the [illegible] favorable attention, in spite of their price, they are [illegible] a yard in the 30-inch widths. [illegible] have been given to [illegible] smart [illegible] for [illegible], but does not [illegible] the [illegible] of feminine [illegible] by any [illegible] for [illegible] of them, in different tints, and the [illegible] of the owner to be wrought in cotton [illegible] the color of the figure that appears in the design. For example, a pale pink is [illegible] in a [illegible] face, and at far intervals there is a tiny fleur de lis [illegible] of course, in a soft [illegible]. The monogram is worked on the little watch-pocket in a green cotton the same that [illegible] the fleur-de-lis, contrasting prettily with the delicate pink that makes the background. With such shirts there are stocks and belts made up to match, although the use of white linen stocks and belts, embroidered en suite, is countenanced by clever designers for wear with the colored blouses that are undoubtedly giving the white waists a [illegible] for premier place in fashionable ranks.

Turning to the more elaborate style of blouse, where that much overworked word "lingerie" is used descriptively, if not expressively, it is to be noted that recent importations in these are invariably fashioned with a full-length sleeve and a [illegible] elaborate finish, that hangs far down over the hand, reaching well to the knuckles at [illegible]. On this side we are clinging to the comfortable, if not always sightly, elbow sleeve, and manufacturers are going on gaily putting in this abbreviated arm-covering in all but the plainest of shirtwaists. The moment that even a hint of lace or elaboration gets on a blouse the sleeve gets chopped off short, and it joins the procession of lingerie waists.

Just at this writing, in the lull that comes between the close of one season and the opening of the other, one can find exquisite examples of embroideries of all sorts wherewith to manufacture charming little blouses. There are pattern waists, done on the [illegible] of handkerchief linen, on both cotton and linen batiste and some on sheer nainsook. Technically they are known as French embroideries, but the most of them are of Irish origin, where the peasantry are skilled in needlework of more kinds than the tourist ever sees or the summer "tripper" discovers.

Just now these may be purchased for a fraction of what was demanded for them a few short weeks ago, and with an illustration to work from even a seamstress of moderate skill can make them up in short order. Odd lengths, too, of embroideries and laces are being offered at the most tempting prices. One woman whose taste is as boundless as her purse is slender takes her seamstress along when bound on a bargain tour. The little needlewoman discovers possibilities in many a piece that her employer would pass unnoticed, and the result is that the woman is envied by her acquaintances for the number, style and originality of her [illegible] in the separate waist line.

[illegible] the little [illegible] for [illegible] months, are not [illegible] the new waists as yet, except to a few [illegible]. The [illegible], however, are piled up with pieces of prettiness that will appeal tremendously later on. For one thing, there are some few little points in the construction of the new models that differ from what the summer season [illegible]. Collars are higher, as though to emphasize the fact that the St. Cecilia, or Dutch neck, has been laid away with the [illegible] and sunburn and freckles. Sleeves, as already noted, are noticeably long in the imported models, and there is quite a marked difference in cut. The underarm seam is made to slope towards the front, and there is not nearly so much material at the waistline as the maker put into the summer models. The effect is one that conforms far better to the new figure, where the bust line is accentuated, the waist made to seem smaller and rounder than it did in the preceding [illegible].

And speaking of the waist brings up the subject of belts. It is to be noted that all of the best makers are furnishing their patrons with belts to match the blouse. The order has gone forth that a long and slender waist is to be the thing, and the ceinture to match the waist aids in creating this effect. Where the belt matches the skirt—a fashion that we have followed for quite sometime—the figure is inevitably foreshortened, no matter how much sloped and pointed or how cleverly the belt may be cut. But with the belt matching the waist, in color if not in material, just the opposite result is achieved, and the figure made to look just so much taller and more slender.

In those dainty little blouses that are intended to express some degree of dressiness in their wear extravagance seems to run riot. Many of the most attractive ones are merely a melange of laces, real where the purse will afford it, or as goodly imitations, as may be where economy is an object. Not that machine-made laces are always inexpensive, there are some of them that are quite as costly as many real laces. Two, three and even four kinds of lace, if well selected, may enter into the construction of a simple little blouse, and, in addition, an effective scrap or two of embroidery will not be amiss to accentuate the design.

Handwork, wherever possible, is to be preferred, although there are machines and attachments nowadays that make the work of the [illegible] and easily by [illegible], and often [illegible] it is well nigh [illegible] to tell the [illegible] the [illegible] most semitransparent materials are the preferred ones, and there are some charming little slips in delicate colorings to be worn beneath. One can purchase ready-made slips in China silk for a mere trifle, but the fastidious will much prefer to have such made from the chiffon double or chiffon cloth, as it is called—and just as carefully fitted to the figure as a skilled dressmaker can manage.

The more expensive the blouse, the better it clings to the figure. There is absolutely no puffing or sagging at the waist, no "pouch" above the belt, in the latest French productions. In many of them the pleats that are necessary to confine the fulness at the waist are [illegible] after the manner of darts and the material cut away beneath so that every unnecessary inch of bulk or [illegible] is done away with.

In all manner of waists the yoke is making itself quite conspicuous. It appears in linen, in lace, in chiffon, in silk, and usually it is of the shallowest in the front and back, and so built as to extend well over the sleeve seam on the shoulders, and so aid in the broad shoulder line that is so flattering to the [illegible] size of one's waist.

In Lace Melange.

There are so many niches in even the best-equipped wardrobe that the lace blouse alone can fill that the reason for its vogue is not far to seek. The fancy for a combination of two or more laces in the one design still continues, the genres being pretty well contrasted. The laces, however, must be carefully chosen, else the result would be one suggestive of bargain-counter forays and remnant finds. Where at all possible, such little blouses are best fashioned by hand, and faggoting and fancy lace stitches used to join the different strips. In the picture the yoke is made of a sprigged Valenciennes joined with a Cluny beading, while broad Cluny is alternated with an appenzell for the body of the blouse. The short sleeve is of the same material, and bias bands of white satin overlaid with a narrow edging serve to give a little touch of character between the [illegible] in [illegible] effectively on the front, and the [illegible] is, as usual, in the back.

Sauntering in Fashion Land

The real lace mitten will undoubtedly become an imperative part of the autumn and winter bride's wedding [illegible]. Many of the most noted brides of the summertime followed this old-time fashion, much to the relief of the groom, the clergyman, the maid of honor and all generally concerned. That awkward pause while the bride [illegible] her bouquet to the maid of honor and tugs at a glove that is, nine times out of ten, a size or so too small for her while the officiating clergyman is waiting to put the all-important ring on her finger, is altogether obviated in the wearing of the lace mitten. With the short sleeve the lace arm covering is in better taste, especially when one can secure a lace to match that of the gown, and the fingers are free to receive the ring without any preliminary fuss or confusion. Many of the summer's brides wore the mittens that their mothers wore at their weddings during the sixties and the early seventies, when real lace mittens, veils and parasol covers were a part of every gentlewoman's trousseau, and those who have had to purchase them recently have had to pay a goodly price for similar [illegible].

The lingerie craze has extended even to linings and dress shields. These latter indispensables are shown in the shops with a frilling of narrow Valenciennes laces all around, the shopwoman sometimes explaining that in pinning the shields into summer waists tiny safety pins caught through the lace avert the possibility of piercing, and thereby ruining the shield itself is avoided.

Lingerie linings of the little coats, fashioned [illegible] silks of various kinds and enriched with hand embroideries, are offered. These are usually in a sheer lawn or batiste and are trimmed with lace edgings, pleatings, insertions and the like. They are supposed to cover the rich brocade which makes the lining for all the new wraps and to be taken out and laundered as often as may be deemed necessary. A tacking stitch at the neck and in the armsize is all that is necessary to hold them in place when in wear.

Jarretelles are shown with little fanciful coverings of lawn and lace in place of the usual ribbon, and in many instances this covering is slipped on over the ribbon casing that covers the elastic and saves the rich satin ribbon from soil. The little lingerie [illegible] cover that [illegible] in, and many of the [illegible] corsets [illegible] or six of such with [illegible]. A fancy pin or two holds them in place, so that they may be instantly [illegible] for the necessary visit to the laundry.

Roman striped ribbons, in gay colorings, are being much used for neck, belt and cravat purposes. On some of the first crop of felt hats mostly of the outing patterns a scarf is made to match the cravat and ceinture, thus bringing the entire outdoor costume into harmony. Various shades of red for the ground color and vivid stripes, in which gold and pale blue are prominent, seem to take best, and it must be confessed that they make a pretty splotch of color on the tennis ground, the golf links and in the brilliantly tinted autumn woods.

It is prophesied that the vogue of the pale pastel colors for tailor-made wear is to be renewed for winter wear. Last winter a few of the fashionables sported tailor-mades in pale blue, a faint [illegible] shade and the lightest possible terra cotta, favor being distributed in about the order named. The off-color whites, too, are to be received in good company, and the faintest shades of gray and of lilac and lavender are to remain in standing. With furry accessories those delicately tinted costumes present an air of extravagance and dressiness in winter time, and with the short skirt that is worn for street purposes they do not show soil as early in their career as might be expected.

The craze for jewels and jewelry is on the increase. In Paris it is no longer considered in bad taste, or at all reprehensible, to wear imitation jewels. It must be conceded that the Parisians excel in the manufacture and mounting of those imitations, many of which are calculated to deceive any but an expert. It must not be imagined, however, that such pieces are cheap or cheap-looking. The settings are of gold or of platinum, and the mounting is done by skilled jewelers, so that, as far as the labor and skill are concerned, real jewels do not receive any better treatment.

A fancy neckpiece, a long chain of pearls, four or even more rings on either hand and a couple of bracelets is not considered any too great a display at present. And if a fancy brooch or two be added to the corsage the wearer is still well within the limits of present taste.

Beautifully artistic designs are displayed in those "simili" pieces, as they are termed abroad. A [illegible] for the [illegible] was shown [illegible] cut brilliants [illegible] tion, be [illegible]. The [illegible] a wild rose, and a spray of maidenhair [illegible] extended for [illegible] six inches on either side of this. The setting was of platinum, the brilliants carefully cut and polished, and the [illegible] in [illegible] way above [illegible]. And for [illegible] the [illegible] of 1,000 francs [illegible] asked.

Society leaders and [illegible] of the [illegible] fashionable parts of New York must be taking to quite a [illegible] of reading on household topics, if one is to judge from the displays in the windows of leading book shops. Books upon [illegible] the several [illegible] of housekeeping, culinary hints and [illegible], furniture, home decorations and the like are persistently displayed; and the latest authorities on all of these and other kindred subjects are indicated by [illegible] placards conspicuously placed. Gardening, too, seems to come in for a share of attention; but there seems to be no room for anything else. If it were but one shop that made such a display, one might pass it without comment; but when it is half a dozen, well spaced, all [illegible] by the [illegible] it [illegible] thought.

"Water without and within" was the sole prescription of a fashionable physician to a wealthy patient who came to him with a list of physical ills and ailments of [illegible] length. She could not sleep, she had no appetite, she was nervous and depressed, and so on ad infinitum.

As a general thing, women do not appreciate plain water as much as they should do. A sponge off in tepid—not cold—water when fatigued will prove more refreshing than anything else. A glass of cold water, not too cold, taken the last thing at night and another the first thing in the morning will overcome many complexion ills. When nervous, a glass of plain water, sipped slowly, will prove calming. By the way, this same physician says that water, when drunk cold and quickly, acts as a depressant on the heart and nerves; when sipped slowly, it acts as a gentle stimulant.

A gallon of water daily, taken in half-pint doses, is said to be absolutely necessary to health in warm countries, and three quarts in the same period is the prescription for these latitudes. The stout woman must plan to do her drinking between meals, taking no fluids for half an hour before or an hour after meals; and her skinny sister may follow the same rule, but take even more fluids.

In washing the face with soap and water one is expected to rinse off in not less than four waters, making the last one as cold as possible and dashing it with both hands against the skin, so that a little [illegible]

Popularity of the Tailored Shirtwaist

The popularity of the tailored shirtwaist for [illegible] and outdoor wear is vastly on the increase, and the [illegible] and belt worn therewith are expected to be of the same plain and severe type. All sorts of wash materials, provided they be of sufficient [illegible] of weave, are in [illegible], and [illegible] except in the buttonholes, is not expected. Three or four [illegible] pleats are laid on either side of the [illegible] on the shoulder, and [illegible] for that broad line which is the accepted thing just now. The fastening is usually effected with buttons and buttonholes [illegible] in the center of a stitched [illegible] pleat, and stitched down side pleats serve to adjust the fulness at the waist. Most of the recent [illegible] display a [illegible] in the back, usually shallow, and with a point in the center. The sleeve follows the regulation shirt pattern, except that it is fuller in the top than were those of last season, and the stiff cuff is the inevitable wrist finish in this type of blouse. Stock and belt are of [illegible] and [illegible] to match, a fad that has been [illegible] favored during the [illegible], and promises to maintain all of its hold during the winter season.

Plaids [illegible]

The tailored shirt [illegible] all of its hold [illegible] the overwhelming popularity of the [illegible]. Linens of a [illegible] cotton [illegible] drill, are all [illegible]. The [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] with [illegible] of [illegible] on the [illegible] in the [illegible] of [illegible] the [illegible] with [illegible] and the [illegible] in a [illegible] the shirt [illegible] ably full [illegible] the [illegible] broad, and the [illegible] with a [illegible] skirt [illegible] will be sure of a [illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] is taking [illegible] show the [illegible] in all of the [illegible] tints and patterns [illegible], and so far from [illegible] as all thick and heavy [illegible] productions [illegible] to be [illegible] as [illegible] are fully as light as an [illegible] is wont to be. The [illegible] is in a [illegible] blue [illegible] a little [illegible] a pale pink flower and [illegible]. Deep pleats [illegible] the [illegible], affording sufficient width [illegible] the fronts. The [illegible] are deeply curved toward the waist line, and the pleats that adjust the fulness at the belt are cut away beneath, so that there is no undue bulk or [illegible]. The sleeve is a [illegible] pattern, full throughout, and with a shaped cuff that clings closely to the wrist, fastening with three buttons and buttonholes on the underside. The neck is finished with a plain band, so that separate collars of any variety may be worn. The dainty neck dressing pictured in a heavy white linen shows the rabat ends, three of them overlapping, and the lowest one elaborately decorated with needlework. Both collar and ends are scalloped and both [illegible] on the [illegible], and a little soft white ruching makes a dainty finish at the throat.

WOMEN CONDUCTORS ON CARS.

The area of employment for women continues to increase. Some time ago the Chillicothe (O.) Electric Street Railway Company installed seven young women as conductors on their cars and the experiment has proved a great success. When the advertisement was inserted in a local paper over 100 women applied for places, seven of whom were carefully selected. The fortunate applicants are all of good [illegible]

The Problem of Living on Half a Million a Year

Once You Establish a Standard You Will Find It No Easy Matter to Make Ends Meet --- Where the Money Goes -- Inside View of the Menages of Some Wealthy New Yorkers

From the New York Times.

IT is quite as difficult a problem for some people to live on half a million [illegible] or even more, as it is for others to make both ends meet on $750 or less. A Chicago millionaire said recently at a dinner that it was impossible for any one even to keep up appearances in New York on less than $100,000 a year; that this represented absolute poverty for a single man in his set. His estimate was not exaggerated. To be anybody in New York society is out of the question unless a family has a town house, a country seat, a villa at Newport or Bar Harbor, or a lesser fashionable resort, a yacht, a garage of motors, a well-equipped stable, a private car, and a hunting box somewhere in the Carolinas or in Georgia. To this others add a camp, and all that it implies, in the Adirondacks, an apartment in Paris, and a town house in London, with the possibility of another house at Cowes for the yachting, and still another at Ascot for race week.

Mrs. Potter Palmer, one of the wealthiest widows in America, maintained in England last year no less than five establishments with an army of servants, and she did not close her house at Chicago. William K. Vanderbilt has his country seat at Oakdale, where, whether he is there or not, there must be kept a regiment of employes of all kinds; his town house, which is never left completely vacant; his villa near Versailles, and his hotel in Paris.

Servants Transferred From House to House.

In some families the servants are transferred from town to country seat, to Newport, or elsewhere, as the season demands. In others complete new sets of servants are engaged for the country and Newport seasons, under the direction of an older servant or with the addition of a few of the regulars of the household. In fact, a caterer at Newport is known to supply for an entertainment not only the waiters for the supper room, but butlers and maitres d'hotels for occasions. There are several French boarding houses in Newport where such functionaries go and pass the summer, and make a handsome living by these "odd jobs." Their prices vary for the services of a single evening; sometimes they soar as high as $50.

Yet, with all this most necessary expenditure, there are different methods of living among these millionaires themselves, who are divided into sets or classes. There are those who have had their wealth for at least three or more generations, and who are either descended from or allied with the old Dutch and English and colonial families, now called indiscriminately Knickerbockers; others whose money has been of much more recent origin, and others again who are not New Yorkers, but who have made their fortunes in other cities and whose ambition is to be prominent in New York society.

Like a Lottery.

This society is like a lottery. There are those within the gates who do not spend fabulous amounts on their households, but who do [illegible] who do things even better than others on a comparatively modest expenditure, and others again who are obliged to resort to spectacular efforts with vast outlays of money in order to maintain their standing. To the [illegible] young couple [illegible] in life with a modest [illegible] puzzling [illegible] with comfortable bank accounts [illegible] spending far beyond their means. The wages of servants and the [illegible] to be employed and maintained, the cost of keeping up different establishments, stables, garages, and [illegible] the amount expended for entertaining and living, [illegible] which only a [illegible] lay. To [illegible] portant [illegible]

Here is the [illegible] fashionable [illegible] [illegible] ager, at [illegible] year; a butler [illegible] second [illegible] $50 [illegible] $60 [illegible] $150 [illegible] at $100 [illegible]

A Few Things Not Included.

[illegible]

tage; the [illegible] cook and assistants and [illegible] extra [illegible] when entertaining on a grand scale; possibly the extra men called in to reinforce the butler's department as well as the kitchen. Each of these is a specialist. The housekeeper is general manager, takes care of the linen, the china, and the running of the house, arranging the smaller details of each entertainment, hiring the servants, ordering from the tradespeople, subject to the approval of the steward or social secretary. The butler, who is never in livery, attends to the wines and the service of the dining room and the engineering of dinners. Then there is an invisible assistant or an under man for the pantry. There are footmen for the hall, and the men, generally the same in most households, to assist at waiting and to stand behind one's chair at dinner, one for every two guests. At many large dinners the waiting is done by the under butler and his assistants, and the footmen stand perfectly still, ornaments to their calling.

Each Has Her Own Duties.

The chef has a full force, and there is a separate cook for the servants' hall. The parlor maid arranges the flowers in the drawing room, dusts the ornaments, but never goes beyond these domains. The chambermaids have their territory, and the laundress reigns supreme in hers. The maid to the mistress of the house is a confidential servant, who must be most tactful and clever. She has to be trustworthy to a degree. In her charge are the jewels, and it is she who puts them in the safe in madam's apartments and takes them out again when required. She superintends the robing of her mistress and brings her the light breakfast in the morning in her apartments, and is the last servant to leave her at night. She travels with her everywhere.

Where there are young daughters there are frequently several maids. Some wealthy women are opposed to this, and Mrs. Vanderbilt would never allow her eldest daughter, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, a maid until she grew up. But, then, she has practical ideas, and the Misses Vanderbilt, with all their wealth, were brought up very simply. When there are young children, there are governesses, both French and English, and nurses. As a woman of fashion frequently leaves a young baby at home and goes abroad, these persons must be trustworthy, and they command high salaries. There is also a social secretary, generally a young gentlewoman in straitened circumstances, who attends to the correspondence, the invitations, keeps up the visiting list, interviews all annoying visitors, attends to the charities, and has also to be on the alert when that new intruder on all households makes its call known—the irrepressible telephone.

The Question of Wages.

The wage list of servants is a serious one. However, many are glad to serve in well-known fashionable houses for the sake of the advertisement it brings, and it is astonishing how managing housekeepers in a few of the millionaire households can secure servants who pose afterward as coming from such and such a family. A western woman recently hired a maid who asked a comparatively modest sum for her services. The girl had a reference from the housekeeper of one of the most prominent women at Newport [illegible] The newcomer [illegible] New York [illegible] the servant's wages [illegible] for the [illegible] of having her in employ [illegible] and the girl stipulated that this [illegible] was [illegible] to go to her [illegible]

[illegible]

$[illegible] for Six Months.

[illegible] mansion and his household, the servants [illegible] private garden [illegible] There is the yacht with its [illegible] its crew and its steward and [illegible]

and the Fabbris have complete electric equipments, and there is a resident engineer with an assistant.

The first position today in a multimillionaire's household is that of a steward or groom of the chambers. Several men have made great successes in this line. One of these, William [illegible] Neilson, who was prominent in New York and Philadelphia society, manages for Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, who recently entertained Prince Louis and Prince Alexander of Battenberg, having the latter as a residing [illegible] one week. Mr. Neilson is not the secretary. He is virtually the head of the household department. He has his suite of rooms, and naturally is as one of the family. He plans all entertainments, and has direct supervision over the entire establishment. He frequently leads the cotillions, and he generally accompanies Mr. and Mrs. Drexel to Europe on their annual trips, returning before them so as to have either the town or Newport house ready for them. Mrs. Drexel entertains lavishly. There are at least twenty-four servants in the house, and on reception days there are from four to eight footmen in the Drexel livery standing in the hall.

Footmen Are Gentlemen of Leisure.

Apropos of these footmen—they must be imported Englishmen or Swedes, and be of a size and match perfectly. It is told of Stuyvesant Fish, who, one arriving at his house after a harassing day of committee and corporation work, being obliged to pass through a similar line of these gorgeous persons on his wife's reception day, remarked in his quaint way: "Well, I have been working hard for nearly twelve hours to help support these gentlemen of leisure."

The household of George Gould is regulated with the precision of a great railroad system. Mr. Hamilton, a cousin of Mr. Gould, has the control. He it is who directs and arranges everything, both at Lakewood and in town. The town house has a small force for part of the year, but the Lakewood corps is kept up. There is always some member of the family at Georgian Court. Sometimes it is one or another or perhaps all the boys, and again it may be Mrs. Kingdon, the mother of Mrs. Gould. The smaller country estate in the Catskills is used only two or three times a year. In summer, when Mr. and Mrs. Gould are not traveling, they have a yacht, the provisioning of which is also intrusted to Mr. Hamilton. The system in the household is one of orders and requisitions, and it is so well planned in detail that it is said not even Mrs. Gould herself can get anything from the housekeeper's department without signing a requisition. All bills are paid on a certain day once a month. The living expenses of the domestics at Georgian Court amount to over a thousand dollars a month. The salary list runs considerably over that, because there must be taken into consideration the numerous attaches of a country place, including those in the stables and in the amusement courts and on the polo field. Mr. and Mrs. Gould make much use of private cars and special trains. Mrs. Gould has also a shooting estate in North Carolina.

How the Gerry Family Lives.

The Gerry household is conducted on the most liberal lines, Commodore and Mrs. Gerry being most hospitable. At their town house the corps of servants includes a full kitchen force under a high-priced chef. Everything at the Gerry entertainments is made in the house and caterers are not employed. The Gerry footmen are the admiration of New York. They are very tall and match in size. Such men, even for ornamental purposes, command wages of from $40 to $60 a month. Mrs. Gerry and her daughters have each a maid, and there are second men and a numerous corps of household servants. The Electra, the Commodore's yacht, is in commission three months of the year and the entertaining is constant. The Commodore himself, who is a noted epicure, has his pickles and sauces and preserves put up specially for him in London or imported from India, and all the bottles bear the label of the Electra. Seaverge, the Gerry villa, although not as large as some other houses at Newport, is ample for entertaining on a small scale. Attached to the Newport estate are the famous conservatories and hothouses. Here Mr. Gerry raises his famous melons and tropical fruits and all sorts of vegetables under glass. With a staff of gardeners, presided over by an expert man who commands a good salary, this fad alone costs anywhere from $5,000 to $10,000 a year. At Delaware lake the Gerrys have a country seat. Robert L. Gerry has a separate stable, which employs a number of men, and a hunting lodge in Orange county. As yet the Gerrys have not been converted to the motor.

Carnegie's Organist Wakes Him Up.

Andrew Carnegie's household is more modest. During his absence from New York only a small force is kept. The chief expenditure and outlay are at Skibo Castle, where he and Mrs. Carnegie are constantly entertaining. His New York equipages are modest, and his greatest individual outlay seems to be in the employment of a noted organist to come and play for him each morning and wake him up.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish entertain on the largest and most expensive scale. There are three places, the town house on Madison avenue and Seventy-eighth street, an immense structure; the country seat at Garrison-on-Hudson, and the Crossways at Newport. There is no yacht, but private cars and special trains are often brought into requisition. Like the Gerrys and Mrs. Astor, the Fish servants seem to be fixtures. Mrs. Fish is an excellent manager, and, with so much individuality, she does much of her own planning of entertainments. She herself frequently attends to the purchasing and ordering, notwithstanding that she has a trusty housekeeper and butler. She leaves little to secretaries, and on the eve and day of some of her entertainments she is here and there superintending the florists, the decorators, and the entire extra force of working people as well as her servants. The servants are often shifted from town to Garrison and then to Newport. The payroll for the year is up in the thousands, and the expenses of entertaining and keeping up the three establishments are well over half a million a year. Mrs. Fish seldom goes abroad, and in the winter she and a house party will frequently breakfast at Garrisons and dine in town, and consequently, as in the Gould household, a double set of servants must be kept.

How "Silent" Smith Entertains.

From Mrs. Fish, James Henry Smith, the wealthiest bachelor in New York, has learned his lesson. For years she advised and directed his first efforts at entertaining. Now he possesses one of the largest houses in New York, as well as a comfortable villa at Tuxedo, where he gives week-end parties. During the season he is obliged to keep up two establishments. He entertains at one general affair once in the winter, and this costs him not less than $15,000 or $20,000. In summer he has his English place and his moor in Scotland, which he rents with servants and retainers, an entire clan, at a prohibitive figure. Mr. Smith has his own drag and his stable, but as yet he owns no garage. He keeps his motors at one of the garages near Broadway. He has avoided Newport and he does not have a yacht. His income is over half a million, but he does not spend it all, although entertaining lavishly.

Perhaps Dr. Seward Webb may be said, with the exception of William K. Vanderbilt, to be the most lavish entertainer in the Vanderbilt family. The Webbs have their town house and Shelburne Farms, which is one of the largest country estates in America. With their camp in the Adirondacks and special trains whenever they make a trip to the south or the Pacific slope, the outlay far exceeds half a million a year. Shelburne Farms is a village in itself, and second to no great country estate except Biltmore, the North Carolina home of George Vanderbilt. The game preserves alone call for a corps of gamekeepers, beaters, etc., who ask triple the wages they get in Scotland or England.

Frick and Walsh Are Newcomers.

And so the story goes on ad infinitum, taking the Ogden Millses, the William D. Sloanes, the H. McK. Twomblys, all the Vanderbilts, and some sixty or seventy others who go into society. Among the newcomers in New York and Newport are the Fricks and the Walshes. The former have the George Vanderbilt house on Fifth avenue, and the latter has the Baroda place, which has always been the scene of most lavish entertaining. The Fricks have a young daughter to bring out, and they have redecorated, refurnished, and rearranged the entire Vanderbilt mansion. The domestic force has been selected and trained by prominent persons. The Walshes had the benefit of the advice of Mr. Beatty, who formerly acted as secretary and manager for the late Calvin Brice and who was the pioneer of the "social secretary" of today.

But, on the other hand, there are millionaires and multimillionaires in New York who spend far less than half a million and still maintain splendid establishments. John D. Rockefeller is simple in his tastes, and the family have rarely entertained. They have the adequate force of housekeepers, butlers and servants, but their households, in town, in the Pocantico hills, at Lakewood, and at Cleveland, are maintained without the least show of pomp or circumstance, and with only the absolute number of servants required to manage large places. James B. Haggin lives modestly, although he and Mrs. Haggin have a villa at Newport in summer and an opera box and give frequent dinners. Their expenditures fall short of half a million a year. They keep up their Kentucky estate, Green Hills, with a larger force of servants than they employ in New York, where their brown stone Fifth avenue house is comparatively modest.

How Mrs. Astor Does Things.

There is one woman in New York whose invitations are more eagerly coveted than any other, whose entertainments are red-letter events in the social calendar, who has the largest ballroom, the most gorgeous dinner service, and who is more than lavish whenever she entertains, and yet half a million would be a big estimate for the running of her establishment. This is Mrs. Astor. Mrs. Astor has conservative ideas. Her arrival in New York, the opening of her town house, her three state dinners and her ball, her sailing for Europe, her stay in Paris, her visit to London, and her return to America, with her three months' sojourn at Newport and her entertainments there, are practically as fixed [illegible] as are Christmas and All Saints' in the church calendar.

Mrs. Astor and her son and daughter-in-law, Colonel and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, occupy the great Astor mansion on Fifth avenue, which is [illegible] two separate establishments. [illegible] times, as on the occasion of Mrs. Astor's annual ball, these are thrown together, and society dances in [illegible] of the other, but [illegible] the entire entertainment is in charge of Hade, Mrs. Astor's trusty butler, who has been her major domo for many years. He is an [illegible] of etiquette and [illegible].

Has No Social Secretary.

Mrs. Astor does not [illegible] of a social secretary [illegible] what [illegible] afternoon [illegible] [illegible] who has been with her many years, and who may be called her secretary, but Mrs. Astor writes many of her letters herself and even the directions to tradespeople and lists of guests for her entertainments. This list, which is the court circular of New York, is revised and amended each year, and it is as accurate as the Social Register. All Mrs. Astor's servants have been in her employ for a number of years. Her aged housekeeper died last winter. With her butler, two to four footmen, and an extra force for state dinners and great entertainments; her chef and assistants, and a working corps of some twelve people in all, she gives small dinners throughout the New York season, her great ball, where the supper is famous and really more bountiful than at many other houses, which are only spectacular, and several dinners and sometimes a dance at Beechwood, her Newport villa. The latter place is most modest, and looks small in comparison with some of the palaces recently built at that famous watering place. But Mrs. Astor does not believe in a great show for the country.

Colonel John Jacob Astor's house at Ferncliff is small also, and has been the summer home of the Astors for nearly a century. Colonel Astor makes much more of a display than his mother. He has a summer home at Newport, a yacht in commission three months of the year, Ferncliff, and sometimes a London town house. At Ferncliff there is an amusement hall or club house which requires many servants for part of the year. Mrs. Astor does not own a yacht. Her apartment in Paris requires few servants, and is a pied a terre simply. Except on the occasion of a state dinner, Mrs. Astor at Beechwood can manage with the usual complement of six to eight in service. Her carriage, a brougham, is very modest. Colonel Astor has an extensive garage at Ferncliff, but he does not employ many chauffeurs or drivers. Mechanics is among his recreations, and he drives his motors himself and knows more about their "inwards" than three-fourths of the imported or domestic chauffeurs.

Graft and Waste Are Big Items.

But the mere question of servants' wages, the cost of entertaining, and the keeping of what would seem to be a small hotel do not represent the entire cost. The "graft" is fearful and the waste is appalling. For instance, when a yacht is placed in commission it is an unwritten law that the steward shall have the ordering. Large wholesale and retail houses are eager for the custom. But the steward, with few exceptions, demands a percentage from the dealer and he always gets it. Naturally the dealer himself must make some profit, so he advances the prices. Many of the great houses buy their provisions and supplies by wholesale and their bills amount to over $1,000 a month, at what they consider rock-bottom prices. In yachting there are also the supplies for the vessel itself, such as paint, sails or machinery, coal, and the thousand and one things needed on a small-sized ocean steamer. The captain arranges for all these, and here is where his profit comes in. The owner has a floating hotel on which to entertain his friends, but he is in the power of his captain and his steward. Good men are hard to find, and he must close his eyes to these little transactions. He knows well that it is impossible to place a steam yacht in commission under less than $50,000 for the season, and that a short one.

In the stable the "graft" is supreme. Each new coachman demands a long list of expensive harness and accouterments and he stands in with the dealer for his "rake off." He is supreme master in his stable. Should he will it—and an actual instance is quoted, one of many—he will dictate to the head of the house as to whether or not the carriages or horses will go out. A coachman employed at the head of one of these stables, if he does not feel like going out at night, will refuse to have the horses or carriages brought out. The weather will be too bad or the horses will be sick, and his employer, [illegible] will either send to the cab company or the nearest garage and hire a conveyance. The coachman advises on the purchase of horses, and there was an instance recently where, because he was not consulted and could not get his percentage on the buying of a pair of horses which had taken [illegible] blue ribbons at the show, he deliberately drove them [illegible] told his employer that the horses [illegible] and would never [illegible]. They were sold for a [illegible] to a dealer, where the coachman [illegible] another pair bought from the [illegible], the coachman getting his rake-off on that transaction and again when the famed horses, when [illegible] recovered, were sold at a large profit to another party.

As for the garage, it is to many an [illegible]

[illegible] a most profitable existence.

Young couple starting out in life with a few thousand dollars and [illegible] income and wishing to keep up [illegible] have a problem before them.

The Art of Storytelling

Sir Richard Steele.

I HAVE often thought that a story-teller is born, as well as a poet. It is certain that some men have such a peculiar cast of mind that they see things in another light than men of graver dispositions. Men of lively imaginations and a mirthful temper will represent things to their hearers in the same manner as they themselves were affected with them; and whereas serious spirits might perhaps have been disgusted at the sight of some odd occurrences in life, yet the very same occurrences shall please them in a well-told story, where the disagreeable parts of the images are concealed and those only which are pleasing exhibited to the fancy. Story-telling is therefore not an art, but what we call a "knack"; it does not so much subsist upon wit as upon humor; and I will add that it is not perfect without proper [illegible] emotions of the mind. [illegible] gravity of countenance sets some stories off [illegible] [illegible] assist [illegible] I will go yet further [illegible] the success of a story very often depends upon the make of the body and the formation of the features of him who relates it. I have been of [illegible] Dick Dewlap. [illegible] [illegible] his fat and his fame [illegible] full three months before he regained his reputation, which rose in proportion to his floridity. [illegible]

[illegible] stories [illegible] conversation, or [illegible] common are [illegible] aptly [illegible] provided they be only hinted at and mentioned by way of allusion. Those that are altogether new should never be ushered in without a short and pertinent character of the chief person concerned, because by that means you may make the company acquainted with them; and it is a certain rule that slight and trivial accounts of those who are familiar to us administer more mirth than the brightest points of wit in unknown characters. A little circumstance in the complexion or dress of the man you are talking of sets his image before the hearer if it be chosen aptly for the story. Thus I remember Tom Lizard, after having made his sisters merry with an account of a formal old man's way of complimenting, owned very frankly that his story would not have been worth one farthing if he had made the hat of him whom he represented one inch narrower. Besides the marking distinct characters and selecting pertinent circumstances, it is likewise necessary to leave off in time and end smartly, so that there is a kind of drama in the forming of a story, and the manner of conducting and pointing it is the same as in an epigram. It is a miserable thing after one hath raised the expectation of the company by humorous characters and a pretty conceit, to pursue the matter too far. There is no retreating, and how poor is it for a story-teller to end his relation by saying, "That's all!"

As the choosing of pertinent circumstances is the life of a story, and that wherein humor principally consists, so the collectors of impertinent particulars are the very bane and opiates of conversation. Old men are great transgressors this way. Poor Ned Poppy—he's gone!—was a very honest man, but was so excessively tedious over his [illegible] He knew [illegible] [illegible] Johnson [illegible]

[illegible] ers in the north of Ireland, who are hired to tell stories of giants and enchanters to lull people asleep. These historians are obliged by their bargain to go on without stopping; so that after the patient hath by this benefit enjoyed a long nap, he is sure to find the operator proceeding in his work. Ned procured the like effect on me the last time I was with him. As he was in the third hour of his story, and very thankful that his memory did not fail him, I fairly nodded in the elbow chair. He was much affronted at this till I told him, "Old friend, you have your infirmity, and I have mine."

But of all evils in story telling the humor of telling tales one after another in great numbers is the least supportable. Sir Harry Pandolf and his son gave my Lady Lizard great offense in this particular. Sir Harry hath what they call a string of stories, which he tells over every Christmas. When our family visits there we are constantly after supper entertained with the "Glastonbury Thorn." When we have wondered at that a little, "Ay, but father," saith the son, "let us have the 'Spirit in the Wood.'" After that hath been laughed at, "Ay, but father," cries the booby again, "tell us how you served the robber." "Alack-a-day!" saith Sir Harry with a smile and rubbing his forehead, "I have almost forgot that; but it is a pleasant conceit, to be sure." Accordingly he tells that and twenty more in the same independent order, and without the least variation, at this day, as he hath done [illegible] ever since the revolution. I must not forget a very odd [illegible] Sir Harry always makes my lady when he dines here. After dinner he says, with a feigned concern in his countenance, "Madam, I have lost by you today." "How so, Sir Harry?" replies my lady. "Madam," says he, "I have lost an excellent appetite." At this his son and heir laughs immoderately and winks upon [illegible]. This is the thirty-[illegible] time that Sir Harry hath been thus arch, and I can bear it no longer.

As the telling of stories is a great help and life to conversation, I always encourage them if they are pertinent and innocent, in opposition to those gloomy mortals who disdain everything but matter of fact. Those grave fellows are my aversion who sift everything with the utmost nicety, and find the malignity of a lie in a piece of humor pushed a little beyond exact truth. I likewise have a poor opinion of those who have got a trick of keeping a steady countenance and cock their hats and look glum when a pleasant thing is said, and ask, "Well, and what then?" Men of wit and parts should treat one another with benevolence, and I will lay it down as a maxim that if you seem to have a good opinion of another man's wit, he will allow you to have judgment.

WORSE THAN BEING A YANKEE

From the Boston Transcript.

"Red-hot Dry Kills Three Philadelphians," reads a headline. Think of being at once red-hot, dead, and a Philadelphian!

The Sunday Gazette
Want-ad Section,
and Real Estate Review Colorado Springs
SALE
BUSINESS BLOCKS FOR SALE GAZETTE
ROOMS
HOMES FOR SALE GAZETTE

WANTED MALE HELP.

WANTED—Gentlemen or lady of good references to travel and collect for wholesale and retail firm of large capital. Salary and expenses with commission $1,500.00 to $2,000.00 per year. Salary and expenses paid weekly; expenses advanced. Address, with stamp, Monarch Company, 125 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; 10 positions for every graduate; top wages paid. Few weeks completes. Course includes tools and diplomas. Can nearly earn expenses if desired. Catalog mailed free. Moler Barber College, Denver, Colo.

WANTED—$12 to $24 weekly salary and expenses paid to energetic man or woman employing agents for fast selling goods in Colorado territory. Experience unnecessary, permanent. References, Jos. Moore, Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN—Experienced in any line to sell general stores in Colorado an unexcelled specialty proposition. Commissions and $35 weekly for expenses. The Continental Jewelry Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—A strong young man who is handy with saw and hammer, to work around small poultry plant for board and room and small pay. Call Sunday, 127 North Prospect street.

GOOD PAY to men everywhere to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc. No canvassing. Universal Adv. Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Five carpenters, two apprentice carpenters and three laborers to exchange work for lots. Part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Realty and Building Co., 22 N. Tejon St.

SALESMAN for Colorado; experienced traveling man preferred; line staple for general trade; position permanent; $25 weekly advance with commission. Sawyer, Leslie & Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—A man to sell in this field exclusively for one of the largest nurseries in the west. Cash advanced weekly. Address Washington Nursery Co., [illegible], Toppenish, Washington.

WANTED—Two men with teams to exchange work for lots and part cash. The Hastings-Allen Realty and Building Co., 22 N. Tejon.

WANTED 20 BOYS

Monday morning at 7 o'clock. 122 N. Tejon.

WANTED—Boy to run an elevator. $25 per month. Inquire Monday morning, The State Realty Co., 25 E. Pike's Peak avenue.

WANTED—Boy or clerk who has knowledge of soda fountain at once at [illegible] Drug Co., Manitou. Phone Manitou, 39.

Y. M. C. A. Night School. Byrne shorthand adopted. Proficiency 3 months, guaranteed by Y. M. C. A. Tuition, $17. Day school: Miller Shorthand College, $45.

$8 TO $15 being made daily by inexperienced agents selling my new patent kitchen article. 1502 S. Nevada.

THE BYRNE SHORTHAND taught by the Miller Shorthand College and Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—Young man to clerk in wall paper store. 212 N. Tejon. Brown Wall Paper and Paint company.

WANTED—Man to run automobile and do general work around small place. Address C-35, Gazette.

MEN—Everywhere, to distribute our samples, $3 daily; steady; no canvassing. [illegible], Monroe Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Live agents of good address, right man can make splendid salary. Call 9 a. m., Room 8, [illegible] Block.

COMMON labor in exchange for Mdse. Call C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak.

WANTED—Men on Cog road. Apply Manitou and Pike's Peak Ry. Co., Manitou.

STRONG boy for general work. 5½ Pike's Peak. Chance to learn taxidermy.

TAKE advantage of the opening rates at Central Business College Sept. 4.

TEAM work in exchange for merchandise. C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak.

ANTLERS TURKISH BATHS
11 E. Bijou St.

WANTED—Men. Call between 10 and 12 a. m. 16-18-20 W. Vermijo St.

WANTED—Experienced drivers for furniture moving. Smith's Transfer Co.

WANTED—First-class baker. 432 [illegible] St. Vrain.

DELIVERY boy. Out West Printing and Stationery Co.

WANTED—Boys to set pins, day work. Antlers Bowling Alleys.

WANTED MALE HELP.

COURT REPORTER

We can refer you to one who studied the Byrne shorthand under three months, going from the school room to court room, and holding the position two years. Taught at the Miller Shorthand College and Y. M. C. A.

TWO systems of shorthand are taught at the Central Business College; nothing flashy to offer. We open Sept. 4. Special rates. Investigate before entering elsewhere.

THE MILLER SHORTHAND COLLEGE does not offer special inducements; the inducement lies in the system taught. The Byrne shorthand adopted by Y. M. C. A. and taught in three months with greater speed.

TEAMSTER—with barn for Palmer's park. Call Sunday, No. 6 Willamette.

WANTED—At once, first-class teamster. Apply 306 DeGraff Bldg.

THE BYRNE SHORTHAND. Speed, accuracy, time.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

PRIVATE family cooks, good wages; second girls, nurses, second cook man; boarding house cooks; woman cook, private family for out of town; wages all right; general for out of town. Mrs. Rhind, DeGraff Bldg.

BRIGHT, energetic woman desiring outdoor employment, one who is here for health can do the work. Pleasant and profitable, guaranteed salary and commissions. Apply Box 81.

SECOND girl; also help with children; willing to go out of town; white. Call room 64, Postoffice Building, Saturday, between eleven and twelve.

GENERAL housework girl; willing to go out of town; white. Call room 64, Postoffice Building, Saturday, between eleven and twelve.

Good sewing machines for rent by week or month. J. F. Hooten Music Co., 11 N. Tejon St. Phone 485 B.

WANTED—Girl for institutional work, $25 per month. Apply Union Printers' Home.

WANTED—Girl for private family on ranch; good wages. Mrs. Hamp, 1612 Wood avenue.

LADIES desirous of securing light and pleasant employment at good salary can find same, addressing C-38, Gazette.

THOROUGHLY competent girl for general housework, good wages. 1607 N. Nevada.

UP-TO-DATE ladies to buy Peter Pan purses. The latest fad. Owl Book Store, 17½ N. Tejon.

Employment bureau, 204 DeGraff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Mrs. J. Rhind. Phone 862 B.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. Call 418 N. Nevada.

WANTED—A dishwasher at 118 E. Platte.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. 719 N. Nevada.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1418 N. Tejon.

COMPETENT girl for general housework. 215 East Del Norte St.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 319 Cheyenne Road; $25 per month.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must sleep at home. 111 E. Dale.

WANTED—A woman for cooking. Apply 321 E. Bijou St.

COMPETENT laundress to wash only; best wages. 529 E. Bijou. Phone 1032-B.

WAITRESS at Vienna Bakery, 124 North Tejon street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 3 Cheyenne road.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a family of two. 217 N. 16th street.

HEAD CHAMBERMAID wanted at Elk hotel.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Mrs. Emery, 1420 N. Nevada.

WANTED—Apprentice girl, tailor trade. 127 E. Kiowa St.

EXPERIENCED girl or woman for general housework. 412 E. Pike's Peak.

THE BYRNE SHORTHAND—Speed, accuracy, time.

WANTED—Experienced laundress; steady employment. 623 E. Willamette.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

GERMAN lady with perfect French and English; musician, a very good painter; desires position as lady companion or governess. Write to 921 Mulberry Ave., Canon City, Colo.

WANTED—By middle-aged lady, situation as housekeeper for elderly gentleman, or traveling companion to elderly lady going to Mexico for winter; best references given. Address this office at once—Jay Eye See.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper in rooming house, or will care for private house during winter months. Address C-34, Gazette.

WANTED—Position in good family as trained nurse or companion. Address Trained Nurse, 424 E. Ninth St., Leadville, Colo.

GIRL wants place in small family to do general housework; no washing or ironing. 540 E. Moreno.

WANTED—By middle aged woman, situation as cook without laundry work. Call 120 S. Nevada Ave.

FIRST-CLASS cook wants position private family; no washing. Mrs. Rhind, 204 DeGraff Bldg.

FIRST-CLASS dressmaker will go out by the day; reasonable. Address M. E., care Gazette.

WANTED—Washing, by experienced laundress. 628 East Willamette. Phone 1678-B.

WANTED—Washing to take home, or work of any kind by the day. Call Sunday afternoon. No. 10 East Mill St.

POSITION as teacher, governess or private pupils; references. Address Miss Phillips, 1120 Lincoln Ave., west side.

GIRL wants place in small family, general housework or second work, no washing. Call 514 S. El Paso.

WANTED—Home cooking in small family, moderate wages. C-50, Gazette.

LADY with boy, age 8, wants place as housekeeper. 831 N. Walnut.

WANTED—Washing, by day, or chamber work. Phone Red 1365.

WANTED—By seamstress, sewing in families; $4 per week. 319 E. Platte.

WANTED—Ladies' washing at home and day work. 117 E. Moreno. Phone Blk 581.

WANTED—General housework by competent colored lady. 514 Wahsatch Ave.

WANTED—AGENTS.

OUR WONDERFUL PREMIUM OFFER just out. Get next quick. We have greatest inducements ever offered agents. Write today for particulars. Davis Soap Works, 33 Union Park Place, Chicago.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ALL STEADY ADVERTISERS UNDER THIS HEADING ARE ENTITLED TO HAVE THEIR PLACE LISTED IN THE GAZETTE TOURIST BUREAU.

WANTED—Four people to occupy nice large room with board; cheap rates to permanent people for the winter. 321 E. Bijou St.

ROOMS with board, reasonable rates to steady boarders. Mrs. Hayden, 216 N. Weber.

BOARD and room, three blocks north postoffice, $25 and $22.50 per mo. C-47, Gazette.

RATES made by the week. The Halcyon, 220 N. Tejon St. Phone 632-B.

McGREGOR INN, 712 North Tejon Street, board and rooms.

ROOM and board. 207 Jefferson St., Colo. City.

THE LOCUST. Board and rooms. Mrs. Call. 27 W. Bijou. Phone Black 162.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board. Mrs. Walter A. Duhan, 117 N. Nevada.

BOARD and room, single or en suite. 300 N. Tejon. Phone 389-B.

ROOMS in modern house, with or without board. [illegible] N. Wahsatch.

WANTED—Boarders for the winter, good table board. 321 E. Bijou.

FOR RENT—RANCHES.

FOR RENT—Office rooms in Cheyenne Building, second floor. Apply at room 11.

FOR RENT RANCHES.

FOR RENT.
Ten-acre chicken ranch. Warner and Miller, 1012 Colorado avenue.

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS.

ROOMS cheap; private family; board if desired; rates permanent roomers. 219 N. Chestnut.

NICELY furnished front room, modern house; permanent; $10 per month. 112 S. Wahsatch.

MRS. J. CHEZUM, 535 E. Kiowa st., housekeeping rooms for rent; thirty sleeping rooms 15c and 25c.

THREE, five or seven rooms, furnished, housekeeping; first floor. 610 E. Boulder.

THE LAWTON—Elegant modern rooms; central location; free baths. 229 E. Kiowa.

NEWLY furnished rooms; with or without board; modern; winter rates. 416 N. Nevada.

DESIRABLE front room close in—first floor. Privilege housekeeping. 210 No. Corona.

FRONT room in private family; 600 north, near Tejon; to gentleman; $12 per mo. C-38, Gazette.

NEWLY furnished rooms, bath, electric light; three and four dollars per week. 111 East Huerfano St.

LARGE second story front room, southeast exposure; private family. Call 10 to 2. 1512 N. Tejon St.

ROOM—Pleasantly located, at entrance to Garden of Gods; very reasonable. L. Smith, 105 Ruby Ave., Colo. City.

TWO neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping, gas range. 621 E. Willamette.

FOR RENT—Front room; private residence. No. 1111 Washington Ave., west side.

2 FURNISHED rooms; no children; private family. 516 N. Cascade. Tel. Black 32.

TWO furnished rooms, heat, light, bath. 214 S. Weber.

ROOMS for light housekeeping. 24 N. Weber St.

SLEEPING or housekeeping rooms, cheap for the winter. 329 E. Cucharas.

ROOMS in handsome home; winter rates to permanent people. 615 North Tejon.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms; reasonable; also house tent, $2. 316 N. Nevada.

LARGE fine rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished. 306 E. Costilla St.

FURNISHED rooms; modern conveniences. 325 North Weber.

MODERN furnished rooms, close in; excellent view. Phone 354-B. 130 North Tejon.

CALL at 724 North Corona street. Well furnished, terms reasonable; use piano.

ONE or two rooms for housekeeping. 444 E. Kiowa.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, furnished. Inquire Oliver Jones, Colo. Spgs. Laundry.

FOR RENT—Two front rooms, nicely furnished. 406 S. Nevada.

NICELY furnished front rooms, transient or permanent. Court Place, 127 S. Tejon.

MODERN, fine location, close in, block west of Cascade. 15 West View Place.

THREE modern furnished rooms, second floor; one first floor. 316 East Platte.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Secondhand Remington typewriter; must be late model, in good condition and cheap for cash. Address P. O. Box X, city.

HAND washing, hand ironing, all work satisfactory. Yee Sam laundry, 106 N. Nevada.

WANTED—A twelve gauge hammerless shotgun; state price and make. Address Gazette, C-37.

WANTED—Two or three boarders, nice, quiet home; excellent table. Phone Red 153.

HIGH price paid for gent's clothes and shoes. Phone 628. 3 N. Huerfano.

ANTLERS TURKISH BATHS,
11 E. Bijou St.

CASH paid for men's clothing. Write or call 13½ E. Huerfano St.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

FOR RENT—Good piano and sewing machine, very reasonable to responsible parties. 328 East Yampa street.

$110 BUSH & GERTS piano, as good as new, $725, cash or time payments. 11 N. Tejon.

TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSES

3-ROOM flat, furnished, with bath, electric lights and gas for cooking; no invalids. Phone 674-B.

FURNISHED four-room cottage; gas range; one block from Wahsatch car line. 1616 Del Norte Court.

MODERN cottage, furnished, five rooms, $15. 1628 Del Norte Court.

4-ROOM furnished house for light housekeeping; rent $15 per month. 313 N. Pitkin.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call between 10 and 12 a. m. 16-18-20 W. Vermijo St.

ATTRACTIVE modern cottage, 6 rooms. Inquire 821 N. Corona, before 10:30 a. m.

FOR RENT—Six-room house, modern. Inquire 128 East Las Animas.

NEAT, clean furnished two-room house. Inquire 225 South Tejon, side door.

SIX rooms, modern, large and shady grounds, Nob Hill. Phone Main 901.

EIGHT large sunny rooms, modern, close in. 36 W. Bijou. Phone Main 301.

FIVE-ROOM modern cottage to careful adults, 8 months—close. Gaz., C-49.

FOR RENT—Eight-room modern house, furnished. Call 323 N. Tejon St.

FOR RENT—Furnished 4-roomed cottage, $10. 620 E. Monument St.

TO RENT—A large 3-room cottage, furnished; clean. 1011 N. Wahsatch.

NINE-ROOM house; modern; Broadmoor. Phone owner, 751 Black.

4-ROOM modern furnished flat; balcony; gas range, $25. 2016 North Tejon.

HOUSE with tent, piano, cow if desired. $15. 212 Cheyenne Boulevard.

FURNISHED four-room cottage, with bath. Inquire 217 N. Corona; cheap.

FOR RENT—7-room modern house, furnished or unfurnished. 320 North Tejon.

3 3-ROOM cottages, furnished. 315 W. Kiowa.

FOR RENT UNFUR. HOUSES.

6 ROOMS, modern, north end, $18 per month.

6 rooms, modern, north end, $25 per month.

5 rooms, modern, north end, $16 per month.

MATTHEW KENNEDY,
113 E. Kiowa St.

FOR RENT—Nearly new cottage of four rooms and bath, range and shades; barn and large lot.
THE HASTINGS ALLEN REALTY AND BUILDING CO.,
22 N. Tejon.

FOR RENT—Four-room modern cottage in the north end. Call at 1514 N. El Paso St. Tel. 1622.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house, unfurnished, on North Nevada Ave. Apply 1520 North Nevada.

6-ROOM house; bath; full lot; sheds; furnace; electric lights. Key at 318 E. Yampa St.

NEW modern 5-room cottage, Ivywild, $20 per month. Call 21½ Pike's Peak.

FOUR-ROOM flat, furnished or unfurnished, on ground floor. 131 N. Weber.

FOR RENT—7-room, modern cottage, new furnace, Majestic range. 915 N. Corona.

FOR RENT—Three-room cottage, cheap. 420½ East St. Vrain street.

7 Beverly Place, new 6-r., mod., $25.00; 12 Boulder Court, new 6-r., mod., $22.00.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—One large store room in Majestic block, Bijou St. $85 per month. Phone 1061-B.

INEZ M. BANGHART, public stenographer. Room 21 El Paso Bank Building; rates reasonable.

STORE, Colo. Ave., Colo. City; Temperance Block. Inquire 821 Corona St., before 10:30 a. m.

FOR RENT—Stable for five horses, cheap. 546 E. Cimarron street.

CHICAGO PORTABLE HOUSE CO. Telephone 890-A.; 104 W. Huerfano.

LAWN mowers sharpened, repaired and adjusted. E. H. Morse, 111 E. Huerfano.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BEST FISHING IN COLORADO.
Good [illegible] hotel. Colorado Springs references. Write for terms. Rifle Falls Ranch. A. L. Zerbe, Prop., Rifle, Colo.

LOST.

LOST or strayed, a good-sized bull terrier; disappeared Thursday morning. A liberal reward will be given for the return or any information that will lead to his return. John G. Shields, 1530 North Cascade avenue.

LOST—Pavilion Prospect swimming pool, Knight Templar charm. Reward. Return to Gazette or address W. H. Thompson, Garden City, Kansas.

LOST—A gold wedding ring, engraved W. S. to Bertha, Sept. 24th, 1896; reward if returned to the Ormonde, 19-a South Cascade.

LOST—Book containing passes, J. L. Martin, Dallas, Texas, marked inside book; suitable reward for returning to 431 S. Weber St.

LOST—Small black pocketbook containing $2 in change, meal ticket and pocket knife. Leave at Gazette.

LOST—Diamond ring, ½ carat; liberal reward for returning to A. G. Croft, 21 South Tejon.

AT ANTLERS hotel, Saturday, lady's umbrella, silver handle, A. T. F. engraved in old English. Return to 6 Boulder Crescent. Reward.

LOST—Tortoise shell side comb, pearl and gold decorations. Reward. 1712 N. Cascade.

LOST—White applique on Tejon street, between Kaufman's and Giddings'. Finder please return to Gazette office.

LOST—Money by not buying and exchanging books at McCauley's, 124 E. Cucharas St. 10,000 books in stock.

LOST—A sales book. Return and get reward. H-42 on back. C. S. Packing Co.

LOST—Imperial chainless bicycle. C. E. Taylor, 107 N. Tejon St.

EXPOSED Eastman film on Manitou car. Saturday p. m. Reward. 1631 Colo. Ave.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE STAR LOAN CO.

ROOM 25, FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
—PHONE 878-A.—
$ DO YOU NEED MONEY $
Have you regular employment in any respectable business
—Then See Us—
The oldest and most reliable
Discount if paid before due. All business confidential. Every business courtesy extended.

MONEY TO LOAN at 5 and 6 per cent; NO DELAY.
Insurance written in companies of undisputed financial standing.
W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Tel. 476-A. 27 N. Tejon St.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,000 on good real estate security; lowest rates; will loan $1,000 if desired. Call mornings, 9 o'clock.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

IF YOU want to borrow or loan money, see us at once. The Morath Investment Co., 26 and 27 Exchange Bank Bldg.

REAL ESTATE loans on city or ranch property at reasonable rates. C. M. Lasater, 213 Mining Exchange Bldg.

MONEY loaned on chattels at low interest. Terms to suit. Davison & Co., 116 E. Pike's Peak.

CHATTEL AND SALARY LOANS AT LOW RATES AND EASY PAYMENTS. 303 COLO. BLDG., PHONE 471-B.

TO TRADE.

WANTED—Grocery stock. We have a four-room cottage to trade, new, good shape, good lot. BLACK & STECKEL, Rooms 15 and 16 P. O. Bldg. Phone 212.

TO EXCHANGE.
Good residence at Iola, Kas., Allen county, for residence here. See Warner & Miller, 1012 Colo. Ave.

FOR TRADE—2 pairs of squab-breeding pigeons, some homers, all good breeding. Phone Red 1374.

TO TRADE—A lot in Rustic Home addition, $150, for grocery. See Warner and Miller, 1012 Colorado avenue.

WILL GIVE someone good trade for horse or horse and buggy, or team and surrey. Box 1052, city.

LOT in Colo. City for piano. Phone Red 153.

INSURANCE.

FIRE insurance written in the reliable Alliance Assurance Co., of London. A company with a surplus of over $11,000, [illegible] and total assets of [illegible].
HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY AND BUILDING CO,
22 N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS

BIG TIRE SALE
Just received direct from the factory, 300 fresh stock tires. See us for lowest prices in city. All tires guaranteed. We sell no junk tires of questionable quality. Defective tires repaired at store without delay.

STRATTON & READE, 119 E. Huerfano.

FOR SALE—Navajo blankets and leather souvenirs at cost. 10,000 books for sale or exchange. Largest 5-cent school tablet in the city. Dictionaries in all languages, at McCauley's Old Book Store, 124 E. Cucharas St., Opp. court house.

A BIG CUT
In tents, tent flies and camping outfits; also household goods and furniture, at
DASHWOOD'S,
16 E. Huerfano. Phone 7 [illegible]

2 BUILDINGS, good as new; one suitable for store; one room 14x25, and three large rooms, one 4 rooms. Inquire P. C. Winne, 104 N. Park place.

FOR SALE.
Good National cash register. Warner and Miller, 1012 Colorado avenue.

FOR SALE—1 velour bed davenport couch, cost $35; will take $12.50; also office rug, Brussels, 6x10 feet, $6. 1227 No. Prospect street.

FOR SALE—150 boxes "Matchless" writing paper, 1 quire good linen paper at 25c per box. A. R. Paris, druggist, 22 N. Tejon. Phone Main 872.

FOR SALE—$22.50 go-cart, in excellent condition, at less than half price. 1116 Arcadia Place.

LARGE size Wose piano; oak case; cost, new, $450; will sell for $[illegible] on payments. [illegible] N. Tejon.

ROOMING house, 111 East Huerfano; newly furnished; bath, electric light. Rent paid until October first. Price $[illegible].

FOR SALE—Male fox terrier eight months old, house broke. Apply 319 North Weber street.

FOR SALE—Fine, healthy family cow, Holstein and Jersey, $35.00. 15 Lake avenue, Broadmoor.

HOUSEHOLD furniture and chickens. A bargain if taken at once. 1728 A. [illegible] avenue.

FOR SALE—Pneumatic tire runabout, cheap; surrey and baby's go cart. 330 E. Boulder.

MIRRORS resilvered or replaced; references; prices reasonable. Phone Red 442. 3 N. Wahsatch.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1 pigeon house and 4 Runts pigeons and graphophone. 322 W. Kiowa. E. V. Elliott.

SECOND-HAND organs, any kind you want, from $5 to $25. J. F. Hooten Music Co., 11 N. Tejon.

FOR SALE—Gentleman's Dayton coaster brake wheel at sacrifice. Call early this morning at 1118 N. Royer St.

SELL at bargain, set Balzac novels, 32 volumes. Box 1052, city.

SELL at bargain, Oliver typewriter, or lease. Box 1052, city.

ANTLERS TURKISH BATHS,
11 E. Bijou St.

FOR SALE—Three-year-old Swiss Holstein milk cow. 818 S. Cascade.

FOR SALE—An Angelus, in good condition, at the Golf club, El Paso and Columbia Sts.

FOR SALE—Boy's bicycle, Rugby, coaster brake. Apply at 9 E. Dale.

FOR SALE—Cigar case. The Robinson Drug Co., the Busy Corner.

PIANO for sale cheap. 219 Colo. Ave., Colo. City.

FINE organ; sweet tone; only $35.00; easy payments. 11 N. Tejon.

FOR SALE—Old papers, 25c per hundred papers at Gazette office.

TENTS for sale cheap.
18 Boulder Crescent.

SPRING chickens, fryers and broilers, for sale. 715 North Corona. Call evenings.

TENT 8x10, with floor and fly, $10. 927 South Nevada.

ONE new camping tent for sale cheap. 219 W. Bijou.

FOR SALE—34 good pigeons, cheap. Apply 219 W. Bijou St.

NEW Eastman kodak cheap; also Smith & Wesson revolver. 4 E. Willamette.

FOR SALE—A Jersey cow. 1601 N. Nevada.

PIANO (vocal) music, 2d hand, 5c to 10c pt, per doz, by mail. Address C-106, Gazette.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

A GREAT SNAP IN A MODERN HOME.

Nine large rooms, reception hall, fully supplied with large closets, large pantries, best of porcelain bath and nickel plumbing, heated by hot water, 50x190 feet of ground, good barn as large as needed.

We want you to call and get price, it will satisfy you.

Another Snap—Close to Colorado college, seven large rooms and reception hall, good-sized south front lot, beautiful shade and lawn; our price is $4,700, but the owner says get an offer.

$1,650—We can sell you a good six-room house, with bath, range and lights, not far out, only two blocks from car line; no railroads to cross, south front lot.

$1,550—A neat five-room cottage, barn, block from car line, six blocks from business; electric lights, sewer connection, large barn, very large lot. Might sell on easy terms.

$900—The cheapest $900 property in town; four good rooms, water inside, good-sized lot fronting south, two blocks from car line. Would sell on easy terms.

C. E. TYLER & CO.

17 North Tejon. Phone 485-A.

A NICE OLD

KENTUCKY HOME

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR COLORADO SPRINGS REAL ESTATE OR MDSE.

120 acres, house, barn, apple and peach orchard, bluegrass pasture, nice timber and bottom farming lands, clear of all incumbrance. Price $2,400. In Grayson Co., 8 miles from Leitchfield, the county seat of Grayson county and 2 miles from Shreasbury.

E. HIBBARD WITHERELL,
The Land Man,
No. 23 Exchange Nat. Bank Bldg.

J. L. SCHAEFER

Real Estate, Investments, Rents, Loans and Insurance.

Rooms 11 and 12, No. 112 E. Pike's Peak.

$6,000—8-room, modern house, on Wood avenue.

$6,800—12-room, modern house on North Weber, close in.

$5,000—8-room, modern house, close in.

$6,300—300-acre ranch at Rocky Ford, under irrigation, 200 apple trees, 200 cherry trees, 100 peach trees, sugar beets and alfalfa; 200 head of cattle, 2000 acres leased land for pasture; station at ranch; beet dump four miles from sugar factory.

$1,200—4-room cottage, shade, lot 250x130, $... down, balance $10 per month, and interest, on Nevada avenue.

$2,500—6-room, modern, new house, except heat; lot 50x190.

$1,100—4-room cottage, lot 50x190, $300 cash, balance $10 and interest.

A ... 10 acres, under irrigation.

Money for chattel loans.

FOR SALE

JOINING THE CITY LIMITS.

A few choice small tracts of land suitable for gardening.

Just the place for chicken ranches.

Good soil.

Good view of city and mountains.

City water at the line.

Price $100 per acre and up.

Less than half the price of other land joining the city.

C. E. TYLER & CO.

17 N. Tejon. Phone 485.

FOR SALE 5-apartment house, 131 N. Weber, will be sold at a great bargain and on easy terms on account of owner's health. It has always earned large per cent of value. A reasonable offer will not be refused. Address B-433, Gazette office.

I WILL SELL MY BEAUTIFUL HOME IN IVYWILD AT A BARGAIN, AS I AM LEAVING THE STATE.
H. C. SHIMP,
ROOM 34, P. O. BUILDING.

A SACRIFICE.

Only $1,250 for a six-room and two-room house, both furnished and on beautiful shady lot, in N. E. section, less than 10 minutes to North park. Only a few hundred cash needed. Call immediately, 706 E. Boulder. It must be sold.

FOR SALE—I am the owner of a modern six-room house; if you want to buy a nice property for a home it will be to your advantage to see me. This property may not be advertised again. Inquire Room 28, P. O. Bldg.

FOR SALE—By owner, a shingled 4-room cottage, with bath, range, cellar, barn, garden and lawn. One block from car line near Golden Cycle smelter. Part on time. Inquire at once at 1627 Grant avenue.

BY owner, suburban home of four acres, close in; six-roomed house, partly modern; abundant water for all purposes, suitable for orchard, garden or poultry raising; cost $4,500; will take less. Box 1001, city.

BARGAIN IN KNOB HILL PROPERTY. Choice corner lot, 75x150, on main St., with 2-room house, only $1,000 if taken at once.

MATTHEW KENNEDY,
113 E. Kiowa St.

FOR SALE—Six-room house, modern but heat, on Lincoln avenue, close to Washington school, $1,250. See Warner and Miller, 1012 Colorado avenue.

ATTRACTIVE residence, 6 rooms; stone building in Colo. City; Wood Ave. lots; fine ranch forest; fine spring; well built houses, stables; suitable for pasture and farming. By owner, 821 North Corona.

FOR SALE 6-room cottage, bath, etc., full lot, ½ block from car line, West Colo. Springs; 3 blocks from Postal station. Call or address 7½ S. Cascade Ave.

FOR SALE—$2,000 will buy seven-room modern house, except heat, on Colorado avenue; $500 cash, balance same as rent. Warner-Miller, 1012 Colo. Ave.

BEAUTIFUL Manitou choice investment offer; twenty desirable Manitou residence lots, only hundred dollars each. Thos. Manitou, 67-B, Sandford.

FINE lot near Steele school, at a great bargain and easy terms. Inquire 420 East St. Vrain street.

FOR SALE—Mountain ranch with 90 head of whiteface cattle; would take some trade. Address C-24, Gazette.

FOR SALE—Price reduced, an 8-room modern house on full sized lot; fine location; near college. 1120 N. Tejon St.

ANTLERS TURKISH BATHS
... E. Bijou St.

600 ACRES ... irrigated land. Will sell in small tracts ... purchaser. D. H. Holt ...

FOR SALE ... dwelling combined. Inquire ...

HOUSE of seven rooms, bath, furnace, electricity ...

$4,500—A nine-room house close in; lot 83x...; a bargain. Owner, Box 1121.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

YOU SELECT YOUR LOT

WE will build you a house to your order. You can pay for house and lot on small monthly payments.

LET US SHOW YOU.

Our new addition in the northeast section of town, on the Palmer Park boulevard, has the most beautiful spot in Colorado Springs, with its broad, well graded streets, wide parkings, over 200 trees planted; six new bungalows built and building costing from $1,200 to $2,500 each. We platted this piece of ground last February and it is proving the most popular and attractive property we have ever handled.

WE ARE BUILDING

Attractive cottages that will be for sale on small monthly payments.

WE HAVE READY

For occupancy the following list of cottages that can be bought for—

$75 DOWN, $10 PER MONTH.

A new cottage just finished; has four rooms, finished with waxed mission stain and natural white pine; has leaded art glass windows, window seat, polished floors, plate rack, etc.

$50 DOWN, $9 PER MONTH

pays for a cottage of four rooms, bath, cellar, electric lights and barn. This cottage is nearly new, newly painted and papered; close in, on car line.

$50 DOWN, $8 PER MONTH

pays for a nearly new cottage of five large rooms and cellar, on corner lot.

$20 DOWN, $5 PER MONTH

for a good cottage of two rooms.

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY AND BUILDING CO.

22 N. Tejon.

J. L. FRANKLIN & CO.,

116 E. Pike Peak Ave. Phone 157-B.

RANCH LANDS.

1,000 acres 12 miles from Colo. Springs; running water all year around; fine reservoir site; house and barns; fine crops of corn, oats and wheat. This ranch is all fenced and cross-fenced and the price is only $12 per acre.

960 acres, only 8 miles from Colo. Spgs.; all fenced and cross-fenced; one mile of running water; several springs; 6-room house and barn, some alfalfa, crops of corn, oats and barley; with the building of a dam there could be from 150 to 200 acres irrigated. This ranch can be sold for the very low price of $10 per acre.

212 acres of deeded land and 240 leased land; all fenced. There is 84 head of cattle, 7 horses, 8 hogs, about 150 chickens. There are 30 acres of oats, 40 acres of corn; 6-r. house, barn for six horses and 24 cows. All the farming tools, crops and all go for $4,500 cash. There is an abundance of spring water and running stock water all the year; a reservoir partly built, when finished, will irrigate about 40 acres. We could take a house and lot for part pay on a cash basis; only 12 miles out.

600 acres deeded, with some leased land; all fenced and cross fenced; two sets of improvements; spring water; running water, reservoir and a windmill at one house, with storage tank; good house and barn; about 150 acres cultivated; all fenced. There is some alfalfa on this place and some wild hay. This place is cheap at $5,000, or you can get the cattle, horses and crops and chickens for $1,400 more. Only 16 miles from Colo. Springs.

$2,100.

320 acres, all fenced and cross fenced; house, barn and windmill; 11 miles from town and the price is only $2,100 for 320 acres; about 40 acres under cultivation.

We have some snaps in homes in the city; you should see them.

FOR SALE

IRRIGATED LAND

In northern Colorado, where water is plenty and immense crops are raised every year. We have a tract of 2,800 acres of choice land which we can sell or trade; 500 or more acres of this land is in a good state of cultivation, and a crop of sugar beets and other grain is now growing; a small town and a sugar beet dump is on the ground; the cultivated ground rents readily at $10 per acre; this is twenty per cent on the purchase price. Here is a tract of land that should sell at $100 per acre, but we can sell or trade at only $50 per acre. This is something worth having.

C. E. TYLER & CO.

17 N. Tejon. Phone 485-A.

RANCH BARGAINS

...-acre fine mountain ranch, 40 acres under ditch, cuts 80 to 90 tons hay; good improvements; 100 head cattle. This place can be handled for $1,000 cash, balance at 7 per cent.

...-acre ranch east of Colo. Springs; about 100 acres broken, 80 acres bottom land, good improvements, with 30 head cattle, horses, farming implements, etc. Price for all only $...

A BIG SNAP—160 acres of land, S. W. of Calhan; all fenced, $7.00 per acre to a quick buyer.

The best improved quarter section of land in El Paso county; 80 acres in crops; fine buildings; improvements cost $2,500; lot of farming implements, stock, etc., goes with the place. All for $5,000.

THE MORATH INVESTMENT CO.,
26 and 27 Exchange Bank Block.
Established nearly a quarter of a century.

FINE TEXAS LANDS

...acres of land located in the south plains, all under good fence, good house, barns, corrals and windmills, about 20,000 acres of this smooth agricultural land. Price $5 per acre, 1-3 cash, balance terms.

10,000 acres at $6 per acre.

17,512 acres at $5.50 per acre.

7,200 acres at $4 per acre.

2,500 acres at $... per acre.

The above lands are as good as any ... offered to you at $10 to $... per acre.

J. L. FRANKLIN & CO.

116 E. Pike's Peak Ave. ...

FOR SALE

Eight room house, hot and cold water, connected with sewer; $... cash, balance same as rent ... Warner and Miller ...

FOR SALE ... eight room house ... Barnes ...

SNAP ... cottage ... north end ... Gazette.

ROOM ... N ...

4-ROOM cottage, at cost; monthly payments, $13 th's. No. 1610 Lincoln Ave.

TEXAS

TEXAS

PAN HANDLE FARM LANDS

EVERY ACRE CAN BE FARMED. ABSOLUTELY NO WASTE LANDS.

ONE CROP WILL COVER ALL EXPENSES AND PAY FOR THE LAND IN ONE SEASON.

I have in Swisher county, Texas, 2,500 acres of first class farm lands, 8 miles from the railroad and a good town. Adjoining this land they raise large fields of wheat that averages 40 bushels to the acre. Alfalfa as rank and good a crop as you will find on irrigated land; no irrigation required in this country. This 2,500 acres of land is all level and every acre of it farm land; good house, corrals, windmills, tanks, 80 acres under cultivation, fenced. Price only $8.75 per acre if sold as a whole. REMEMBER YOU ARE NOT BUYING THIS LAND OF AN AGENT, YOU ARE BUYING OF THE OWNER DIRECT AND YOU ARE GETTING IN ON THE GROUND FLOOR.

We also have lands that we can sell you in 640-acre tracts; all tillable, in good neighborhood, from $10.00 to $12.00 per acre, one half down, ten years time at 6 per cent. WE WILL SAY WITHOUT FEAR OF SUCCESSFUL CONTRADICTION THAT THERE IS NOWHERE IN THE UNITED STATES THE OPPORTUNITY TO ACQUIRE A HOME OR BUY FOR A MATTER OF INVESTMENT AS THE PAN-HANDLE TODAY.

WITH THE IMMIGRATION TO THIS COUNTRY AND THE IMPROVEMENTS THAT ARE GOING INTO THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY WILL MAKE THIS LAND WORTH $25.00 PER ACRE WITHIN THREE YEARS. GOVERNMENT REPORT ON THE RAINFALL AVERAGES 24 INCHES FOR THE LAST ELEVEN YEARS. SPLENDID WATER, NO BETTER CLIMATE IN THE WORLD.

Leaving Colorado Springs at 2:30 p. m. you are at Canyon City at 5 o'clock the next morning, round trip ticket good for twenty-one days, only $15.00. Excursion days every first and third Tuesday of each month.

COME GO DOWN WITH ME ON THE 4TH OF SEPTEMBER. DROP IN AND SEE ME.

I WILL BE IN MY OFFICE MONDAY, SEPT. 3

E. HIBBARD WITHERELL,

THE LAND MAN. 23 EXCHANGE BANK BUILDING.

THREE GREAT SNAPS IN IRRIGATED LAND

FOR ONLY TEN DOLLARS PER ACRE

WE HAVE THREE TRACTS OF LAND IN THE BEST PART OF THE SAN LUIS VALLEY. ONE TRACT CONSISTS OF 160 ACRES, ONE OF 320 ACRES, AND ONE OF 460 ACRES.

THESE PLACES ARE ALL FENCED, HAVE SOME IMPROVEMENTS AND THE SOIL IS AS GOOD AS THERE IS IN THE STATE.

EACH 160-ACRE TRACT HAS TWO SHARES OF WATER DEEDED FROM THE FARMERS UNION DITCH, WHICH IS AMPLE WATER FOR IRRIGATION.

ARTESIAN WELLS ON EACH QUARTER SECTION. YOU CAN BUY THESE TRACTS DURING THE NEXT WEEK FOR ONLY TEN DOLLARS PER ACRE ON EASY TERMS.

WHY NOT JOIN US IN OUR NEXT EXCURSION AND LOOK THIS PROPOSITION OVER. WE HAVE BEEN TAKING A SPECIALLY CONDUCTED PARTY TO THE VALLEY EVERY WEEK, AND WE GET YOU VERY LOW RATES FOR THE ROUND TRIP.

THE SAN LUIS VALLEY HAS TAKEN MORE PREMIUMS IN WHEAT, OATS, POTATOES, BARLEY AND ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES THAN ANY OTHER SECTION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO. LAND ADJOINING THE THREE TRACTS DESCRIBED ABOVE, THAT IS DEVELOPED AND CULTIVATED, IS SELLING FOR $40 AND $50 PER ACRE.

THESE PROPOSITIONS WILL BEAR THE CLOSEST INVESTIGATION. YOU NEVER HAD A CHANCE TO BUY IRRIGATED LAND AT TEN DOLLARS PER ACRE BEFORE, AND THE OPPORTUNITY MAY NOT COME AGAIN.

CALL AT OUR OFFICE FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

THE SAN LUIS VALLEY HAS THE BEST IRRIGATED LAND IN COLORADO AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

YATES & McCLAIN

THE HUSTLING LAND FIRM

15, 16, 17, 18, 18 1-2 EL PASO BLG.

PHONE MAIN 270

WANTED ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOM and board for gentleman and wife in private family, where there are no consumptives. Manitou preferred; state price and location. G. W. L., 826 E. St. Vrain.

CLAIRVOYANT

MRS. HENDRICKS, clairvoyant, readings daily. Ruxton Ave., Manitou. See sign at tent.

MRS. SAMPSON—Spiritual meeting tonight, assisted by Dr. Riker, divine healer, 122½ E. Pike's Peak, Barnes Bldg.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 2. 28 S. Nevada.

MUSICAL.

PIANO INSTRUCTION by Sam T. Swinton, N. E. Conservatory, New York. Present address, General Delivery. Will call at your request.

GET your piano tuned by W. J. Patterson. All work guaranteed. Bird Piano company, 17 N. Tejon. Phone 485-B.

FOR RENT—OFFICES.

FOR RENT—Office rooms in Cheyenne Building, second floor. Apply at ... Monroe st., Colorado City.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. J. W. PAULY and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., under founder of Osteopathy. 201-3 De Graff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Phones Red 1272, Res. 888. Best equipped office; best of service.

DR. E. E. CONWAY, Osteopathic Physician; oldest established practice in city. Suite 6, El Paso Bank Bldg. Examination free. Office phone, Red 1252; Res. phone, Red 1212.

FOR SALE—RANCHES.

LAND that is cheaper than rent or leasing and increasing should be worth investigating. $1.75 per acre; 1-10 down, 10 years' credit.

UNION PACIFIC LAND AGENCY,
1025 17th St., Denver, Colorado.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK.

WHITE LEGHORNS FOR SALE. 1108 Colorado avenue.

MEDICAL.

NEW YORK DOCTORS

SPECIALISTS

In chronic diseases of men, women and children; thoroughly equipped office, 204-5-10 Colorado Bldg.

FOR SALE FURNITURE.

HOUSE No. 9 Colorado Ave., Colorado City, will continue the sale of household furniture Monday, the 3d; carpets and bedroom sets.

FURNITURE of four-room house; can rent house cheap. Bragdon, 121 E. Kiowa.

FOR SALE New sanitary couch, brass cot, bedding. Call mornings. 125 N. Weber.

NEARLY new furniture for sale cheap. 312 North Prospect.

PARLOR, dining room, kitchen and bedroom furniture. 121 E. Kiowa St.

FURNITURE for sale. Call 1204 N. Weber.

FOR SALE Flat top oak desk, $15; organ $15; bookcase, $8. 226 E. St. Vrain.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.

OUR Twentieth Century method of cleaning and pressing clothes assures you a clean cut, up-to-date appearance. Your suit should receive the same detailed care as your linen.—The Pantatorium, 17 E. Bijou. Phone 523-A.

AUTOMOBILES.

FOR RENT—Four cylinder auto, with ... 11 N. Tejon.

LOTS IN LAKE PARK ADDITION

$1.00 DOWN, AND $1.00 PER WEEK

PRICES RANGE FROM $275 TO $450

CEMENT WALKS, CITY WATER, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, TELEPHONE, PROSPECT LAKE CAR LINE. ALL THESE MODERN CONVENIENCES ON THE GROUND. WE OFFER THE ABOVE TERMS TO THOSE WHO WOULD PREFER THIS TO THE MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN. TAKE A PROSPECT LAKE CAR AND GO YOURSELF, OR COME TO THE OFFICE AND WE WILL GO WITH YOU.

WE WILL OFFER SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO ANYONE CONTEMPLATING BUILDING IMMEDIATELY

SEE

THE STATE REALTY COMPANY

8 E. PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

OWNERS

OSTEOPATH

DR. HARRIMAN, SIX YEARS IN COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO. BEST EQUIPPED OFFICE FOR OSTEOPATHIC WORK IN THE WEST—ONE BODY DRY HOT AIR BAKE FOR RHEUMATISM.

ONE ELECTRIC LIGHT CABINET BATH for kidney troubles and any disease demanding elimination.

ONE ELECTRIC WATER BATH.

Nothing better than having water charged with faradic current for nervousness. One steam box for dry or tough skin, or to bleach same. Any kind of baths given with or without osteopathic work. Ladies' hours: 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. Men's hours: 1 p. m. to 12 p. m. Best of references furnished at office. 124 South Tejon St., etc. Rooms 16 to 20, Davis Bldg. Phone Black 422.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE

NORTON INVESTMENT CO.
Members Colorado State Commercial Association.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance and Investments.
Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

We handle all kinds of high class investment securities.

If you have any money to invest consult us.

Put Your Money to Work.

COST OVER $4,000.

North Tejon St.—7 rooms, fully modern, cement basement and gas, corner lot. Quick sale for $3...

FINE HOME.

10 rooms, strictly modern, hot water heat, gas, front and back stairway, every convenience, corner lot, large shade trees, very close in, north, best location; suitable for doctor's office as well as residence; could not be replaced today for $12,000. Owner leaving city. Price $10,000.

TAKE OUR ADVICE.

Buy and improve a tract of ground containing about one acre, suitable for building 4 to 6-room modern cottages, that will pay you a good and certain rate of interest on your investment, to say nothing of the increase in value. Only five blocks north. These cottages are in demand now. We can sell this property and make you money. Come and see us for further particulars.

A PRETTY HOME.

5 rooms, new, modern, porcelain bath, nickel plumbing, stationary tubs, corner lot, thoroughly well built. A few hundred dollars will handle it, maybe less. Must sell.

SNAP.

4 rooms, modern, northeast, 2 blocks from car, large lot, barn, sightly location; $50 down, balance monthly.

A nice home of six rooms, good location, large lot, barn, north. Must sell; part cash. Only $1,200.

Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

FOR SALE.

A FEW OF OUR BARGAINS.

$10,000—10-room strictly modern house in Ivywild; 6 bedrooms, bath, toilet, hot water heat, electric lights, 3 grates and mantels, range, laundry trays, one and one-half acres of ground, fine lawn and trees, cement walks and gutters; creek runs through the property. An ideal place for anyone.

6,500—7-room house in Ivywild; 4 bedrooms, bath, toilet, furnace heat, electric lights, full basement; tent; 150x600 ft.

2,000—7-room modern house, north; 3 bedrooms, bath, toilet, furnace heat, electric lights, full basement; $100 down, balance just like paying rent.

We have great big snaps for sale or trade. Come in and see for yourself.

THE SUN REALTY CO.,
2½ N. Tejon St.
Frank Cotten, Pres. J. F. Thomas, V. P.
N. W. Terrill, Treas. R. J. Garlick, Sec.

5-ROOM modern cottage; electric lights, bath, hot and cold water; good cellar; ... cash, balance same as rent. Warner & Miller, 1012 Colo. Ave.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

BARGAIN—2 small houses, $700; rent for $12; $50 cash. Bal. on time. Address Geo. Knight, Colo. Springs.

MY residence cheap; on very small monthly payments. Investigate. No. 7.. E. Huerfano.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE.

600-acre ranch in Elbert county; fine improvements and a fine stock ranch. Will exchange for land in lower altitude.

400-acre ranch, close to Colorado Springs; fine 7-room house; 70 acres in cultivation; extra good pasture. Windmill and good well. A bargain at $6,000. Will exchange for eastern Kansas land.

A fine residence property close in; valued at $7,000; house has 8 rooms and fully modern; full sized lot. Will sell for $4,250 if taken soon. Terms, $1,250 in cash and balance can run any length of time at 7 per cent.

An 8-room house; lot 50x190; another small cottage on same lot; rental income $15 per month. Will sell for $1,800 on easy payments. This property is well located for street car men and Short Line employes.

A good 4-room cottage, northeast; lot 50x100. Can sell on straight payments of $10 each.

A small cottage of 3 rooms; lot 50x100; for sale at $550 on straight payments of $10 per month.

We have a fine list of properties which we can offer for sale this week at very low prices.

We make a specialty of exchanges. If you have anything you wish to exchange for city or ranch property or eastern land it will pay you to call on us.

WE MAKE LOANS AND WRITE FIRE INSURANCE. CALL IF YOU ARE IN NEED.

A. P. MARTIN & CO.,
Successors to Hoover & Martin.
Phone 394. 126 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

ONE of the best businesses in Colorado Springs, owner must leave this altitude, mechanical business, protected by U. S. patents; will sell or take partner who can apply time to full charge of business or would exchange part for good income property. Address Box 404, Manitou, Colo.

TWO finely located lots, Highlands, Denver. Sell or trade small Springs property. Address C-51, Gazette.

CLOSE IN 4-room cottage home, on good lot; barn. Sell cheap or trade for land. Call 325 S. El Paso.

NEW express wagon and harness; good, gentle horse. Call 704 Arlington.

PERSONAL.

FREE—YOUR FORTUNE TOLD; future and past revealed, surprising by America's Eminent Philosopher, Astrologist Clairvoyant, ST. JOHN, 12 Sheldon St., Chicago. Send birth date and stamp. KNOW THYSELF.

GET your parasols covered and repaired by F. H. Morse, 111 E. Huerfano St.

PROFESSIONAL.

FREE FACE MASSAGE every afternoon from 2 to 5, this week only. Mrs. Anna Path..., 41 ... Phone ... 304.

BUSINESS CHANCES

BUSINESS CHANCES

Restaurant, an established, paying business; receipts $25 a day; owner obliged to sell at sacrifice, $200.

Grocery and market doing a business of $30 to $35 a day at a good profit. Price $500.

Bakery and lunch room. Here is a business that will clear from $3,000 to $5,000 annually. Offered owing to ill health. About $2,500 will handle it.

Confectionery, cigar and fruit at the best in the city. Price $600.

Bicycle business at invoice, doing established, profitable. About $1,700.

Interest in a manufacturing business, from $2,000 to $3,500.

Grocery for $425. Another, $1,500. Another $1,000. Interest in drug store, $[illegible] to $6,000.

THE MORATH INVESTMENT CO., 26 and 27 Exchange Bank Block. Established nearly a quarter of a century.

WANTED—Large, well established manufacturing company, making staple line of goods widely known, wants satisfactory man with $3,000 cash to establish and carry on branch business; $150 per month salary and all expenses, with share of profits; extra unusually safe investment; permanent engagement and high class business; good for $5,000 per year or better, with big future increase. For particulars, furnish references and address, Manufacturer, 67 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

ONE of the best businesses in Colorado Springs; owner must leave this altitude; mechanical business, protected by U. S. patents; will sell or take partner who can apply time to full charge of business or would exchange part for good income property. Address Box 404, Manitou, Colo.

LIGHT, PLEASANT BUSINESS.
Confection, cigars, etc.; very low rent; well located; will clear $100 per month. Owner leaving city. Only $550.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27 Midland Blk.

FOR SALE—Furniture and business of large boarding house, close in, steam heat; house full. This is an attractive proposition and can be bought right. Address C-33, Gazette.

WANTED—Partner in rooming house business to run dining room. Good proposition; close in; steam heat; everything fully furnished. Address C-56, Gazette.

GOOD grocery and meat market on Colo. Ave. Sales $40 daily; about $1,000 cash will buy it. Warner & Miller, 1012 Colo. Ave.

RESTAURANT and lunch counter, pays summer and winter. Call 11½ W. Huerfano.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, house and lot. Blacksmith and carriage shop, machinery, etc. D. McPherson, 1410 S. Nevada.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

TEAM horses, heavy express wagon, double harness, license and complete outfit; good condition, suitable for all purposes; a good bargain. Call Sunday afternoon, 424 West Pike's Peak avenue.

WANTED—Horses to pasture. Personal attention. Best of water. Horses called for and delivered. S. K. Walker, Box 562, city, or Kentucky livery.

FOR SALE or trade for piano, half blood Shetland pony; gentle; and new rubber tired runabout, with new set harness. Phone 647-A.

FOR SALE—One bay single and double driver, six years old, weight 1,000. One Shetland pony, price $25. Inquire 215 North Chestnut.

FOR SALE—Shetland pony cart, phaeton, buggy pole. 215 E. Cache La Poudre.

FOR SALE—Livery and boarding stable; good business, well located. Address Gazette, C-46.

FOR SALE—Driving and riding mare; gentle for ladies and children; jump-seat surrey, harness. Cheap. 511 N. Seventh.

CHEAP if sold this week, tourist driver's outfit, including license for 1906 and '07. Call evenings or address 1216 Washington Ave.

SALE or trade, stylish, gentle, gaited saddler; beautiful single-footer. Phone Red 318.

WANT GOOD DRIVING HORSE FOR ITS KEEP; GOOD CARE; RELIABLE PARTY. BOX 1062, CITY.

WANTED—To hire good family horse and surrey for one month; might buy. R. M. Cash, 1615 Colorado avenue.

WANT to buy, 1,100-lb horse, gentle for lady; good saddler. Call 535 E. Platte avenue.

BAY team, five and six years old; new surrey and harness; suitable for family use or tourist rig. 16 South 13th.

WANTED—To sell horse, buggy and harness, $50. Inquire 1018 Lincoln avenue, Colorado City.

FOR SALE—Span young mules, two two-year-old colts, three horses, one Shetland pony. Apply in rear of 885 Chey. Rd.

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Hemenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 26 S. Cascade.

SEE WILBUR, 301 W. Huerfano, for best rubber tires at bottom prices; large stock that must be sold.

EQUITY in five-room cottage to trade for horses. 442 N. Prospect.

THE finest work or family horse in town for sale. 325 W. Pike's Peak Ave., city.

FOR SALE—Good work horse, single or double. 106 South Weber.

FOR SALE or trade, horse, harness and express wagon. 704 Franklin. Today.

FOR SALE—Good gentle driving horse. San Rafael Stables, 217 E. San Rafael.

FOR SALE—Good saddle and driving mare. 1723 N. Nevada.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. A. A. HERRINGTON, experienced dressmaker and ladies' tailor. 1642 Grant Ave.

SEWING by the day; $2.00 per day. 1111 N. Custer. Phone Red 1122.

WANTED FEMALE HELP.

THE Central Business college proposes to enroll new students while its competitors are contracting for printer's ink. See.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 823 Cascade.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

GOOD board for refined persons twenty-five miles from Granby, on the Moffat Road. Fine fishing and hunting guaranteed. [illegible] service Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Address E. K. Howd, [illegible], Colo.

EDUCATIONAL.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. San Luis school reopens Monday, Sept. 17. Academic, preparatory, primary and kindergarten classes for boys and girls; special classes for girls. The principal may be seen at the school, corner Nevada Ave. and Cache la Poudre, mornings between 10 and 12 after Sept. 1. For circulars of information, apply to Miss Hibbs, 126 N. Cascade Av. Telephone Main 149.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS ACADEMY for BOYS. Fall term begins Sept. 4; special classes for girls. J. B. Walton, A. M., principal, 831 N. Tejon. Call mornings.

BANKERS, merchants, lawyers and brokers all look to the Central Business College for competent help. Special rates for Sept. 4th.

PIANO INSTRUCTION by Kate L. Swinford, National Conservatory, New York; present address, General Delivery. Will call at your request.

STEELE KINDERGARTEN REOPENS Sept. 4th. Beautiful rooms; graduate teachers. Apply mornings to Miss Katharine Grayson, 1105 N. Weber St.

MISS HARTER'S school for girls will begin the fall term Tuesday, October 2nd, at No. 2 Pelham Place. Write Miss Harter for appointment.

PRIVATE teaching by experienced Smith college graduate. Preparatory work a specialty. Miss Ely, 119 E. Dale.

TUTOR—Experienced; wants another morning engagement for the winter. Local references. Address Gazette, C-48.

PRIVATE lessons in shorthand and elocution. Frances Stringfield, 1711 Colorado Ave.

WANTED—TO RENT HOUSES.

WANTED—HOUSES TO RENT.
WE ARE making a specialty of renting, having a man who devotes his entire time to the purpose. If you have a desirable property that is vacant, we can rent it for you quick. Try us.
YATES & McCLAIN,
The Hustling Real Estate Firm.
15, 16, 17, 18, 18½ El Paso Bldg.
Phone Main 270.

WANTED—To rent a small furnished cottage for the winter. Must be modern. From Oct. 1st or sooner; two adults; state price. Address W. R. A., care Star Ranch, city.

WANTED—5 to 6-room modern house, north end, by month or year; preferably with shop or barn; three adults. A. J. Yeomans, 714 N. Weber.

WANTED—For the winter, a small furnished cottage within walking distance of College grounds, no children. Box 135, Sugar City, Colo.

WANTED—Small furnished house, modern; two adults; state price. Mrs. Flora Arters, 221 E. St. Vrain.

WANTED—Four or five-room modern cottage, furnished, by two adults, for one year. C-67, Gazette.

LIST your houses for rent with us. We have calls every day for houses of all descriptions. W. W. Williamson.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Colorado Springs, Colo., August 30, 1906.

Bids will be received by the City Clerk of the City of Colorado Springs until 4 o'clock p. m. of Monday, September 10, 1906, for the furnishing of all materials and the construction complete in place of the concrete and cement sidewalks, eight (8) ft. wide, on the east and west sides of Acacia park; also for a curb and gutter on the east side of Tejon St., abutting Acacia park.

Contract will be made to conform to the specifications contained in the sidewalk ordinances of the city. Plans and information may be obtained from the office of the City Engineer. A bond in double the amount of the contract will be required. A certified check in the sum of $200.00 must accompany each proposal. Proposals must be made upon blanks furnished by the Engineer. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

By order of the City Council.
K. M. MACMILLAN,
City Clerk.

TOBACCO KILLS MICROBES.

Comfort to Know That Smoke Is Prevention of Disease.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

Lovers of tobacco in its various seductive forms who have been at times a trifle conscience smitten by reason of the alleged deplorable effects of the tobacco habit upon the mind and body, should henceforth be able to smoke their pipes in peace, since no less an authority than the London Lancet, the foremost journal of the medical world, has risen up to declare in the most deliberate and positive way that tobacco smoke contains an appreciable amount of formaldehyde, one of the most powerful antiseptics and germ killers.

It is because of the presence of this chemical agent in tobacco smoke that users of the weed are largely immune, it is said, from certain dread diseases of the throat, lungs and nasal passages. The reasoning, which seems to be quite conclusive, is that the smoke, passing through the mouth and nose, effectually disposes of the microbes constantly deposited there and thus supplies the needful ounce of prevention for many diseases.

While one part of formaldehyde in 10,000 parts of water is sufficient to destroy all bacterial life, the amount of the poison found in tobacco smoke is so infinitesimal that it has no injurious effect upon the human organism.

THE COPPER AGE.

From the New York Sun.

Twenty-five years ago the United States produced 27,000 tons of copper. The production during 1905 was practically 400,000 tons, or more than half of the world's total supply. The value of last year's output may be given as $160,000,000.

The uses of this metal are steadily growing. It is estimated that by 1920 the requirements of the world will reach 1,500,000 tons. The United States will probably hold its present place in the market. New deposits are opened from time to time. There are known districts yet undeveloped in the western mountains, and Alaska is rich in copper. Mexico and Canada are copper countries and send the United States ore and matte for smelting and pigs, bars and ingots for manufacture.

The increasing supply of the metal promises to keep prices within reasonable bounds while the increasing demand fairly assures ample profits to the owners of copper properties. No available substitute has yet been found for its use for electrical purposes, and the employment of electricity increases from year to year. The day of copper has come, and there is every reason to believe it will be a long day.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Real estate transfers for the week ending Thursday, August 30, 1906, as reported by [illegible] H. Lott Wills & Co., Colo. Springs [illegible] Chas. T. Probst, [illegible] North End Add. 2 ... $750
[illegible] to Peter Bronk, [illegible] N. Flanagan's sub. ... 1
Mary E. Reed to Mabel [illegible] Reed, [illegible] ... 1
[illegible] ... 1
Mrs. [illegible] Waycott sub. L part B. 23 ... 1700
A. P. [illegible] to Jos. Yeomans, L. 10, B. 10, [illegible] Add. ... 1
Roswell Town and Land Co. to J. M. Eklund, L. 18 to 21, B. 21, Roswell City Add. ... 1
J. N. Eklund to Corinne Willard, L. 18 to 21, B. 21, Roswell City Add. ... 1
Nelson H. [illegible] to Martha W. [illegible] ... 1
Patrick Lee to Alice Lee, L. 18 to 21, B. 280, Monument Add. ... 1
W. J. [illegible] to State Realty Co., L. 5, B. D. Lake Park Add. ... 1
Mary E. Douglass to Fima I. Douglas, L. 4, B. 4, Hastings Bros. 2d Add. ... 1
Wm. K. Frick to Hannah McGuire, Und. ½ N. 50 ft. of N. 50 ft. L. 7, B. 11 ... 1
Wm. H. Frick to Hannah McGuire, W. 90 ft. of S. 50 ft. L. 1, B. 11 ... 1
A. E. Fehleisen to W. H. Fehleisen, S. 40 ft. L. 2, B. 2, Hastings Bros. 6th Add. ... 1
J. L. Schaffer to Clara C. Freeman, W. 37½ ft. of E'ly 75 ft. Ls. 1-2-3, B. 8, Fort Worth Add. ... 560
Wm. E. Martin to J. W. Doolen, S. 50 ft. L. 1-2-3, B. 2, Spruce Add. ... 1
Colo. Title and Trust Co. to S. B. Reed, L. 4, B. 1, Lake Park Add. ... 1
Sam'l W. Howard to Thos. Tobin, Ls. 3-4, B. 5, Washington Hts. Add. ... 1

The following deeds have been filed in the office of the county clerk and recorder:

Warranty Deeds.

138237—Zalmon G. Simmons to C. W. Sells, $1, various lots in Iron Springs addition, Manitou.

138337—Colorado Springs Real Estate company to Oliver A. Foster, $1, Lot 12 Block 63 Addition 1 West Colorado Springs.

13831—Taswell F. Riddle to K. H. Thomas, $1, Lot 2 Block 82 Addition 1 West Colorado Springs.

138352—John C. Stremming to Cecilia Couch, $1, Lot 6 Block "A" Highland addition Colorado Springs.

138357—O. Wingfield to Daniel Hewitt, $1, part Lot 21 Block 2 West Colorado Springs.

Trust Deeds.

138339—Wilmina Caulesberry et al to Public Trustee, use J. D. Griffiths, $1,000, Lot 9-10 Block 162 Colorado City.

Release Deeds.

138344—Public Trustee to James H. Thompson, N½ of SE¼ and S½ of NE¼ Section 25-11-68.

[illegible]—Public Trustee to Joseph W. Mills et al, N. 38 feet of Lot 10 Block 4 Rock Island addition Colorado Springs.

138358—T. J. Zollars, trustee, to Wilmina Caulesberry et al, Lot 9-10 Block 162 Colorado City.

Quit Claim Deeds.

138346—Andrew J. Howard to Susan C. Howard, $1, W. 40 feet of S. 100 feet Lot 4 Block 27 Patrick's addition Colorado Springs.

CURIOUS PHASES OF LAWS.

Treatment of Murderers in France and in Other Countries.

From Pearson's Weekly.

The recent murder of Senor Balmaceda, secretary to the Chilean legation in Brussels, by Luiz Waddington, son of the Chilean minister, again directs attention to one of the many laws that are sadly in need of alteration.

It will be remembered that Waddington, after firing five shots at his sister's betrothed, ran at full speed to the Chilean legation, which stands close to Senor Balmaceda's house, and took refuge there. In consequence of this action the police have no power to enter the building and arrest the murderer, for the legation is considered to be foreign territory and therefore inviolable. The murderer is thus able for the time to snap his fingers at the law and the police.

Even had the crime been committed in this country our authorities would have been just as helpless, for, as the law runs, the official residences of the representatives of foreign countries are exempt from the jurisdiction of the country in which they stand and local authorities have no right to enter them under any circumstances.

Murderers May Go Free.

Once a murderer is captured in this country he may be tried for his crime, no matter how long he has escaped the arm of justice, but in France this is not so. There if a murderer is not discovered and brought to trial within fifteen years he may go free as the most crimeless citizen. Only the other day a man who had committed a murder twenty-five years ago wrote defiantly to the police, confessing the crime and giving his address in Paris. Investigation proved his story to be true, yet the police were prevented by the law from arresting and punishing him.

The man who fails to raise his hat when a funeral is passing becomes liable by an old law of Chester to be taken before a magistrate and imprisoned.

A stupid law in France is that a husband can not charge his wife with any criminal offense. A dramatic incident recently exposed the opportunities the law provides for the criminally intent.

M. Binet a few months ago became so infatuated with a young woman he met by chance that he begged her to marry him. On the day of the ceremony the delighted bridegroom gave a dinner in a well-known Paris restaurant. After the dinner came the ball, and then M. Binet took home his bride.

No sooner had they entered the house, however, than she removed her white veil and orange blossoms and, suddenly becoming deathly pale, gasped "A doctor, a doctor!" In less than a quarter of an hour a doctor returned in a cab with the horrified bridegroom. Judge of their surprise when the two men discovered that the bride had disappeared, taking with her a sum of £800 which M. Binet kept in an escritoire. On rushing immediately to the local police magistrate he received the cold comfort that, as he had married the lady, he could not, according to the law, take any proceedings against her.

WELL WORTH TRYING.
W. H. Brown, the popular pension attorney of Pittsfield, Vt., says: "Next to a pension, the best thing to get is Dr. King's New Life Pills." He writes: "they keep my family in splendid health." Quick cure for Headache, Constipation and Biliousness. 25c. Guaranteed at the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

JAPAN LAND OF JUGGLERS.

Old Wizard Amuses Dinner Guests by Fooling Foreign Skeptic.

From the [illegible] Advertiser.

Japan is the land of jugglers, and fashionable Japanese always have them at any large entertainment they give. One very clever old [illegible] in a single [illegible] baskets full of [illegible] shoulders, and, putting [illegible] whole, performs his tricks [illegible] expectant audience [illegible]. A baron or [illegible] ciently, and he [illegible] goose eggs, needles [illegible] ing pipes at the [illegible]. A recent, Japanese [illegible] determined to [illegible] about what the juggler [illegible] allowed his glance [illegible] and was not once off [illegible]ing this, the old juggler [illegible] entirely. An [illegible] was brought in, and [illegible] of the room and the [illegible] in, let himself down [illegible] skeptic sat for half [illegible] taking his eye from [illegible] he was convinced was [illegible] and stood on no trap [illegible]. After this prolonged watch the [illegible] pany assailed him with [illegible] and jeers, and point [illegible] the old juggler was [illegible] self and had been [illegible] utes.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION AT CLYDE.

Odd Fellows monster picnic at Colorado's prettiest resort, Cathedral Park, (Clyde) on the Short Line.

Trains leave Santa Fe station at 8:15, 9:00 and 10:20 a. m. Fare, adults $1.00; children 50c.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No.	NORTH, FOR DENVER.	
16	From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood	4:50 am
6	From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	5:23 am
8	From Pueblo	9:04 am
12	From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo	10:16 am
2	From St. Louis & Pac. Coast	2:[illegible] pm
10	From Pueblo and Canon City	3:25 pm
20	Scenic Limited from Ogden and Salt Lake	4:20 pm
11	From Trinidad and Pueblo	6:10 pm
4	From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	7:20 pm
	SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER	
15	For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville	12:15 am
19	Scenic Limited for Salt Lake and Ogden	10:05 am
5	For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	11:05 am
1	For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast	12:30 pm
12	For Pueblo	6:15 pm
9	For Canon City and Pueblo	4:10 pm
7	For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango	5:30 pm
11	For Kan. City and St. Louis	7:10 pm
3	For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	10:35 pm

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.

No.	Lv. Colo. Spgs.	No.	Lv. Manitou.
[illegible]	7:30 a	44	8:20 am
45	11:30 am	46	11:40 am
47	4:30 pm	48	5:25 p
49	[illegible] pm	50	7:00 pm

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.
(The Midland Route.)
In effect July 1.

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Leadville, Glenwood, Salt Lake and Pac. Coast	11:30 pm	4:30 am
Colorado, Utah and Pacific Coast Limited	11:55 am	6:00 pm
Ute Pass Resorts and Cripple Creek trains:		
Manitou, Cascade, Green Mt. Falls, Woodland Park	8:30 am	4:30 pm
Manitou, Cascade, Green Mt. Falls, Woodland Park and Divide	5:40 pm	8:00 am
Cascade, Green Mt. Falls, Woodland Park, Divide and Cripple Creek	3:35 pm	12:12 am

Ute Pass and Cripple Creek trains depart and arrive Rio Grande depot. Other trains Santa Fe-C. & S. depot.

C. S. BROWNE,
9 N. Tejon St. General Agent.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.

No.	LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.	
No. 1	Kansas City Express	8:00 am
No. 42	Rocky Mountain Limited, For Omaha and Chicago	10:40 am
No. 10	Eastern Fast Mail, for Kansas City, Omaha and Chicago	2:30 pm
No. 28	Southeastern Express, for Kansas City, St. Louis and Southeast	7:30 pm
No. 6	Eastern Express, for Omaha and Chicago	8:45 pm
No. 5	For Pueblo	8:35 am
No. 9	For Pueblo	2:00 pm
No. 41	For Pueblo	9:45 pm
	ARRIVE AT COLORADO SPRINGS.	
No. 5	Colorado Express, from Chicago and Omaha	7:55 am
No. 27	Western Express, from St. Louis, Kansas City and Southeast	6:15 am
No. 79	Colorado Flyer, from Kansas City	11:25 am
No. 9	Colorado Fast Mail, from Chicago, Omaha and Kansas City	1:55 pm
No. 41	Rocky Mountain Limited, from Chicago and Omaha	9:40 pm
No. 42	From Pueblo	10:30 am
No. 10	From Pueblo	2:20 pm
No. 6	From Pueblo	8:35 pm

All meals in dining cars. Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains.
W. W. WOOD, City Passenger Agent,
2 Pike's Peak Avenue.

SANTA FE.
June 17, 1906.
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.

No.	NORTH, FOR DENVER.	
5	From Chicago and California	5:55 am
12	From Colorado Midland	4:40 am
15	Denver Express	10:25 am
607	Denver Express	11:15 am
1	From Texas	11:25 am
9	Colorado Fast Flyer	1:50 pm
21	From Pueblo and East	2:25 pm
3	Denver Ex. from Cripple Ck.	6:05 pm
11	From Colorado Midland	7:00 pm
7	Pueblo to Denver	9:10 pm
	EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA	
11	For Chicago and Kan. City	6:40 am
4	For Pueblo	10:10 am
10	Kansas City Flyer	11:20 am
13	To Colorado Midland Ry	11:30 am
8	For Pueblo	2:30 pm
2	California Lim. and Chicago	6:45 pm
14	For Pueblo	7:10 pm
6	For Chicago, K. C., El Paso	10:30 pm
16	To Colorado Midland Ry	11:20 pm
2	Pueblo	1:55 am

C. C. HOYT,
18 N. Tejon St. City Pass. Agent.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.
119 E. Pike's Peak avenue.
Phone Main 164.
Effective Sunday, June 17.

No.	NORTHBOUND.	
No. 5	for Denver	6:55 am
No. 13	for Denver	4:40 am
No. 15	for Denver	10:25 am
No. 607	for Denver	11:15 am
No. 1	for Denver	11:25 am
No. 9	for Denver	1:50 pm
No. 601	for Denver	2:25 pm
No. 3	for Denver	6:05 pm
No. 11	for Denver	7:05 pm
No. 7	for Denver	9:10 pm
	SOUTHBOUND.	
No. 8	for Pueblo and south	1:55 am
No. 606	for Pueblo	6:40 am
No. 4	for Pueblo	10:10 am
No. 10	for Pueblo	11:20 am
No. 2	for Pueblo and south	2:30 pm
No. [illegible]	for [illegible]	[illegible]
No. 14	for Pueblo	7:30 pm
No. 6	for Pueblo	10:30 pm

G. H. LOGAN, C[illegible] Agent.

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RY.
(The Short Line.)

WEST BOUND.	
1—Daily except Sunday, leaves Colorado Springs	8.15 am
Arrives Cripple Creek	11.15 am
15 Sunday only, leaves Colorado Springs	9.00 am
Arrives Cripple Creek	12:00 m
3 Daily, leaves Colo. Springs	10.20 am
Arrives Cripple Creek	1.20 pm
EAST BOUND.	
4 Daily, leaves Cripple Creek	3.00 pm
Arrives Colo. Spgs	6.00 pm

Through trains of day coaches and observation cars between Denver, Cripple Creek and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from Colorado Springs.

Short Line trains arrive and depart from Santa Fe station, Colorado Springs. City Ticket Office, 119 Pike's Peak avenue.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK ROAD.
Midland Terminal Ry.
Via Colo. Midland Out of Colo. Springs.

WEST BOUND.	
[illegible]—Leave Colorado Springs	7.15 pm
Arrive Cripple Creek	10.05 pm
EAST BOUND.	
[illegible]—Leave Cripple Creek	7.20 am
Arrive Colorado Springs	10.20 am
14—Daily except Sunday, leaves Cripple Creek	4.00 pm
Arrives Colorado Springs	7.00 pm
16 Sunday only, leaves Cripple Creek	5.00 pm
Arrives Colorado Springs	8.00 pm

MANITOU AND PIKE'S PEAK RY.
In Effect June 10, 1906.
Time Table No. 46.

Down Trains 13	11		Up Trains 12	14
—Daily—			—Daily—	
p. m.	a. m.	Stations.	a. m.	p. m.
3:45	11:45	Summit.	11:00	3:05
4:07	12:07	Windy Point.	10:36	2:41
4:34	12:34	M't'n View.	10:06	2:11
a4:48	a12:48	H.-W. H'se.	a9:52	a1:57
4:56	12:56	Minnehaha.	9:43	1:48
5:15	1:12	Manitou	9:25	1:30
p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive.		Depart.
10:25 am	St. Louis, Sedalia, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth, Wichita and Hot Springs, Ark., daily	[illegible]
[illegible] pm	Fast Mail, St. Louis, Hot Springs, Sedalia, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison & Leavenworth, daily	[illegible]

Opera House
One Week Commencing
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.
MATINEES Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
THE RUSSIAN ACTOR
THEODORE LORCH
And an Excellent Company in a Repertoire of Strong Plays.
Play Changed Every Day.
MONDAY EVENING
"A SOLDIER OF THE EMPIRE"
Matinee Prices—Children, 15c; Adults, 25c.
Evening Prices—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

EMPIRE
REFINED VAUDEVILLE.
The World's Greatest Sensation.
"YUMA"
THE MYSTERY.
GOOD BILL.
Matinee, daily 3 p. m. Evening performance 7:30 to 10 o'clock.

THE GAEBEL-CLARK ENGRAVING CO.
SIXTH & COURT STS.
PUEBLO, COLO.
ENGRAVERS
DESIGNERS

Santa Fe
Watermelon Day
Rocky Ford
THURSDAY,
SEPT. 6, 1906
$2.00
Round Trip
Special Train,
6:55 a. m.
Santa Fe Depot

AT THE ZOO 5c FARE
FAMILY AMUSEMENT PARK.
Grand Fireworks Display
Labor Day, Monday, Sept. 3rd.
COMMENCING AT 8 P. M.
RIDE THE GREAT ROLLER COASTER.
The Giant Circle Swing Delightful Motoring in Mid-Air.
THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.
Electric Theater presents "A Trip to Long Island Sound From New York to Fall River" on a stupendous scale.
DANCING EVERY EVENING.
Cheyenne Springs famous pure spring water.
Good Music Every Afternoon and Evening. Picnic Parties Solicited
Gates open at 8 a. m. Admission, 10c.

OLLINGER'S ROLLER SKATING RINK
Temple Theater
A death-defying feat of LEAPING THE GAP on roller skates. Prof. Burford will perform this daring and dangerous act Tuesday night, September 4.

California
and Northwest
One Way Colonist
TICKETS
$25
VIA
Rio Grande
City Ticket Office
J. M. ELLISON
Phone 96. G. A. P. D.

OTIS & HOUGH, Bankers and Brokers.
127 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.
[illegible] BONDS, GRAIN and PROVISIONS, COTTON [illegible]
[illegible]
New York Stock Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade, New York Cotton Exchange.

William F. Bonbright & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Colorado Springs, Colorado.
24 Broad Street, New York.
15 George Street, Mansion House, London, E. C.
MEMBERS:
New York Stock Exchange.
Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange.

SHOVE, ALDRICH & CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS
Telephone No. [illegible] Cable Address [illegible]
Removed to New Mining Exchange Building. Entrance to [illegible] Room [illegible].

THE COLORADO SAVINGS BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital ... $[illegible] Surplus and Undivided Profits $[illegible]
[illegible] Interest Paid on Savings Accounts
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: E. J. EATON, Pres.; S. D. [illegible], Vice Pres.; F. P. EVANS, Cashier; W. S. NICHOLS, O. H. [illegible], F. CASTELLO, B. F. LOWELL, A. M. STRACHAN.

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital Stock ... $[illegible]
Surplus ... $[illegible]
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.
A. G. SHARP, Pres.; J. R. McKINNIE, Vice Pres.; J. F. LILLY, Vice Pres.;
S. J. GILES, Cashier. C. G. GRAHAM, Assistant Cashier.
WILLIAM LENNOX, W. S. NICHOLS, D. H. RICE, E. W. GIDDINGS,
FRANK F. CASTELLO, A. S. HOLBROOK, VERNER Z. REED.

EL PASO NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital ... $200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits ... $150,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS—William S. Jackson, Pres.; C. C. Hemming, Vice Pres.; C. L. Hemming, Cashier; Gen. William J. Palmer, Asa T. Jones, E. P. Shove, Frank G. Smith, C. H. White, O. L. Godfrey, E. J. Eaton, Thos J. Fisher, S. B. Mansfield, O. E. Hemenway, Geo. S. Elstun, Henry Tamm, Cecile Jacobelt, Colorado Springs, Colo.; B. F. Edwards, W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St. Louis, Mo.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits ... $[illegible]
Travelers' checks and letters of credit. Safety deposit [illegible]
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.
J. A. Hayes, President; Irving Howbert, Vice President; A. Sutton, Cashier; A. H. Hunt, Asst. Cashier; Wm. A. Otis, John G. Shields, Chas. M. MacNeill, [illegible] G. Peck, Spencer Penrose.

THE COLORADO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL, $[illegible] SURPLUS, $[illegible]
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS. President, J. Arthur Connell; Vice Presidents, H. G. Lunt, E. P. Shove, L. E. Curtis; Secretary, F. M. McMahon; Assistant Treasurer, [illegible]; Assistant Secretary, Wm. R. [illegible]; Auditor, [illegible] Briggs; J. G. Shields, C. M. MacNeill, F. G. Peck, P. B. Stewart, I. W. [illegible], R. P. Davie, Henry Hine, Spencer Penrose, D. B. Fairley, H. C. Hall, E. J. [illegible], C. P. Dodge and F. W. Stehr.
PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS AND TRUST ACCOUNTS.

THE REED INVESTMENT CO.
Investment Bankers. Bonds, Mortgages and Colorado Securities.
REED BLOCK. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Colorado Springs Gazette
MONEY.
MINES
MARKET
WALL STREET
DIX

TONNAGE FOR SEPTEMBER WILL SHOW BIG INCREASE

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 1.—The gain in values of ore treated by the plants of the U. S. R. & R. Co. in August over July almost compensated for the [illegible] by the smelters, but not quite. Consequently the total figures for the month of August show a diminution in dollars, although a slight gain in tonnage.

It had been known for some time that the tonnage of ore being hauled last month was heavy, probably considerably in excess of that for July. Disappointing averages were caused by the increase in the haulage to the cyanide mills, and it is plain that several operators are paying particular attention to the mining of their lower grade deposits.

This is a hopeful sign, however, and it is certain that the tonnage for September will be augmented by several potent causes. At least two new cyaniding plants will be in operation during September, with two more to follow in October and November. This phase of the mining industry is receiving more and more attention with each succeeding year in Cripple Creek, as it deserves to do, and while as yet it cuts an inconsiderable figure in the grand total each month, there are not lacking those who are willing to lay a wager that by the time the drainage tunnel is completed there will be at least 1,000 miners engaged in the extraction of ore for cyaniding purposes alone.

The Santa Rita mill was handicapped materially last month by the drowning out of its mine early in the month. This mishap served Messrs. Gehm & Clay, lessees, so badly that they have not been able as yet to resume operations. It is calculated that September will see the plant operating nicely again. It is capable of treating fifty tons of ore per day, and the grade of the ore is quite high. In fact, a strike of $30 ore amenable to cyanidation has been made there recently.

It is announced from headquarters of the Wishbone Mining and Milling company, who have erected an elaborate plant on the north slope of Carbonate hill, one and one-half miles north of this city, that ore treatment will begin next week at the rate of 100 tons daily. The Pony gulch mill is at last all but completed and while twice as far from the present producing district as the Wishbone, it is promised that this company has an ore body which will result ultimately in the extension of the camp to its property.

The industry of ore hauling by team has grown to enormous proportions during the last two months and considerable ore is going by this means to the newer cyaniding plants. The Colorado Trading and Transfer company is using at this time over 146 horses in transporting ore from the slightly isolated mines to the nearest railroad point, in no instance over one mile distant.

The smelters in August fell $[illegible] short of their record for July, while the U. S. R. & R. Co. proudly displays a gain of $115,000. The cause of this apparent inconsistency [illegible] probably to be found in an arrangement resulting from the recent purchase by the American Smelting and Refining company of a large block of stock in the United States Reduction and Refining company.

Carpenter work on the [illegible] mill of 250 tons daily [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

and the Portland mines are promises of the not far distant future.

Among several interesting causes which contributed to the production of the camp for August was the increased output of the Mary McKinney mine, whose stock has increased from 48 to 64 cents a share in the most lethargic summer vacation kind of a market imaginable. The Little Clara lease, unheard of seven months ago, kept up its record of $70,000 for the month, and is doing better every week. The South Burns shipped a total of $30,000 worth of ore, this being the first four weeks of active life. It is promised that the contemplated new skip and other improvements in sight for this month at this flourishing young mine will increase the production by at least 25 per cent during September. The Little Clara and South Burns are brand new instances of the high grade mines which made Cripple Creek for years after its discovery the most spectacular camp in the world. Both are leases.

The Cresson mine, which had its first pay month just one year ago, has grown to the proportions of a $60,000 a month producer, its output for August being 2,100 tons of ore worth slightly less than $30 to the ton. The Mary McKinney it is promised will improve its output of $48,000 for August by at least 20 per cent this month, this improvement being made possible by two recent strikes made in the company's Gold and Raven hill property.

A factor which should increase the camp's output by at least 3,000 tons during September is the resumption of shipping operations at the Findley. This great mine has been breaking and reserving ore for three months pending the building of the Golden Cycle mill at Colorado City. This plant will be ready for reception of ore next Tuesday and will bed and store the product of the Cycle and Findley until October 1, when treatment and reduction will begin in earnest. The Cycle has been shipping about half of its tremendous production for the past six months and will send out 200 tons daily from this time on.

The outlook for the camp in the production of both low and high grade ores was never brighter.

CALEY WILL SOON BE REIMBURSED

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 1.—Frank Caley, who has expended a good many thousands of dollars on the Arapahoe claim of the [illegible] [illegible] bids fair to soon be reimbursed. Mr. Caley sank the shaft to the [illegible]-foot [illegible] [illegible] During the past few days Mr. Caley [illegible] from which he is getting some [illegible] Mr. Caley, however, proposes to drift on the newly-found vein and believes that he will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

FOUR CARS A MONTH RUNNING TWO OUNCES

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 1.—[illegible] [illegible]

UNCOVERS SIXTY OUNCE ORE AT SHALLOW DEPTH

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. [illegible] [illegible]

MAKE GOOD FIND BEYOND THE RIM

ROCK ASSAYING $165 TO TON IS FOUND NORTH OF VICTOR, OUTSIDE OF DISTRICT PROPER.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Sept. 1.—For the past several months reports borne out by high assays have been coming into Victor and Cripple Creek of good finds of ore beyond the rim of the district. Ever since the Cripple Creek camp was out of its swaddling clothes men have been following good-looking veins outside of the prescribed gold-producing area, commonly called the Cripple Creek district. These prospectors have worked singly for years and apparently their expectations are being realized.

The latest strike, and one that appears to be bona fide, is just learned of through Louis Berglund, who has been working for several years on the North Morning Star ground, near Edlaw station, on the Short Line railroad, a few miles from Victor. Berglund brought in some good-looking rock to have assayed, but which did not show any sylvanite or free or rusty gold on the surface. The rock was assayed and gave returns of $165 to the ton. He declared that he had opened fully three feet of this material and that he had taken samples across the vein.

The vein encountered by Berglund was some distance from the shaft, at a depth of 200 feet. This property is being operated and is owned by Rockford (Ill.) capitalists, who have been contributing money for several years. It looks as if the backers are soon to be rewarded. One carload of $170 ore will nearly compensate them for their venture. Twelve claims, all adjacent, are owned by the Rockford people.

Sime, Long and company, lessees, who have been operating on the Proper claim of the Stratton estate, on Gold hill, for several months, recently made a strike from which they have sent out several cars that gave satisfactory returns. In an old and abandoned shaft, at 50 feet depth, they opened a streak better than 12 inches wide. They started a short crosscut at a depth of 110 feet and found ore.

SATISFIED AS TO ORE'S VALUE

RUNS 60 PER CENT LEAD, WITH GOOD SILVER VALUES. STREAK FOUR FEET WIDE.

GEORGETOWN, Colo., Sept. 1.—Mr. Maxon, lessee of the Lebanon tunnel property, has, by several trial shipments of ore, satisfied himself of its value, the returns having given 60 per cent lead with good silver values. This ore was taken from No. [illegible] lode [illegible] [illegible] The ore streak varies from one to three feet in width and has been drifted on over [illegible] feet. A stope is being started and the drift timbered. The ore taken out during these operations is being stored and will be shipped when a good tonnage is on hand.

The want of good ventilation in the [illegible] extent interfering with [illegible] but when the raise being [illegible] to connect with the Everett [illegible] is finished there will be [illegible] ventilation throughout the mine.

The Lebanon, which has been idle for [illegible] 20 years, is one of those properties which can be worked at a minimum cost, having its own water power and a wagon road of easy grade [illegible] to Georgetown. Mr. Maxon [illegible] advantage of the situation [illegible] the water power running the [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] White lodes [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS MINING STOCK EXCHANGE

MINES.

	Bid.	Ask.
Acacia	11	11¾
Black B.	03	05
C. C. Con.	06¼	06¾
C. K. & N.	09	10
Dante	05½	05¾
Doctor	09	09¼
Elkton	47	47½
El Paso	57	58
Fannie R.	02½	02¾
Findley	77	78½
Gold Dollar	06	06½
Gold Sovereign	07	07½
Isabella	19¾	20
Jack Pot	05½	05¾
Last Dollar		[illegible]
Lexington	03	04
Mary McK.	68	69¼
Mollie G.	06	07
Moon A.	02½	03
Old Gold	02¾	03
Pharmacist	01⅝	01¾
Pinnacle	[illegible]	[illegible]
Portland	1.33	1.39
Prince A.	01½	02
Vindicator	91	95
Work	15⅝	15¾

UNLISTED.

	Bid.	Ask.
Golden Cycle	45	
Jennie S.	00⅝	00⅞
Jerry J.	06	08
United G. M.	09	10

PROSPECTS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Agnes	02¼	02½
Alamo	02	
Amer. Con.	01¼	01½
Anchor	01¼	01½
Banner	02½	02½
Blue B.	04¼	04¾
Bob Lee	009	
Buckhorn		01¼
Camilla		03
C. C. & M.	01¼	02
Coriolanus	02½	03¼
Creede	02¾	02¾
Gold B.	03	03¼
Gould	02¼	02¾
Hart	02	03
Ida May	04	04½
Jolly J.	01¾	02
Keystone	01¼	01¾
Little Bessie	01¾	02
Little Nell	02	02¼
Little Puck	02¼	02¾
Magnet Rock	02	02¼
Maria A.		01¼
Mary N.	03½	04
Merrimac	009	01
Midway	02½	03
Missouri		[illegible]
Nellie V.	007	008
New Haven	01	02
O. K.		009
Olive B.	008	
Oriole	005	
Pilgrim	01½	02
Princess	01	01¼
Progress	008	
Rattler	01	01¼
Raven	01	
Republic	01¼	01½
Regina S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rob't R.		[illegible]
Rose M.	02	[illegible]
Rose N.	02½	[illegible]
St. Thomas	02	[illegible]
Teutonic	02¼	[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Black Wonder	[illegible]	[illegible]
Blanche	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cable	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Champion	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Favorite	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Golden Age	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goldfield	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gold Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goldstone	[illegible]	[illegible]
Grace	[illegible]	[illegible]
Greater G. H.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hayden	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Key West	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kimball	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kitty	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas G.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SEPARATE SALES.

MINES—[illegible]

UNLISTED—Jennie S., [illegible] at [illegible]

PROSPECTS—[illegible], 1000 at [illegible]; [illegible] May, 2000 at 4; Olive Branch, 2000 at 008.

MISCELLANEOUS—[illegible], [illegible] at 001.

LONDON MINING MARKET.

[illegible]

Camp Bird	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Esperanza	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
El Oro	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tomboy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stratton's Independence	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

WOOL MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 1.—Wool, steady; territory and western mediums, [illegible]; fine medium, [illegible]; fine, [illegible].

FABULOUSLY RICH STRIKE IN MODOC

VEIN SEVERAL INCHES WIDE CARRIES VALUES OF $620 GOLD TO TON, OR 30 CENTS A POUND.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 1.—M. S. Burgdorf, who has a lease on practically the entire holdings of the Modoc property on Bull hill, and who is also subleasing a part of the property, has made a fabulously rich strike in the 1,000-foot level of this well known producer, which has been famous for small but rich streaks of ore.

The new strike is reported to be several inches wide and is carrying values running as high as 31 ounces, or $620 in gold to the ton, equivalent to some 30 odd cents per pound.

For several months past Roberts and company, operating a sublease on this property from the seventh to the ninth levels, have been shipping out from three to four cars of ore a month from a two-foot vein that has been giving values of from three to five ounces in gold to the ton. The production from the Modoc has not been exceptionally heavy for a year or more, but the grade has been exceptionally high and all who have been working the lease or subleases have been making a neat little income every month.

TWO-FOOT VEIN GIVES RETURNS OF $73 TO TON

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 1.—Hastings and company, who took a lease on a block of the Ingham claim of the Doctor-Jack Pot Consolidated company's property on Raven hill, broke into two feet of vein matter Friday night that gave assay returns running from a trifle better than one ounce to $73 in gold to the ton. The ore was found in a short tunnel about 125 feet from the surface. The vein has not been exploited sufficiently to determine what really has been found, but the lessees are very much encouraged.

STRIKE ON GUYOT HILL IS IMPROVING

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Sept. 1.—The strike made in the Aileen mine on Guyot hill several weeks ago continues to improve and an ore body almost four feet wide and carrying three-ounce values is now exposed.

The working force was increased yesterday and another machine put in operation. Two cars of $60 ore will go out this afternoon from the property.

$30,000 FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO IRON WORKS

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 1.—Fire broke out early yesterday morning at the Fulton Iron works. The fire department promptly responded to the alarm, but owing to the distance to be covered to reach the works the flames gained great headway, and for a time the works, valued at over $2,000,000, were threatened with destruction. The fire, which started in the foundry [illegible] building, was discovered at an early stage by the watchman. It was eventually confined to [illegible] portion of the plant, although the [illegible] works was badly damaged. The [illegible] completely destroyed before the fire was brought under control.

The loss will amount to over $30,000.

OPERATIONS CONFINED TO SINKING OF SHAFT

CRIPPLE CREEK, Sept. 1.—The [illegible] Leasing company, a Denver outfit [illegible] on the Pride of Cripple Creek on [illegible] hill, is confining its operations to the sinking of the shaft. A depth of 275 feet has now been attained, but no cessation in the work will be made until the 500-foot point is reached, when laterals will be extended. It has been determined that in order to get a good body of good grade ore a depth of 500 feet must be reached. This was not the case, however, in the W. P. H., but it has been proven conclusively in the Forest Queen and the Jerry Johnson.

MUCH INTEREST IN DELIVERIES

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ESTIMATES AND ACTUAL DELIVERIES CAUSES ADVANCE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Interest in the wheat pit today centered in the amount of wheat delivered on September contracts. Early in the day estimates, supposedly conservative, placed the amount of this wheat at 5,000,000 bushels, but the actual deliveries fell short of this amount by about 2,000,000. The difference between the estimates and the actual deliveries caused active buying of the September option throughout the entire session and resulted in an advance of nearly 1 cent in the price of the September delivery. The strength of the current month had a steadying effect on the more distant deliveries, which were bearishly affected by lower cables and generally favorable weather in the spring wheat territory. Shorts and elevator interests were the chief bidders for September. The market closed firm. December opened ⅛@⅜ to ⅜@½ higher at 73⅞ to 74, sold between 73⅝ and 74@⅛ and closed at 73⅞@74. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 352,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 464,000 bushels compared with 1,918,000 for the corresponding day a year ago.

Sentiment in the corn pit was bearish, but the market was held steady by the smallness of the deliveries on September contracts. The market closed steady. December closed at 43⅞.

Oats closed strong. December at 31⅛@⅜.

Provisions were extremely quiet but firm. A slight advance in the price of live hogs supported the bulls. At the close September pork was up a shade at $16.90@16.92½. Lard was up a shade at $8.77½@8.80. Ribs were 5 cents higher at $8.62 1-2.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Sept.	70½	71⅛	70½	71⅛
Dec.	73⅝	74	73⅝	73⅞
May	78¼	78⅝	77⅞	78¼
Corn—				
Sept.	47¼	47⅜	47⅛	[illegible]
Dec.	42⅞	43⅞	43⅞	[illegible]
May	36⅞	44⅛	44½	[illegible]
Oats—				
Sept.	29⅛	30⅛	29⅛	30⅛
Dec.	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛
May	33¼	33⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pork—				
Sept.	16.90	16.90	16.85	16.90
Jan.	13.45	13.50	13.45	13.50

EASTERN LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 100; market unchanged; native steers, $4.25@6.50; southern steers, $2.00@4.00; southern cows, $2.00@3.00; native cows and heifers, $2.00@4.85; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50; bulls, $2.00@3.15; calves, $2.75@5.50; western steers, $3.50@5.25; western cows, $2.00@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 2,000; market 5c higher; bulk of sales, $6.20@6.35; heavy, $5.75@6.15; packers, $6.05@6.30; pigs and light, $6.40@6.55. Sheep—No market.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 100; market steady; beeves, $3.85@6.80; cows and heifers, $1.25@6.20; stockers and feeders, $2.30@4.25; calves, $5.50@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; market strong to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.47½; good heavy, $5.95@6.10; rough heavy, $5.45@5.75; light, $5.90@6.50; pigs, $5.50@6.20; bulk of sales, $5.95@6.40. Sheep—Receipts, [illegible]; market strong; sheep, $3.45@5.[illegible]; lambs, $4.50@7.75.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 1.—Wheat—[illegible] unchanged to ½c lower; September, [illegible]; December, 67½c; May, 71¾c; [illegible] No. [illegible] [illegible] No. 2, [illegible]; No. 3, [illegible] Corn—½c lower; September, [illegible]; December, [illegible]; May, [illegible]; [illegible] No. [illegible] mixed, 47½@48c; No. [illegible] [illegible] No. 2 white, [illegible] [illegible] unchanged [illegible]

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—[illegible] mercantile paper, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Money on call, nominal; time loans, dull; sixty and 90 days, 7 per cent; six months, 6½ per cent bid, none offered.

DULLNESS MARKS STOCK EXCHANGE

ATTENDANCE MUCH BELOW AVERAGE—BANK STATEMENT EXCEEDS MOST SANGUINE EXPECTATIONS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Extreme dullness marked the course of today's brief session on the stock exchange. The attendance of traders was much below the average, a great many having apparently availed themselves of the approaching holiday to leave town. Those who remained followed the London market, which reached a slightly higher range for American securities.

The halting tone of the market was doubtless due largely to concern regarding the showing of the associated banks in their weekly returns. The known movement of money for the week as shown in yesterday's preliminary estimates very strongly suggested a complete wiping out of the legal reserves, but it was hoped that the large amount of foreign loans placed here at the higher rates for call and time accommodations would prove an offset to this drain.

Some comment was provoked by the statement contained in the monthly circular of a prominent financial institution which offered suggestions for the relief of the money market and again urged the government at Washington to anticipate the retirement of at least a part of the four per cent bonds of 1907.

Just as on the previous date, Union Pacific was again the leader, if so dull a market could be said to have one. The same character as previously noted, opened close to its record price and before the end of the first hour established a higher price than before. St. Paul also exhibited much strength and again there was a general disposition to couple the movements of those stocks as a part of some Colorado side deal.

The bank statement exceeded the most sanguine expectations, loans decreasing about $7,400,000, with the cash loss much below general estimates. This showing leaves the excess reserves at $2,560,000 as against $5,500,000 in the corresponding week last year. The list became much more animated on the publication of the statement with a general upward movement, Union Pacific advancing to 194 5-8, but closed at a fractional decline.

The final trading disclosed some realizing profits, but the tone was fairly strong. Returns of the Louisville & Nashville road for July showed a gain of over $100,000 in net earnings, while those of the Rock Island system for the same period increased almost $375,000. Bank clearings throughout the country for the week increased over 25 per cent. Sales of stocks on the exchange exceeded those of the month last year by over 1,500,000 shares, though bond sales decreased over $33,000,000.

Total sales of bonds today, par value, $720,000.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Woolen	35⅛	35½	35½	35½
Am. Sugar	136	136⅝	136	136⅝
Am. Loco.	71½	72	71½	72
Am. Smelter	157	157½	156½	157½
do pfd	117	117	117	117
Am. Car Fdry	40	40⅛	40	[illegible]
Atchison	106⅛	107⅜	106⅜	106¾
Anaconda	277½	280	276	280
Amal. Copper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brook. R. T.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
B. & O.	117¾	[illegible]	117¾	118
C. M. & St. P.	[illegible]	[illegible]	176¾	177½
do pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	171½
C. R. I. & P.	[illegible]	[illegible]	27⅝	27⅞
do pfd	63	63½	62	63½
Ches. & O.	64½	65	64½	65
Canadian Pac.	173½	174½	173½	174½
Colo. Sou.	37	37⅝	37	37⅝
C. F. & I.	[illegible]	56½	[illegible]	56½
D. & R. G.	44⅛	44⅛	42	42
Erie	46	46¼	45¾	46¼
[illegible]	24¼	24⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]
Great Nor. pfd.	168	168	168	168
L. & N.	148	149	148½	149
Mex. Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mo. Pac.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	98
National Lead	[illegible]	[illegible]	78	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. & W.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. O. & W.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do pfd	106⅝	107⅛	106⅝	107
Va. C. C. Chem.	29	29	29	29
[illegible]	214¼	214⅜	211	211½
Distillers	61½	61½	61	61½

Total sales 175,000.